

Horizontal Output Transformer

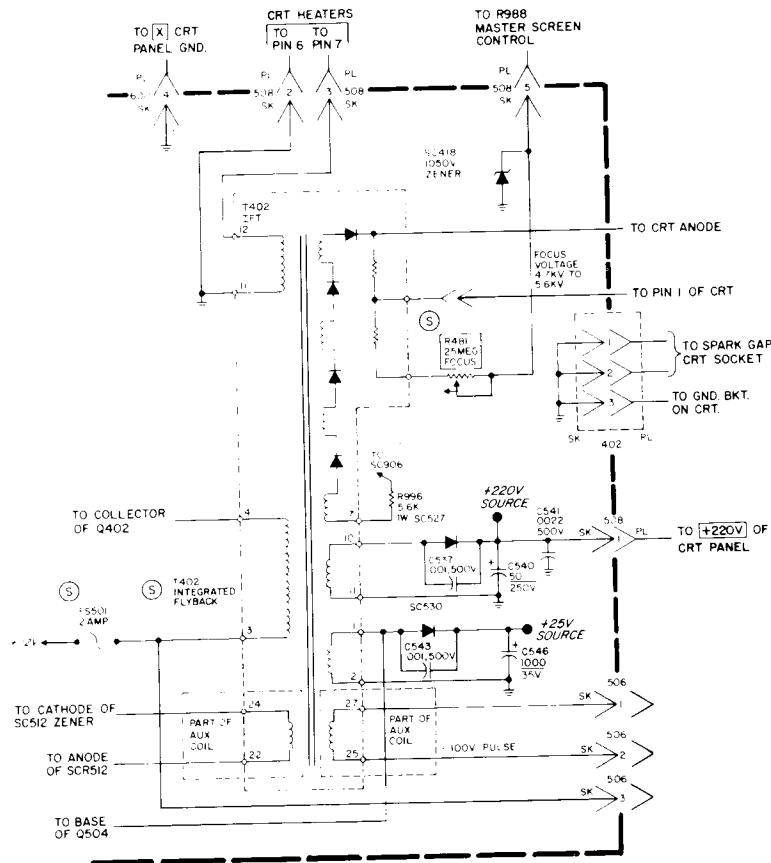
(Figure 11)

The E30 Series Chassis utilizes a new type fly-back system called the IFT (Integrated Fly-back Transformer). This system totally eliminates the need for a separate tripler. It also has definite advantages over the separate tripler system.

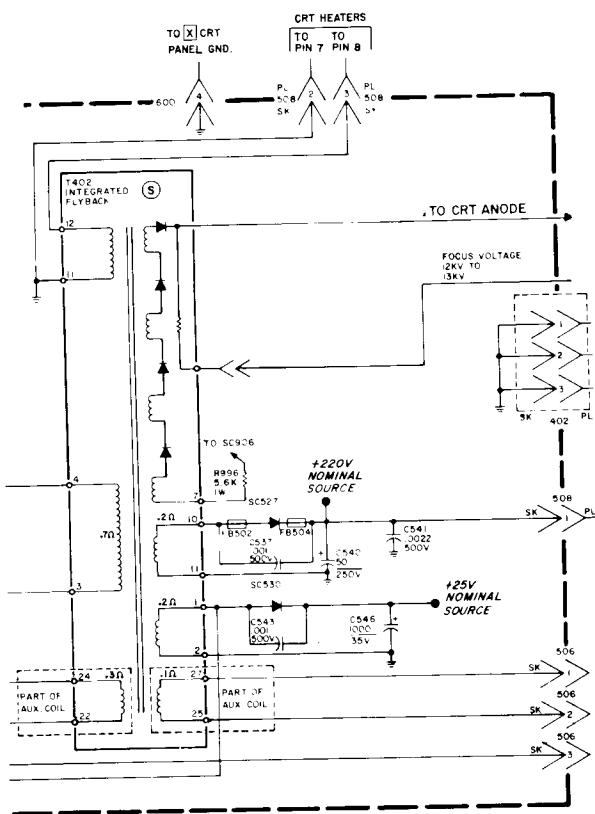
1. Improved high voltage regulation
 2. Better focus tracking
 3. More Brightness
 4. More picture drive
 5. Improved reliability

In the Schematic of the IFT (Figure 11) you will see the internal electrical connections. Voltage is coupled from the primary winding to a secondary winding which consists of a section

utilizing four coils and four diodes in a series arrangement. The high voltage is derived by elevation on each set of windings. For example the first winding will pick up an 8KV pulse. This pulse will be rectified by the diode off the top of the winding. This action will give approximately 8KV DC. Now, following through the next winding you will have the 8KV DC pulse plus another 8KV pulse. When this 8KV pulse is rectified, you now have 16KV DC. Going through the next winding you now have 16KV DC plus another 8KV pulse. The next diode will rectify this 8KV pulse and have 24KV DC. Finally, going into the last coil you have 24KV DC plus an 8KV pulse. The top diode rectifies the 8KV pulse and now you will have approximately 32KV DC. With the loading effect, we will come out with the correct high voltage for the appropriate picture tube size and, of course, is set by the B+ Adjust Control R521.



(13" and 19" Chassis)



IFT Circuits (Figure 11)

Horizontal Oscillator/Vertical Countdown

(Figure 9)

The horizontal and vertical synchronization on deflection drive - signal processing for the E30 Series Chassis is handled by a new quasi-countdown IC. This IC, IC700 contains or performs the function of:

1. Horizontal Oscillator
2. Horizontal Frequency Control (AFC)
3. Vertical Countdown
4. Vertical Driver
5. Horizontal Driver

In order for IC700 to function, horizontal and vertical sync must be input to the IC. The circuitry which amplifies and separates the sync from the video consists of Q700 (Sync Separator Driver), Q701 (Sync Separator) and Q702 (Vertical Sync Amplifier).

Video signal from the output of IC204 (IF/AGC/AFC) pin 12 is coupled to the base of Q700 the Sync Separator Driver. Q700 amplifies and inverts the signal so that it is approximately 10V p/p with the tip of horizontal sync at approximately +19V DC and a total sync amplitude of approximately 3V p/p. This signal is coupled from the collector of Q700 through C704 to the base of Q701 the Sync Separator Transistor, which clips the sync from the composite video. The signal from Q701 collector is coupled through C716 to pin 14 of IC700 for horizontal sync.

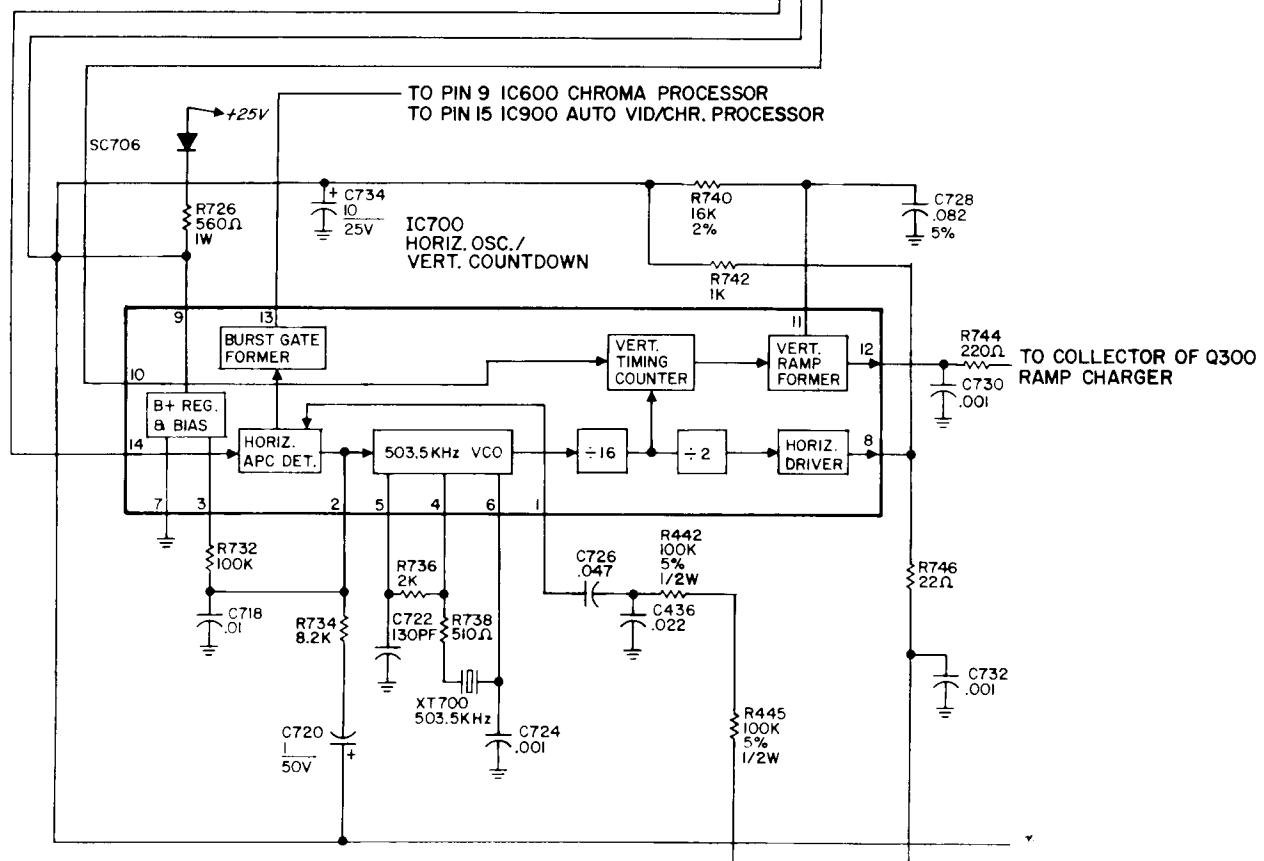
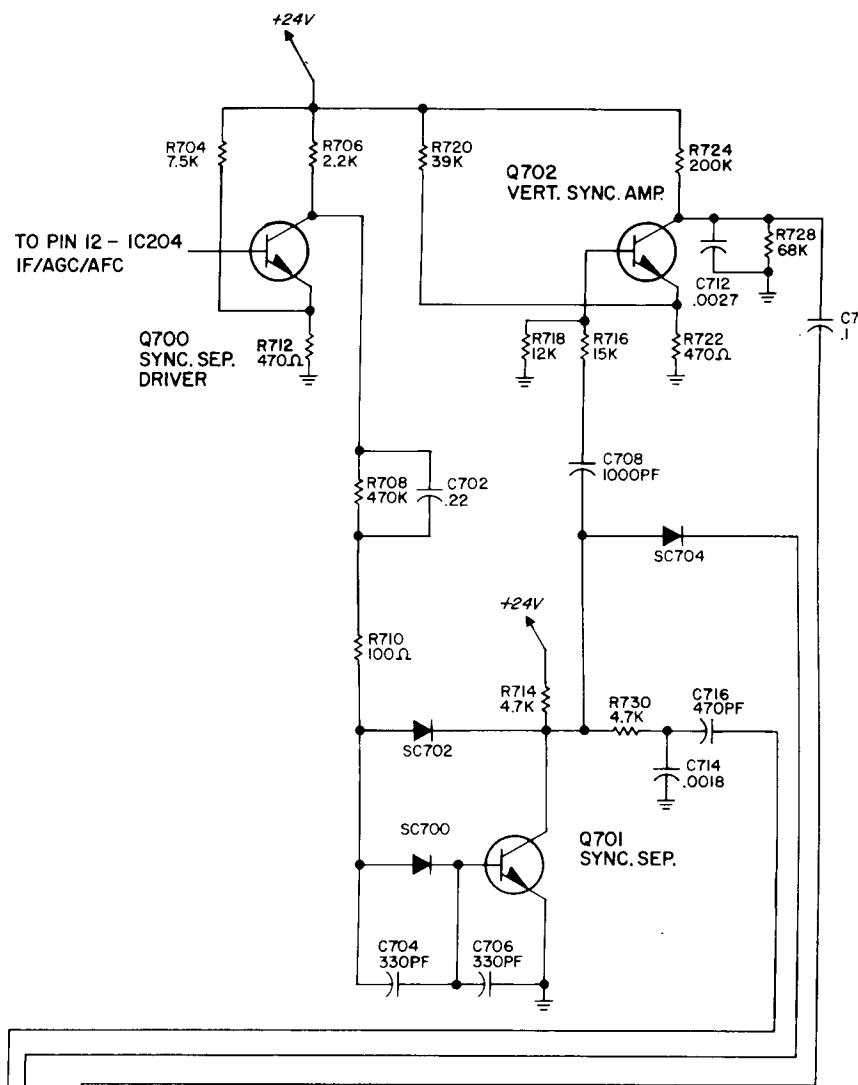
To obtain vertical sync, the signal from Q701 collector is coupled to the base of Q702 through capacitor C708. The signal is amplified by Q702 and differentiated in the collector circuit. This signal is then coupled through C710 and input to pin 10 of IC700. In addition to horizontal and vertical sync input, IC700 has input for a horizontal yoke pulse at pin 1 for use in horizontal AFC.

IC700 operates as a Phase Shift Oscillator or an oscillator in which a change in phase is used to force the tuned element to change oscillation frequency. The phase shift is controlled by a voltage change (VCO). This oscillator uses a ceramic resonator XT700 (503.5kHz) for frequency control. This frequency is divided by 16 to give us 31468.75Hz and again by 2 to give us 15734.375Hz or the horizontal rate. The output of the divide by 16 is fed to the vertical timing counter to be used for control of vertical sweep. The output of divided by 2 is fed to the horizontal driver stage of IC700. The output of the driver stage pin 8 is fed into the base of Q401 (Horizontal Drive Transistor).

The "horizontal" oscillator (VCO) is held on frequency by use of a horizontal AFC system. That is, it has a balanced phase detector which compares the input flyback pulse with the oscillator to determine frequency error and generate correction voltage for the oscillator.

The vertical scan drive is developed by using a counter to count the 31468.75Hz. oscillator output and generate a "window" in which vertical sync is "looked for". If normal (NTSC) interlaced composite video is being received, the vertical retrace pulse will occur at the 525th count which is in the center of the window. If non-standard signals are received, the vertical is still related to the horizontal frequency in almost all cases. So as long as the horizontal is locked in (APC), the vertical will occur at the same relative time.

Also included within IC700 are a vertical ramp former, a burst gate shaper, and B+ regulator for the IC.



Synchronization and Horizontal Oscillator/Vertical Countdown Circuits (Figure 9)

Analyzing High Voltage Shutdown

(Figure 12)

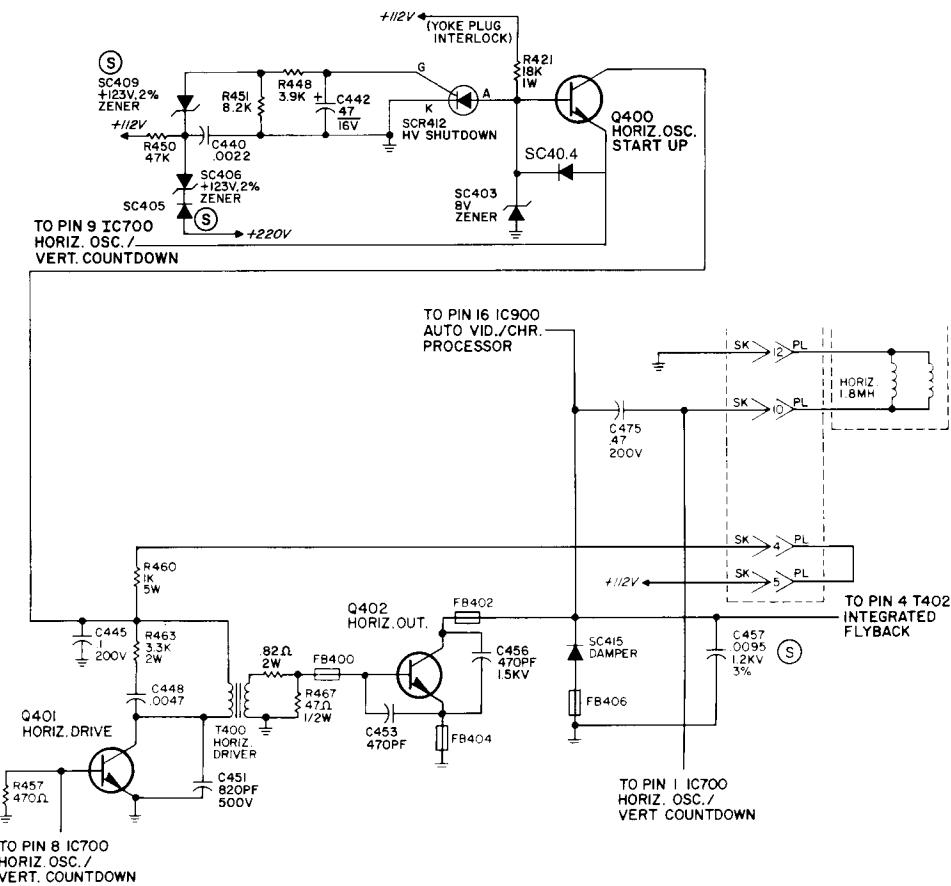
An SCR is utilized to put the chassis into shutdown in the event of excessive high voltage. Since the +220V source is derived from scan energy rectification it will reflect any increase in energy level which would cause increased high voltage.

Referring to Figure 12, it can be seen that an increase in the +220 source above the combined zener ratings of SC406 and SC409 will cause the two devices to conduct. The resultant current through R451 will develop a voltage of 0.7 volts or more and gate on SCR412. The anode of the SCR will drop to 0.7 volts, and remove B+ from pin 9 of IC700. This action shuts down the horizontal oscillator in IC700 resulting in loss of raster and sound.

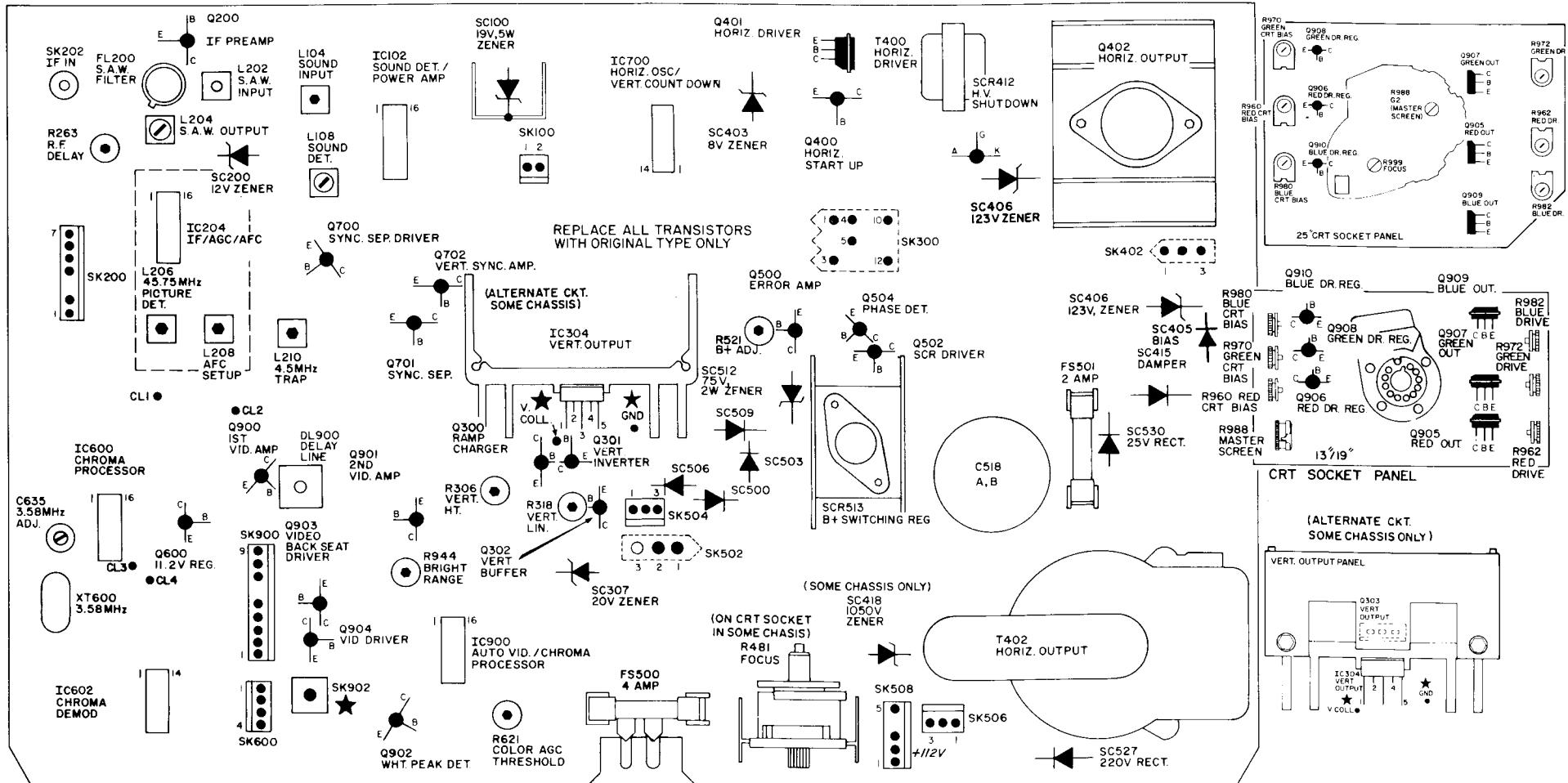
An additional protection is included in the shutdown circuit to protect Q400 when horizontal sweep fails. In this failure mode it is pos-

sible to have SCR513 "locked on", since there will be no retrace pulse to turn it off. The +112 source would then rise to +160 and Q400 and its' circuit components could be damaged. As the +112 source rises, the zener rating of SC409 is reached, and SCR412 is gated on, holding Q400 in the off mode.

Q400, Horizontal Oscillator Start-Up transistor provides a second function when the set is turned off. Since horizontal deflection stops abruptly, there is a danger of phosphor burn at center screen because of the slow decay of second anode voltage. The +112 volt source will begin to decay slowly as C518B discharges, but for a short period SC403 will hold Q400 in a conducting state. Its emitter voltage (+7.3) will provide sufficient B+ for pin 9, IC700 and keep the horizontal oscillator functioning for a short period of time eliminating the possibility of CRT damage.



Horizontal Circuits (Figure 12)

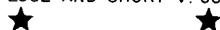


— TO SET HIGH VOLTAGE (H.V.) —

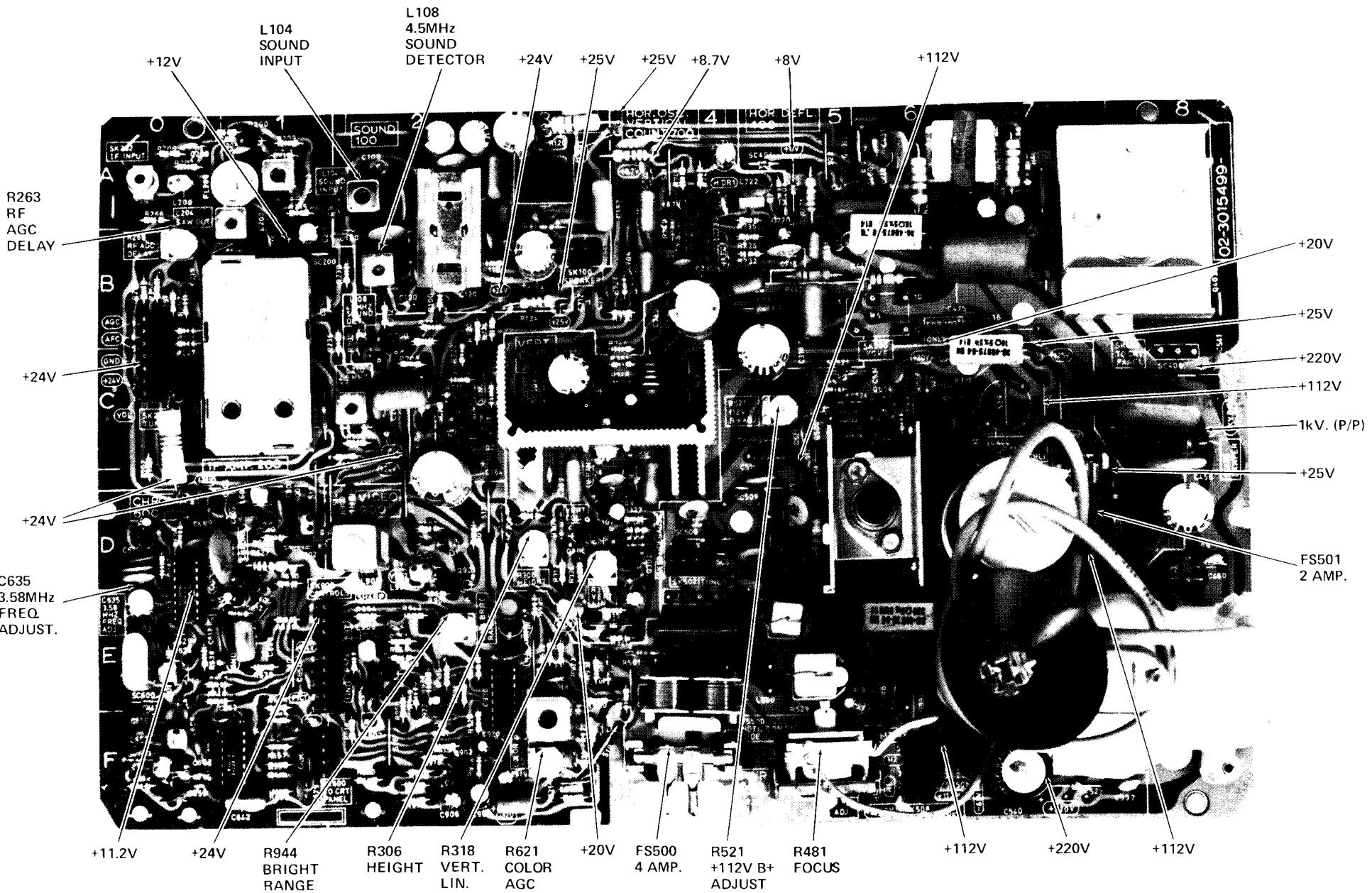
ADJUST A.C. LINE TO 122V. WITH MODERATE BRIGHTNESS AND CONTRAST, ACCURATELY SET B+ ADJ. CONTROL FOR CORRECT B+ (REFER TO CHART) AT PIN 3 OF SK506.

NOTE:

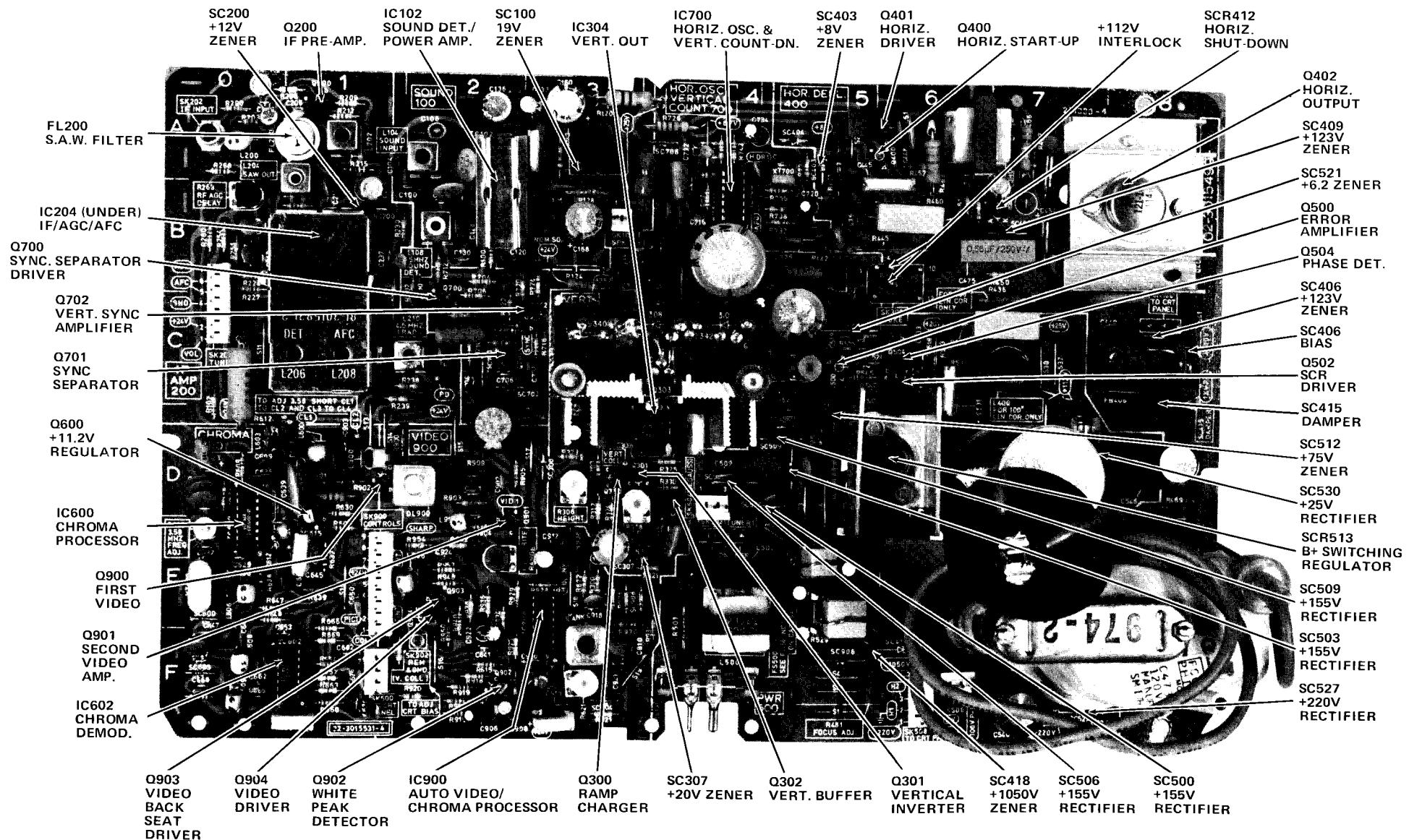
TO ADJUST CRT BIAS R980, R970, R960, R988,
UNPLUG PL902 AND SHORT V. COLL. TO GROUND.



Transistor Layout



Component Identification, Adjustment and Voltage Points (13" and 19" Chassis)



Solid State Device Locations (25" Chassis)

Replacement Parts List

Schematic Coding	Service Part No.	Description	Schematic Coding	Service Part No.	Description
Capacitors (All in MFD, 50V, unless otherwise specified)					
C100		.47PF, NPO	C529		.001, 500V, Z5P
C104		.12PF, NPO	C531		.1, 200V
C108	45-3015039-4	1500PF, 160V	C532		.470PF
C112		.047, Z5V	C533		.001, Z5P
C116		.047, Z5V	C534		.01
C120		.01, Z5P	C537		.001, 500V, Z5P
C124		8200PF, Z5P	C540	41-43599-6	50/250V Electrolytic
C128		120PF, N150	C541	.0022, 500V, Z5U	
C130		.82PF, NPO	C543		.001, 500V, Z5P
C132	41-32477-50	50/25V Electrolytic	C546	41-32477-68	1000/35V Electrolytic
C136	41-32477-50	50/25V Electrolytic	C603		.22PF, NPO
C144		.22PF, N750	C606		.47PF, NPO
C148		1000PF, Z5P	C609		.220PF, Z5P
C152		.22	C612		.01, Z5P
C156		.1	C615	41-43682-77	1/50V Electrolytic
C160	41-32477-52	250/25V Electrolytic	C618		.01, Z5P
C164	41-32477-68	1000/35V Electrolytic	C621		.01, Z5P
C168	41-32477-52	250/25V Electrolytic	C623	41-43682-77	1/50V Electrolytic
C200		.001, Z5P	C624		.01, Z5P
C203		.01, Z5P	C626		.01, Z5P
C206		.001, Z5P	C629		.33PF, NPO
C212		.001, Z5P	C632		.18PF, NPO
C215	41-32477-36	50/16V Electrolytic	C635	42-43372-3	2-27PF Variable
C216		.01, Z5P	C638		.01, Z5P
C217	41-39148-63	.33/50V Electrolytic	C639		.01, Z5P
C218		.01,Z5P	C640		.1
C219		.001, Z5P	C641		.68PF, NPO
C221		.001, Z5P	C642		.1
C224		82PF, N150	C643		.330PF, Z5P
C227		.18PF, NPO	C644		.0022, Z5P
C230		.18PF, NPO	C647		.100PF, NPO
C233		82PF, NPO	C650		.001, Z5P
C236		.001, Z5P	C653		.220PF, Z5P
C237		47PF, NPO	C656		.68PF, NPO
C239		.001, Z5P	C657		.100PF, NPO
C240		82PF, NPO	C659		.68PF, NPO
C242	41-3015983-10	3.3/50V Electrolytic (On Tuner Cluster)	C662		.220PF, Z5P
C243	41-3015983-11	4.7/50V Electrolytic (On Tuner Cluster)	C665		.220PF, Z5P
C245	41-23765-5	5/25V Electrolytic (On Tuner Cluster)	C668		.22PF, NPO
C303		.1, 50V	C674		.001, Z5P
C304	41-43680-77	1/50V Electrolytic	C676		.220PF, N750
C306	41-43680-51	10/25V Electrolytic	C679		.220PF, N750
C309	41-43681-51	10/25V Electrolytic	C682		.220PF, N750
C312		.022, Z5V	C700		.68PF, NPO
C315		.1	C702		.22
C318	41-32477-68	1000/35V Electrolytic	C704		.330PF, Z5P
C321	41-43681-78	2/50V Electrolytic	C706		.330PF, Z5P
C324	41-32477-52	250/25V Electrolytic	C708		.001, Z5P
C325	41-43599-8	1000/35V Electrolytic	C710		.1
C330		.22	C712		.0027, Z5P
C436		.022	C714		.0018, Z5P
C442	41-43680-81	10/25V Electrolytic	C716		.4700PF, Z5P
C445		.1, 200V	C718		.01, Z5P
C448		.0047, Z5P	C720	41-43681-77	1/50V Electrolytic
C451		220PF, 500V, Z5P	C722		.130PF, NPO
C454	41-32477-36	50/16V Electrolytic	C724		.001, Z5P
C456	43-11028-28	.470PF, 1.2KV	C726		.047
C457	45-33037-35	.0095, 1.2KV, 3%	C728	45-41275-7	.082, 5%
C460	43-11028-27	10PF, 1KV	C730		.001, Z5P
C475		.47, 200V	C732		.001, Z5P
C500		.047, 125VAC	C734	41-43680-51	10/25V Electrolytic
C506	43-11028-14	.001, 1KV	C900		.47PF, NPO
C509	43-11028-14	.001, 1KV	C901		.33PF, NPO
C512	43-11028-14	.001, 1KV	C902		.47PF, N750
C515	43-11028-14	.001, 1KV	C903		.200PF, N150
C518	41-3017218-1	2 Section Electrolytic	C904		.470PF, Z5P
A		.750/200V	C906	41-43680-77	1/50V Electrolytic
B		.22/200V	C908	41-43680-81	10/25V Electrolytic
C519		.01, Z5P	C910		.150PF, N750
C522		.068, 500V	C911		.01, Z5P
C525		.0068, 500V, Z5P	C912	41-32477-48	.25/25V Electrolytic
C528		.470PF, 500V, Z5P	C914	41-43681-77	1/50V Electrolytic

Replacement Parts List (Continued)

<u>Schematic Coding</u>	<u>Service Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Schematic Coding</u>	<u>Service Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
Capacitors (Continued)					
C916	41-43681-77	1/50V Electrolytic 82PF, NPO	R333		1K
C918		.1	R336	36-40075-54	18 ohm, 5W, Wire Wound
C919		2/50V Electrolytic .001, Z5P	R339		10K
C920		3.3/50V Electrolytic 33PF, NPO	R348		10 ohm
C921		CRT Panel Asm. Section	R351		30 ohm
C922	41-3015983-4	.01, 500V, Z5U	R354		.2 ohm, 5%, 1W, Metal Oxide
C924		330PF, Z5P	R357		100 ohm, 1W, Metal Oxide
C956		.01, 500V, Z5U	R421		18K, 5%, 1W
C963		330PF, Z5P	R442		100K, 5%, 1W
C966		.01, 500V, Z5U	R445		100K, 5%, 1W
C972		330PF, Z5P	R448		3.9K
C975		.01, 500V, Z5U	R450		47K
C982		330PF, Z5P	R451		8.2K
C984	43-11028-22	.01, 2KV	R457		470 ohm
Resistors (All are Carbon Film, 5%, 1/4W, unless specified)					
R100		1K	R460	36-40075-96	1K, 5W, Wire Wound
R102		62K	R463		3.3K, 5%, 2W, Metal Oxide
R104		4.7 ohm, 1/2W	R466		1.5 ohm, 2W, Metal Oxide
R107	37-41483-19	12K - Vol. Limiter Control (Rear Control Panel Section, -1,-2 Ch.)	R467		47 ohm, 5%, 1/2W
R108	37-35105-36	12K - Vol. Control (Tuner Cluster Section, -1 Ch.)	R469		150K, 5%, 1/2W
R108	37-39669-11	12K - Vol. Control (Tuner Cluster Section, -2 Ch.)	R472	(S) 37-39627-7	150K, 5%, 1/2W
R108	37-35105-35	12K - Vol. Control (Tuner Cluster Section, -4 Ch.)	R481	36-3015511-2	25 meg - Focus Control
R112		300 ohm, 1/2W	R500		2.7 ohm, 10%, 10W, Wire Wound
R116		22K	R501		2.2 meg, 10%, 1/2W
R120		30 ohm, 5%, 2W, Metal Oxide	R512		150 ohm, 5%, 1W, Metal Oxide
R124		4.7 ohm, 5%, 1W	R515		10K, 5%, 1W
R128		1 ohm, 1/2W	R518	35-3015277-4	82.5K, 1%, 1/2W, Metal Oxide
R200		82 ohm	R521	37-3015152-6	1K - B+ Adjust Control
R203		1.5K	R524	35-3015277-3	5.11K, 1%, 1/2W, Metal Oxide
R206		39 ohm	R525	36-40075-84	10 ohm, CF
R209		5.6K	R527	(S) 36-3015511-3	330 ohm, 5W, Wire Wound
R212		510 ohm	R529		3.9 ohm, 5%, 15W, Wire Wound
R215		330 ohm	R530		220 ohm
R218	(S)	120 ohm, 5%, 3W, Metal Oxide	R533		680 ohm, 1/2W
R221		10K	R536		1.8K
R224		1K	R539		1K
R227		1K	R542		2.7K
R230		220 ohm	R545		10K
R233		820 ohm	R548		15K, 1/2W
R236		390 ohm	RT503	38-33206-4	Thermistor - PTC
R238		3.6K Carbon Film	R606		10K
R239		3.9K Carbon Film	R609		1K
R251		3.9K Carbon Film	R612		22 ohm
R254		12K	R615		6.8K
R257		1.5K	R618		47K
R260		1K	R621	37-3015152-9	50K - Color AGC Threshold
R263	37-3015152-7	5K - RF AGC Delay Control	R624		1K
R266		1K	R627		270 ohm, 1W
R269		330K	R630		10K
R272		1K, 5%, 1/2W (On Tuner Cluster)	R633		2.2K
R274	part of L274	270 ohm (On Tuner Cluster)	R636		560 ohm
R277		39K, 5%, 1/2W (On Tuner Cluster)	R638		6.8K
R300		4.7K	R639		1.5K
R306	37-3015152-9	50K - Vert. Height Control	R645		1K
R309		1.2 meg	R647		10K
R312		390K	R648		15K
R315		8.2K	R651	part of R107	10K - Tint Control (Control Panel Section -1,-2 Ch.)
R318	37-3015152-9	50K - Vert. Lin. Control	R651	37-3015871-4	10K - Tint Control (Control Panel Section -4 Ch.)
R321		10K	R654		220 ohm
R324		180K	R657		3.3K
R325		100K	R660		220 ohm
R327		47K	R663		3.3K
R330		1K	R666		3.3K
			R669		4.7K
			R672	part of R107	10K - Color Control (Control Panel Section -1,-2 Ch.)
			R675	37-3015871-4	10K - Color Control (Control Panel Section -4 Ch.)
			R678		4.7K
			R681		10K

(S) Critical Safety Component

Replacement Parts List (Continued)

<u>Schematic Coding</u>	<u>Service Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Schematic Coding</u>	<u>Service Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	
Resistors (Continued)						
R684		1.5K	RT503	(S) 38-33206-4	Thermistor - PTC	
R687		3.3K		CRT Panel Assembly Section		
R702		4.7K	R956		1K	
R704		7.5K	R957		12K, 5%, 2W, Metal Oxide	
R706		2.2K	R958		3.3K, 5%, ½W, Carbon Composition	
R708		470K	R960	37-3015151-5	50K - Red CRT Bias Control	
R710		100 ohm	R961		330 ohm	
R712		470 ohm	R962	37-3015151-8	220 ohm - Red Drive Control	
R714		4.7K	R963		6.8K	
R716		15K	R964		330 ohm	
R718		12K	R965		3.3K, 5%, ½W	
R720		39K	R966		1K	
R722		470 ohm	R967		12K, 5%, 2W, Metal Oxide	
R724		200K	R968		6.8K	
R726		560 ohm, 1W	R970	37-3015151-6	50K - Green CRT Bias Control	
R728		68K	R971		330 ohm	
R730		4.7K	R972	37-3015151-9	220 ohm - Green Drive Control	
R732		100K	R973		330 ohm	
R734		8.2K	R974		3.3K, 5%, ½W	
R736		2K	R975		1K	
R738		510 ohm	R976		12K, 5%, 2W, Metal Oxide	
R740		16K, 2%	R977		330 ohm	
R742		1K	R978		6.8K	
R744		220 ohm	R979	36-40074-37	3.6 ohm, 5W, Wire Wound	
R746		22 ohm	R980	37-3015151-7	50K - Blue CRT Bias Control	
R900		1.8K, 2%	R981		330 ohm	
R901		680 ohm, 2%	R982	37-3015151-10	220 ohm - Blue Drive Control	
R902		620 ohm, 2%	R983		47K, 5%, 1W, Metal Oxide	
R903		4.7K	R985		1K, 10%, ½W, Carbon Composition	
R904		2K, 2%	R986		22K, 5%, ½W	
R905		18K, 5%	R987		1 meg, 5%, ½W	
R907		1K, 2%, Carbon Film	R988	37-3017000-2	10 meg - Master Screen Control	
R908		820 ohm, 2%, Carbon Film	R992		5.6 meg, 5%, ½W, Carbon Composition	
R909		1K	R996		5.6K, 1W, Carbon Composition	
R911	37-3015871-4	10K - Sharpness Control (Rear Control Panel Section -1, 2, Ch., Front Control Panel Section -4 Ch.)			(On Main Panel Asm.)	
R912		2.7K	Coils			
R913	(S) 37-3015871-3	5K - Picture (Contrast) Control (Rear Control Panel Section -1, 2, Ch., Front Control Panel Section -4 Ch.)	L104	50-3017153-3	Sound Take-Off	
R914		560 ohm	L108	50-3017155-2	Sound Detector	
R915		820 ohm	L200	50-41509-7	.68UH - Peaking	
R917		6.8K	L202	50-3017153-1	SAW Input	
R918		22K	L204	50-3017155-1	SAW Output	
R919		1K	L205	50-15904-4	5.6UH - RF Choke	
R920		47 ohm	L206	50-3017153-2	Pix Detector - 45.75MHz	
R921		3.3K	L208	50-3017153-2	AFC Set-Up	
R922		18K	L210	50-3017152-1	4.5MHz Trap	
R923		68K	L274	50-17985-7	100UH - Peaking (On Tuner Cluster)	
R924		22K, 5%	L500	50-3017623-1	Line Choke (AC Line Filter)	
R925		3.3K	L502	50-33403-2	Degaussing	
R927		330 ohm	L600	50-41509-51	39UH - Peaking	
R928		150K	L603	50-43392-4	18UH - Peaking	
R929		150K	L606	50-41509-27	27UH - Peaking	
R930		4.7K	L608	50-41509-31	68UH - Peaking	
R931		15K	L609	50-41509-27	27UH - Peaking	
R932		15K	L900	50-41509-22	10UH - Peaking	
R934		3.9K	L902	50-41509-31	68UH - Peaking	
R936		22K	L904	50-3017154-1	27UH - Peaking	
R938		220K	L906	50-41509-15	33UH - Peaking	
R940		1K	CRT Socket Panel Assembly Section			
R942		56K	L950	50-15904-4	5.6UH - RF Choke	
R944	(S) 37-3015152-8	10K - Bright Range	L960	50-15904-4	5.6UH - RF Choke	
R946	(S) 37-3015871-4	10K - Brightness Control (Rear Control Panel Section -1, 2, Ch., Front Control Panel Section -4 Ch.)	L970	50-15904-4	5.6UH - RF Choke	
R948		1K	Integrated Circuits			
R950		1.5K	IC102	15-3017045-1	Sound Det./Power Amp.	
R952		12K	IC204	15-3015734-1	IF/AGC/AFC	
R954		150K	IC304	15-3015131-1	Vertical Output	
			IC600	15-3015129-1	Chroma Processor	
			IC602	15-41627-2	Chroma Demodulator	

(S) Critical Safety Component

Replacement Parts List (Continued)

<u>Schematic Coding</u>	<u>Service Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Schematic Coding</u>	<u>Service Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>			
Integrated Circuits (Continued)								
IC700	15-3017119-2	Horiz. Osc./Vert. Countdown	Q905	13-3015132-1	Red Output			
IC900	15-41764-1	Auto Video/Chroma Processor	Q906	13-3015132-1	Red Drive Regulator			
Transformers								
T400	56-3015312-1	Horiz. Driver	Q907	13-45321-1	Green Output			
T402	50-3015344-2	Integrated Flyback	Q908	13-3015132-1	Green Drive Regulator			
Diodes								
SC100	13-3015735-1	Zener, 19V, 5W	Q909	13-45321-1	Blue Output			
SC200	13-33179-14	Zener, 12V	Q910	13-3015132-1	Blue Drive Regulator			
SC300	13-17596-10	Vert. Blanking	Transistors (Continued)					
SC303	13-17596-10	Vert. Isolation	DL900	32-3017029-1	Delay Line			
SC306	13-17596-10	Vert. Isolation	FB200	22-28072-2	Ferrite Bead			
SC307	13-33187-31	Zener, 20V	FB202	22-28072-2	Ferrite Bead			
SC308	13-41122-1	Bias	FB400	22-28072-4	Ferrite Bead			
SC403	13-33187-38	Zener, 8V	FB402	22-28072-4	Ferrite Bead			
SC404	13-17596-10	Bias, Horiz. Osc. Start Up	FB404	22-28072-4	Ferrite Bead			
SC406	13-33187-27	Zener, 123V, 2%	FB406	22-28072-4	Ferrite Bead			
SC409	13-33187-34	Zener, 118V, 2%	FB500	22-28072-4	Ferrite Bead			
SC415	13-45147-3	Damper	FL200	32-3017157-1	SAW Filter			
SC418	13-3015739-1	Zener, 1050V	FS500	29-37730-27	Fuse - 4 Amp.			
SC500	13-39860-1	Power Rectifier	FS501	29-37730-29	Fuse - 2 Amp.			
SC503	13-39860-1	Power Rectifier	PL100	73-3015278-1	Connector - 2 Pin (Speaker)			
SC506	13-39860-1	Power Rectifier	PL300	73-10302-9	Connector - 6 Pin (Kit) (Deflection Yoke)			
SC509	13-39860-1	Power Rectifier	PL402	73-10302-50	Connector - 3 Pin (Kit), (CRT Panel)			
SC512	13-3017630-1	Zener, 75V, 2W	PL504	73-10302-50	Connector - 3 Pin (Kit), (Degaussing Coil)			
SC518	13-29867-1	Protection, Q502	PL508	73-10302-68	Connector - 5 Pin (Kit), (CRT Panel)			
SC519	13-17596-10	Bias	PL600	73-3015271-5	Connector - 4 Pin (CRT Panel)			
SC521	13-33187-39	Zener, 6.2V, 3%	PL900	73-10302-71	Connector - 9 Pin (Kit), (Control Panel)			
SC524	13-17596-10	Protection	PL902	73-10302-86	Connector - 1 Pin (Kit), (CRT Panel)			
SC527	13-43777-2	+220V Rectifier	SK100	73-3015278-1	Connector - 2 Pin (Speaker)			
SC530	13-43956-1	+25V Rectifier	SK200	73-3015278-13	Connector - 7 Pin (Tuner Cluster)			
SC600	13-17596-10	Bias, Tint	SK202	73-3015941-1	Connector - 1 Pin (IF Input)			
SC603	13-17596-10	Perma-Tint Switch	SK210	73-10302-24	Connector - 3 Pin (Control Panel, -1,-2 Ch.)			
SC700	13-17596-10	Bias - Sync Separator	SK300	Not Stocked	Connector - 6 Pin (Deflection Yoke)			
SC702	13-17596-10	Bias - Sync Separator	SK402	Not Stocked	Connector - 3 Pin			
SC704	13-17596-10	Sync Separator Collector	SK502	Not Stocked	Connector - 3 Pin			
SC706	13-17596-10	Dropping - 25V Volt Supply	SK504	73-3015278-10	Connector - 3 Pin (Tuner Cluster)			
SC900	13-17596-10	Bias	SK506	73-3015278-10	Connector - 3 Pin (Not Used)			
SC902	13-17596-10	Bias	SK508	73-3015278-12	Connector - 5 Pin (CRT Panel Voltage Supply)			
SC904	13-17596-10	Beam Current Detector	SK600	73-3015278-11	Connector - 4 Pin (Demod. Output)			
SC906	13-29867-1	Protection	SK900	73-3015278-14	Connector - 9 Pin (Control Panel)			
SC908	1N295	Horiz. Blanking - Germanium	SK902	Not Stocked	Connector - 1 Pin (Main Panel)			
SCR412	13-18924-8	HV Shutdown	SW200	33-16011-15	Switch - AFC (Control Panel, -1,-2 Ch.)			
SCR513	13-3017148-1	Switching Regulator	SW600	33-16011-15	Switch - Perma-Tint (Control Panel)			
Transistors								
Q200	13-23824-1	IF Pre-Amp.	XT600	26-16162-2	Crystal - 3.58MHz			
Q300	13-3017150-1	Ramp Charger	XT700	26-3017158-1	Crystal - 503.5kHz			
Q301	13-3017149-1	Vert. Inverter	Miscellaneous Chassis Parts					
Q302	13-3017149-1	Vert. Buffer	73-34919-1	Clip - Fuse, FS500, FS501				
Q400	13-3017629-1	Horiz. Osc. Start Up	77-3017010-1	Clip - Mtg., IC304				
Q401	13-45018-1	Horiz. Drive	83-3015993-2	Heatsink - IC102				
Q402	13-43463-2	Horiz. Output	82-3017007-4	Heatsink - IC302				
Q500	13-43773-1	Error Amp.	82-3015817-1	Heatsink - Q402				
Q502	13-29776-2	SCR Driver	83-3017291-1	Heatsink - SC100				
Q504	13-29033-3	Phase Detector	82-3017064-1	Heatsink - SCR513				
Q600	13-29033-3	11.2V Regulator	86-3015827-1	Housing - AC Interlock				
Q700	13-29033-3	Sync Separator Driver						
Q701	13-29033-3	Sync Separator						
Q702	13-29033-3	Vert. Sync Amp.						
Q900	13-29033-3	1st Video Amp.						
Q901	13-29776-2	2nd Video Amp.						
Q902	13-29033-3	White Peak Detector						
Q903	13-29776-3	Video Back Seat Driver						
Q904	13-39114-3	Video Driver						
CRT Panel Assembly Section								

Replacement Parts List (Continued)

<u>Schematic Coding</u>	<u>Service Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
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Miscellaneous Chassis Parts (Continued)

73-10302-87	Housing - Focus Disconnet Terminal (Kit) (CRT Panel to IFT Asm.)
86-14608-4	Insulator - Mica (Q402)
86-3015736-1	Insulator - Mica (SCR513)
73-27392-4	Interlock - Pin - Large Male
73-27392-3	Interlock - Pin - Small Male
72-3017642-2	Socket - IC200, IC600, IC900
72-3017642-1	Socket - IC400, IC602
72-3017005-1	Socket - Q402
72-3017015-1	Socket - SCR513
51-3015693-1	Yoke - Deflection

Complete Panel Assemblies

02-3015501-1	CRT Panel (-1,-2,-4 Ch.)
02-3015922-2	Secondary Control Panel (-1,-2 Ch.)
02-3015928-1	Secondary Control Panel (-4 Ch.)

Note: Tuner Cluster Assembly number is for identification Only. Do Not order assembly as a replacement part.

Order discrete replacement parts as listed below.

Tuner Cluster Assemblies

02-3015798-1 (-1 Ch.), 02-3015799-1 (-2 Ch.)

<u>Schematic Coding</u>	<u>Service Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
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Capacitors (All in MFD, unless specified)

C242	41-3015983-10	3.3/50V Electrolytic
C243	41-3015983-11	4.7/50V Electrolytic (Early Prod.)
C245	41-23765-5	5/25V Electrolytic

Resistors (All are Carbon Film, 5%, 1/2 W)

R272	part of L274	1K (Early Prod.)
R274		270 ohm
R277		39K (Early Prod.)

Miscellaneous Electrical Parts

L274	50-17985-7	Coil - Peaking - 100UH
PL200	73-10302-70	Connector - 7 Pin (Kit), (Video/AFC)
PL210	73-10302-50	Connector - 3 Pin (Kit), (Audio/AFC)
PL502	73-10302-50	Connector - 3 Pin (Kit), (AC Switch)
PL510	73-10302-50	Connector - 3 Pin (Kit), (AM/FM Radio) -2 Ch.

<u>Schematic Coding</u>	<u>Service Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
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Miscellaneous Electrical Parts (Continued)

R108	37-35105-36	12K - Volume Control (-1 Ch.)
R108	37-39669-11	12K - Volume Control (-2 Ch.)
SW500	part of R108	Switch - On/Off (-1 Ch.)
SW500	33-43153-4	Switch - Off/Radio/TV (Multiple Type) (-2 Ch.)
	73-16070-33	Cable Asm. - UHF to VHF Tuners
	73-3017156-1	Cable Asm. - VHF Tuner to Main Panel
	54-43090-3	UHF Tuner (Early Prod.)
	54-43090-4	UHF Tuner (Later Prod.)
	54-3015951-1	VHF Tuner

Note: Tuner Cluster Assembly number is for identification Only. Do Not order assembly as a replacement part.

Order discrete replacement parts as listed below.

Tuner Cluster Assembly 02-3015925-1 (-4 Ch.)

<u>Schematic Coding</u>	<u>Service Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
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Capacitors (All in MFD, unless specified)

C242	41-301598-10	3.3/50V Electrolytic
C243	41-301598-11	4.7/50V Electrolytic (Early Prod.)
C254	41-23765-5	5/25V Electrolytic

Resistors (All are Carbon Film, 5%, 1/2 W)

R272	part of L274	1K (Early Prod.)
R274		270 ohm
R277		39K (Early Prod.)

Miscellaneous Electrical Parts

L274	50-17985-7	Coil - Peaking - 100UH
PL200	73-10302-70	Connector - 7 Pin (Kit), (Video/AFC)
PL210	73-10302-50	Connector - 3 Pin (Kit), (Audio/AFC)
PL502	73-10302-50	Connector - 3 Pin (Kit), (AC Switch)
PL510	73-10302-50	Connector - 3 Pin (Kit), (AM/FM Radio) -2 Ch.
R108	37-35105-35	12K - Volume Control
SW200	33-35548-6	Switch - AFC
SW500	part of R108	Switch - On/Off
	73-16070-21	Cable Asm. - UHF to VHF Tuners
	73-3017156-1	Cable Asm. - VHF Tuner to Main Panel
	54-43090-3	UHF Tuner (Early Prod.)
	54-43090-4	UHF Tuner (Later Prod.)
	54-3015951-1	VHF Tuner

Power Supply - AC Input

The AC input power supply utilizes a standard input AC interlock feeding through to a 4 amp. snap-in type fuse. Following through to L500 line choke a 2.7 ohm 10W surge resistor and on to a bridge rectifier circuit. The bridge rectifiers consist of four discrete diodes SC500, SC503, SC506 and SC509. The output of the bridge rectifier develops approximately +160V raw B+ and is filtered by capacitor C518A.

Power Supply Switching Regulator SCR513

The E30 Series Chassis incorporates an SCR switching regulator. The main advantage of this type of regulator is its relatively low power dissipation since the regulating element is an SCR which is either "on" or "off".

SCR513 switches the raw B+ (160V) on and off to maintain Capacitor C518B charged up to +112V DC. Once an SCR is turned on it will not turn off until the current through it is reduced to zero. This is accomplished by having an Auxiliary winding on the flyback (T402) connected in series with the SCR. Thus the horizontal retrace pulse will apply a negative voltage across the SCR and turn it "off". Once turned "off" the SCR will not start conducting again until a pulse is applied to its gate.

When the SCR turns "on", it will try to charge C518B up to +160V, however, before this happens the retrace pulse will turn it off and C518B will start to discharge due to the load of the TV set. If this "off" and "on" time is controlled appropriately, the voltage across C518B can be kept very close to +112V.

Since the charging and discharging ramps are relatively constant, the only way to control the B+ voltage is by controlling the time at which the SCR turns "on". The longer the time the SCR is "on" the higher the B+ voltage will be. To accomplish this, refer to the Line Derived Power Supply, Figure 1.

Start-Up Circuit

Note that the "regulating" function of the

supply requires a +25 volt source for the three transistors Q500, Q502, Q504. Hence, it is necessary to provide a "starting kick" for both the switching SCR and the horizontal deflection system from which +25 volts is derived, Figure 4.

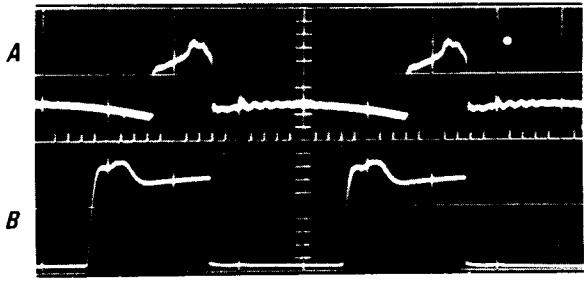
At set turn-on, the raw B+ at the bridge output (+160V) will cause SC512 to zener and generate a gate pulse for SCR513, turning it on. The +160V is also coupled to the anode of SCR513 through IFT winding 24/22, so C518B will charge quickly to +112V. It powers the collectors of Q400, Q401, Q402 and the base emitter circuit of Q400. The base of Q400, horizontal oscillator start-up transistor, is held constant at +8 volts by SC403, and, therefore, its emitter supplies +7.3 volts to the B+ input, pin 9 of IC700. The horizontal oscillator starts and the IFT is energized. SC530 provides the +25 volt source for IC700 and the regulator transistors. Pin 9 of IC700 will hold steady at +8.5 volts, causing Q400 to be reverse biased and it shuts off for the duration of set operation. SC512 also turns off after the start-up cycle since the potential across it remains well below its zener rating.

Regulation Cycle (Figure 3)

In this circuit (Q500) error amplifier produces a DC voltage at point B which is inversely proportional to the B+ voltage. Capacitor C534 tries to charge up to the voltage at point B through R545. However, when it reaches 6.9V (.7V plus the zener voltage at SC521) it will turn on (Q504) phase detector which in turn causes Q502 (SCR driver) to conduct, therefore making the voltage at point C equal to +25V creating a +25V pulse which is AC coupled through C531 to the gate of SCR513 turning the SCR "on".

During the start-up cycle, C531 is charged to approximately +112 Volts, and it remains near this level during normal operation. The pulse from Q502 is added to the DC level to gate SCR513 on.

Figure 2 shows that the SCR gating pulse occurs during trace cycle when maximum power is needed from regulated B+. Any variation in current needs (brightness increase, etc.) will be reflected in the duty cycle of the SCR gating pulse and may be demonstrated using a dual trace scope and the waveforms shown in Figure 2.

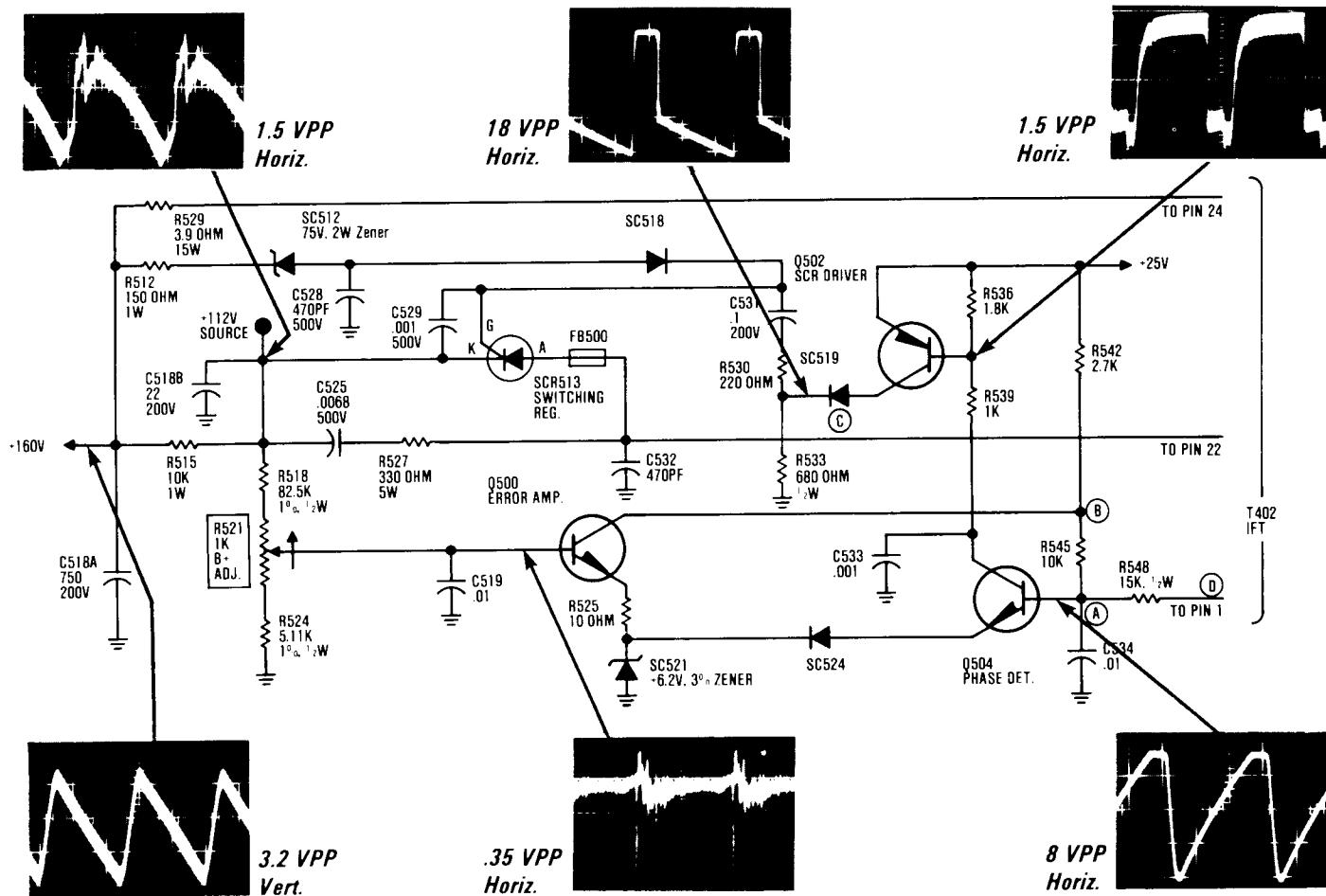


(Figure 2)
(A) Gate SCR513
(B) Collector Q401

The SCR will maintain its "on" state until the retrace pulse turns it "off". At the same time, a retrace pulse at point D will discharge C534 turning Q504 and Q502 "off" and the cycle will repeat itself.

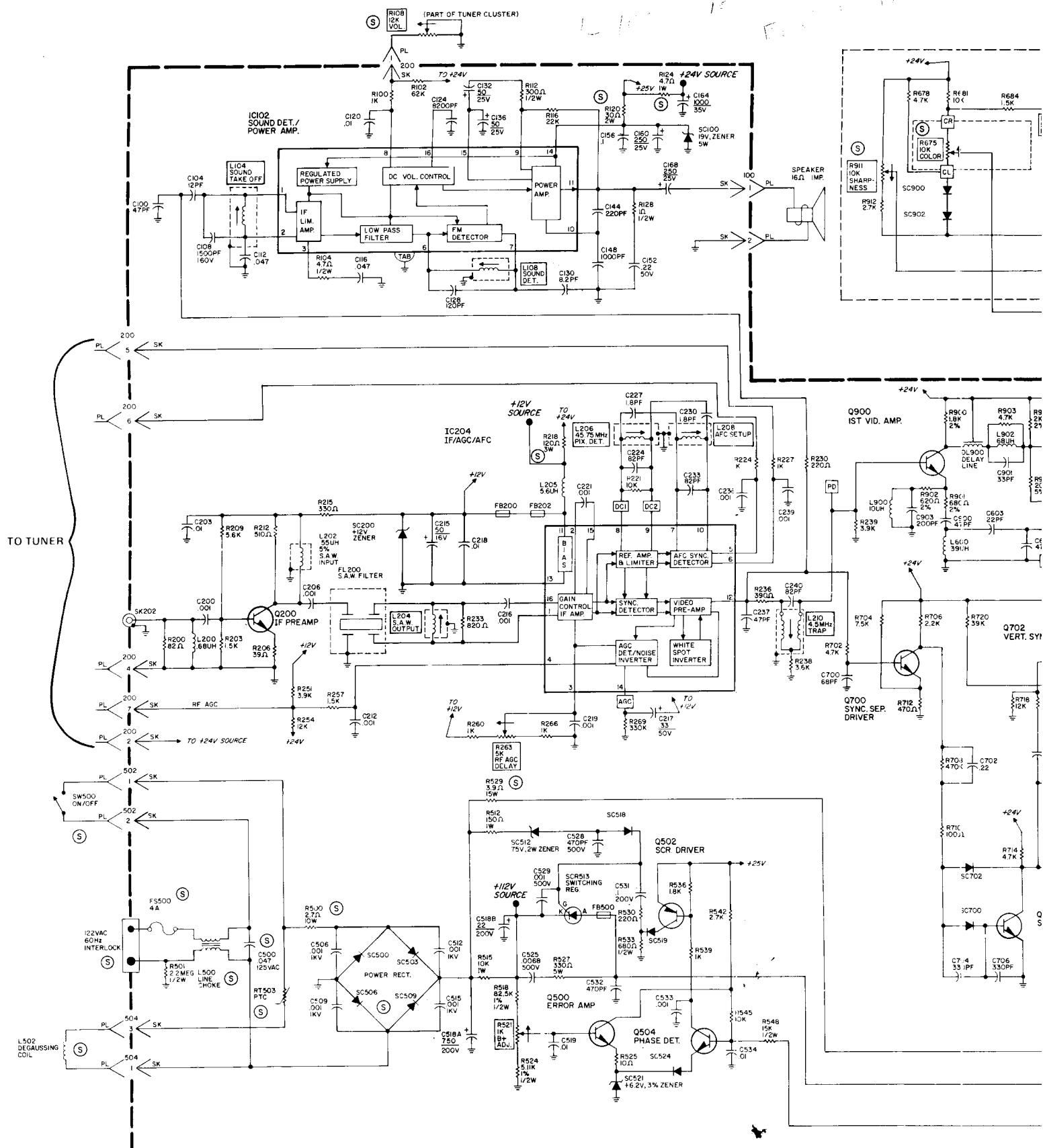
To analyze the feedback circuit, visualize that the B+ voltage starts to decrease for some reason (higher beam current for example), the base current of Q500 will decrease and consequently the voltage at point B will increase. Increasing the voltage at point B causes the slope of the waveform at point A to become steeper, therefore, it will reach the 6.9V level sooner. This will turn the SCR "ON" earlier, increasing its duty cycle, which will return the B+ voltage back to its original value.

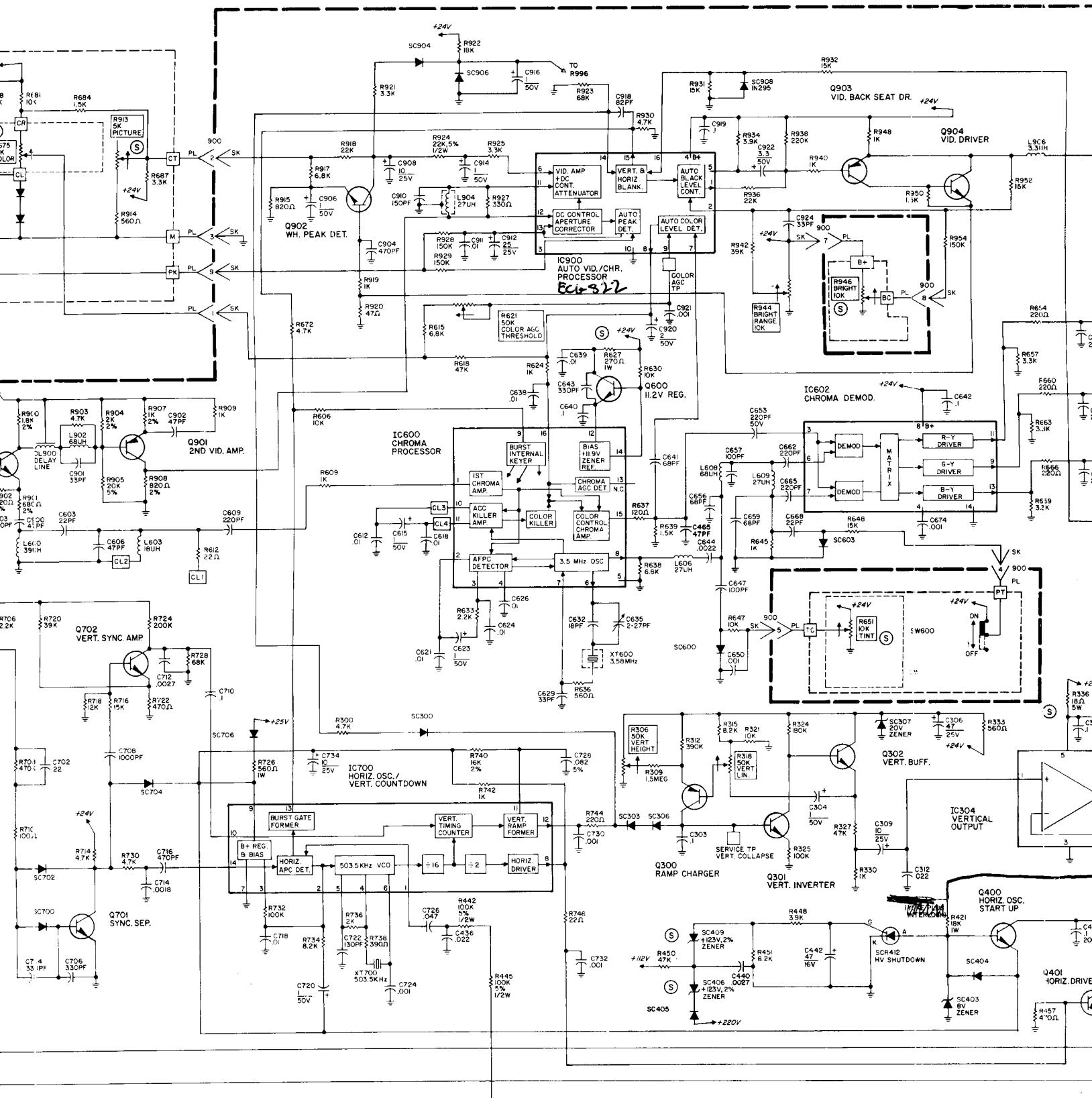
Components added for protection are SC524, to prevent the negative pulses on the base of Q504 from breaking down the base-emitter junction of Q504. Resistors R518 and R524 to prevent setting of the B+ voltage to an excessively high value, exceeding the current handling capabilities of Q500 and to allow R521 to provide fine control of B+ adjustment. Resistor R527 and capacitor C525 act as a network to damp the ringing of the flyback winding (24/22), which is in series with SCR513. Diode SC519 has been added to protect Q502 since the difference between +170V and the +25V source exceeds the collector breakdown voltage.

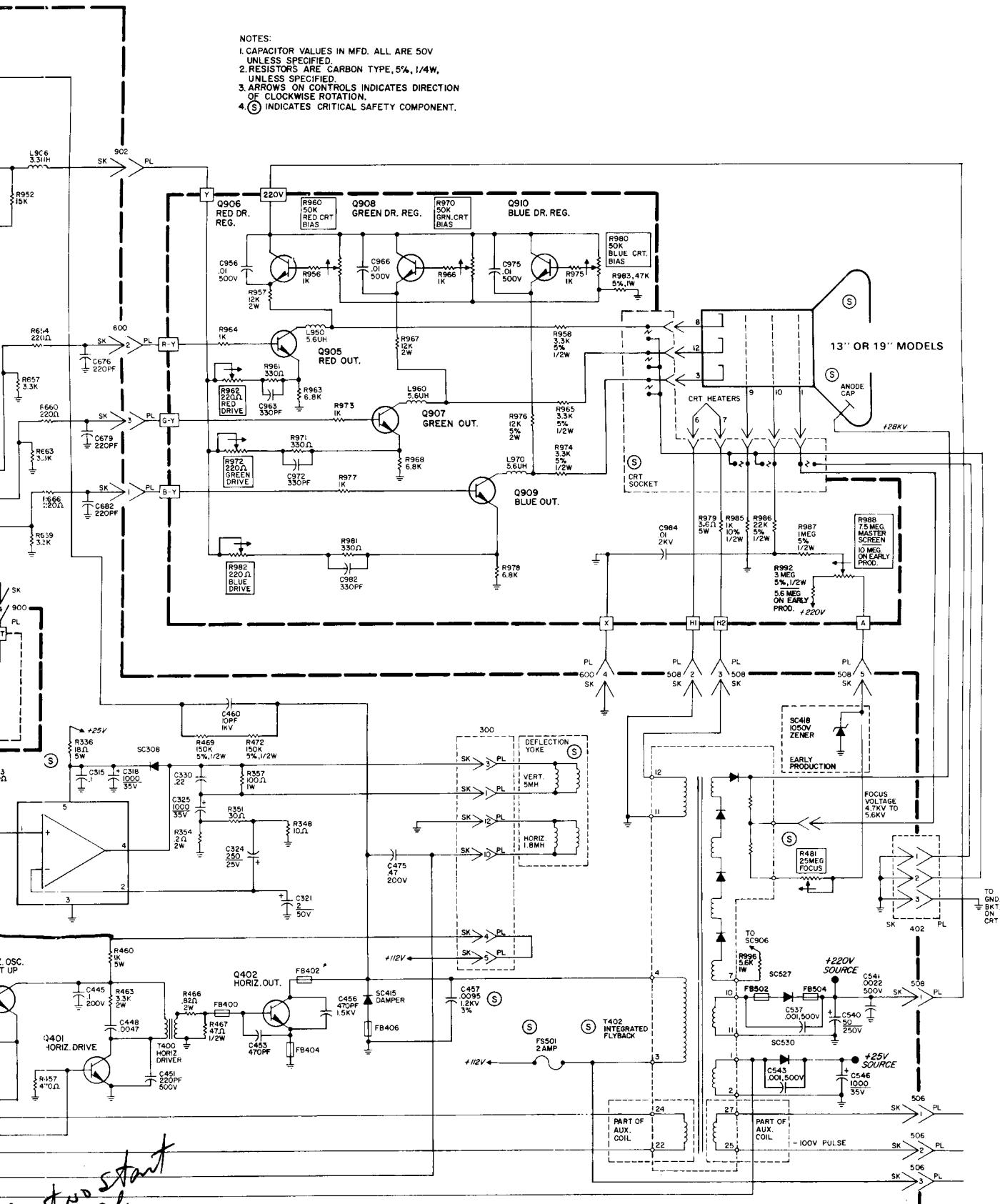


Regulator Circuit (Figure 3)

Representative 13" and 19" Schematic





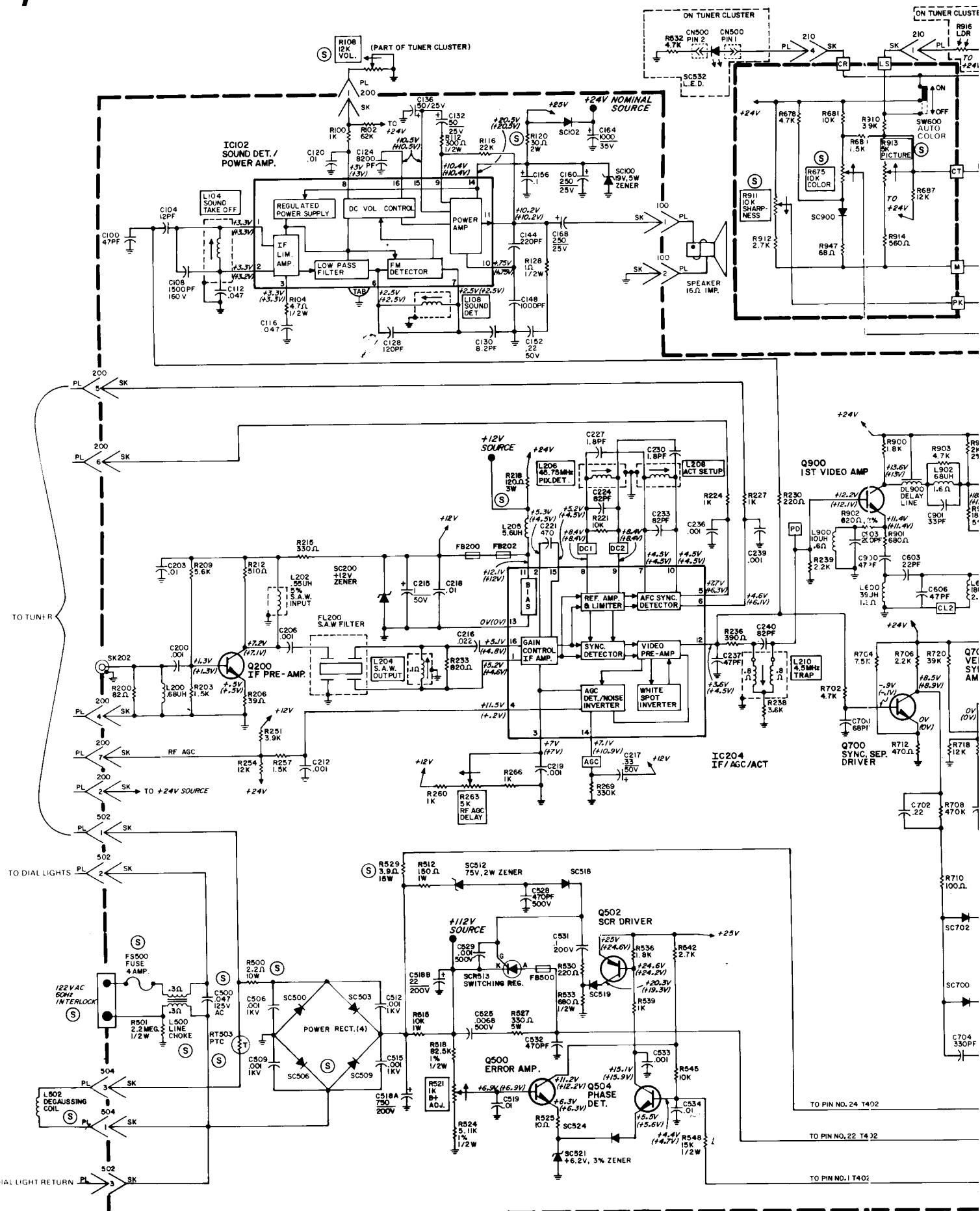


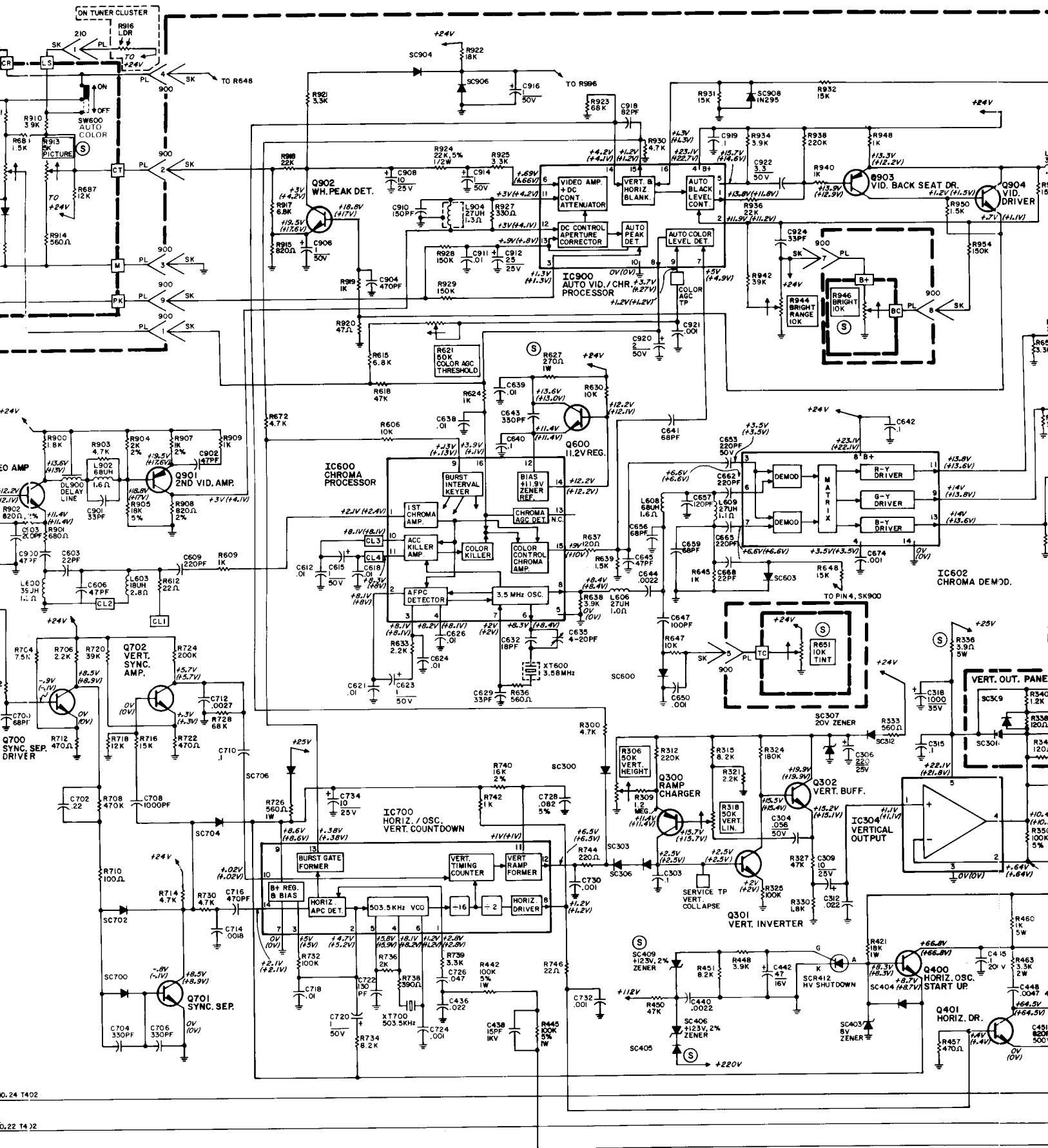
~~Det 1st Start
Det 2nd Fly
we had 600 ft
each SC 403 + SC 512 +
package + SC 8412~~

T-402
3618830003

Sams 2028

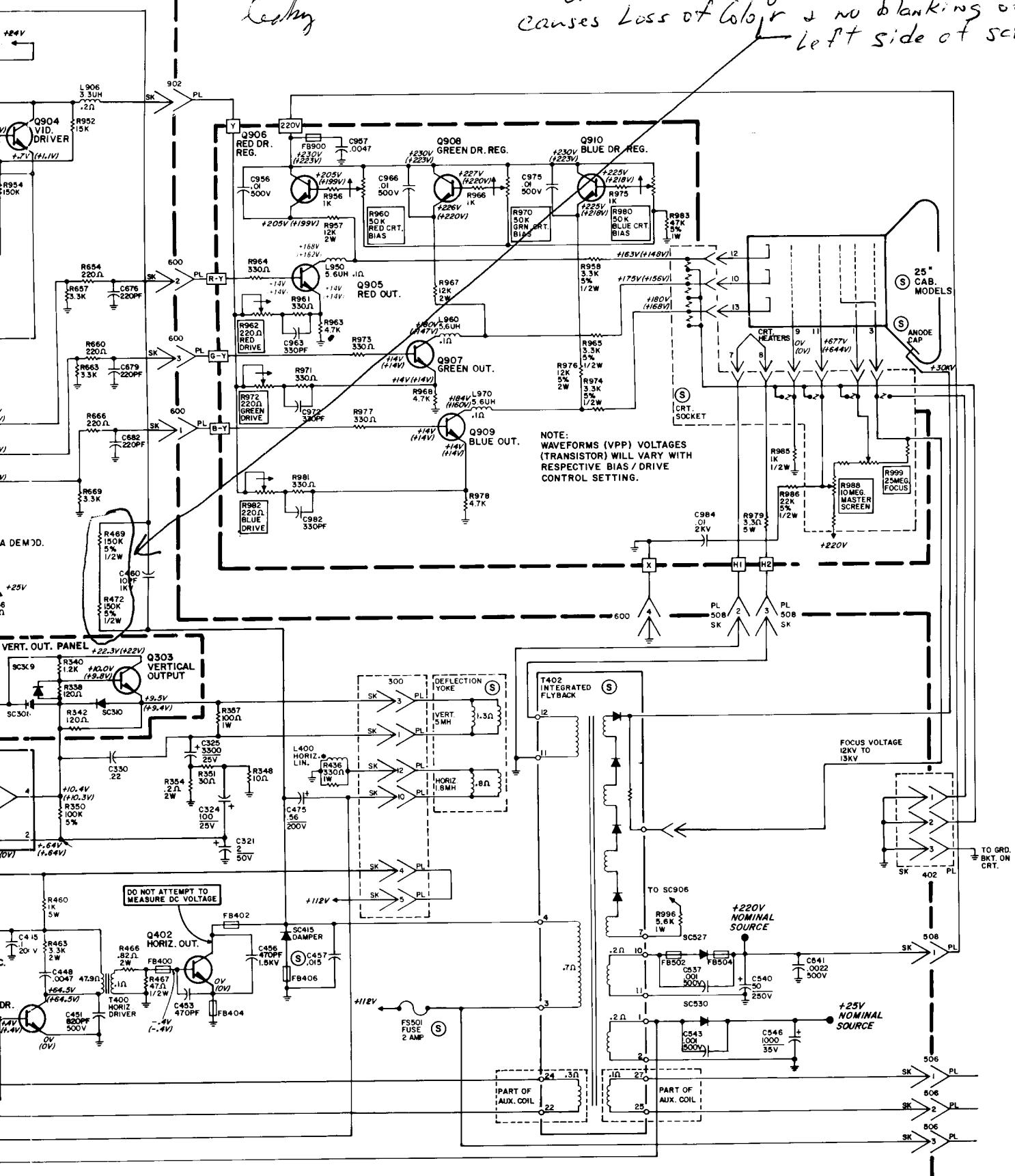
Representative 25" Schematic





no Color - check
C-618 .01 m²
leaky

one or both open or increased.
causes loss of color & no blanking on
left side of screen



Vertical Circuit

(Figure 10)

The vertical ramp from IC700 pin 12 is input to the base of Q301 (vertical inverter) through SC303 and SC306. SC303 & SC306 are used to isolate the vertical output from the blanking circuitry (SC300). Transistor Q300 (ramp charger) is used as a constant current source for charge capacitor C303 in the emitter of Q301. The amount of charge current is controlled by the vertical height control R306.

Transistor Q301 (vertical inverter) is a high input impedance inverter. During trace time diodes SC303 & SC306 are turned on to develop a drop of +1.4V and placed on the base of Q301 to keep it operating in the linear region.

Transistor Q302 (vertical buffer) is an emitter follower driver for IC304 (vertical output). The emitter follower configuration is used to reduce pick-up from the power supply, drive IC304 with the correct polarity signal, and help minimize height change with temperature.

A portion of the vertical ramp is taken from the emitter of Q302 and fed through the vertical linearity control R318 to the ramp charger

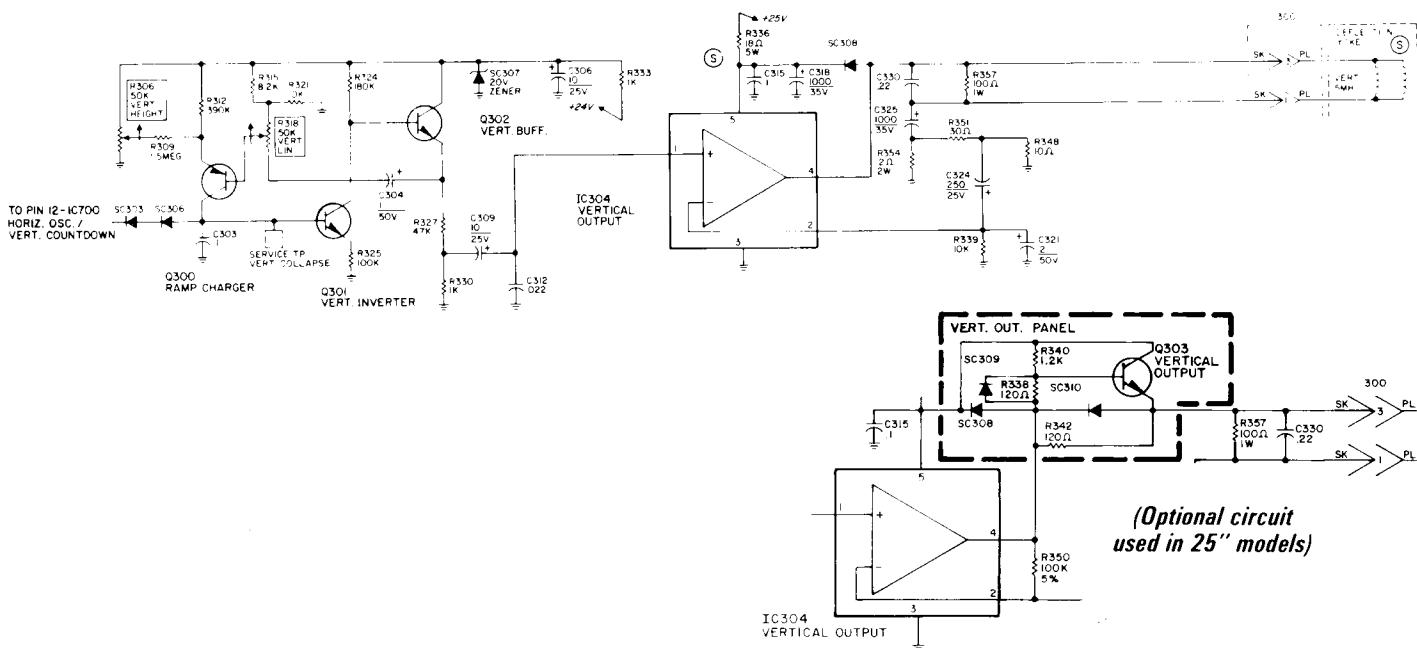
transistor Q300 to be added to the vertical ramp for linearity correction.

All of the vertical input circuitry Q300, Q301 & Q302 is powered by +20V from zener diode SC307 (a 20V zener). The vertical output IC304 is used to drive the vertical winding of the deflection yoke.

NOTE: Addition of Vertical Output Transistor in 25" E30 Series Chassis.

Due to the amount of power dissipated within IC304 and the near peak current utilized, an additional output transistor has been added to the IC304 circuit. Now, only 50% of the power and current is used by IC304 with the other 50% dissipated across the new transistor.

The transistor Q303 is mounted on a small auxiliary panel and heatsinks to the top of the IC304 heatsink. The addition of this transistor will be found only in early production chassis. Later production will contain an all new IC304 and at that time, the transistor and panel will be removed.



Vertical Circuit (Figure 10)