
RCA TUBE HANDBOOK

NB-3

PHOTOTUBE SECTION



This section contains data on RCA phototubes having a variety of spectral responses, shapes, and sizes. It includes both gas and vacuum single-unit types as well as multiplier types for diversified applications.

For further Technical Information, write to
Commercial Engineering, Tube Department,
Radio Corporation of America, Harrison, N. J.



PHOTOTUBE CLASSIFICATION CHART

When choosing tube types, the equipment designer should refer to the RCA PREFERRED TYPES LIST and its companion list - TYPES NOT RECOMMENDED for NEW EQUIPMENT DESIGN - both of which appear in the General Section.

Response	S-1	S-3	S-4	S-5	S-8	S-9	S-10
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SINGLE-UNIT PHOTOTUBES

Vacuum Types	917*	926 ^D	1P39*	935		1P42*	
	919*		929				
	922 ^D		934				
	925*		5653				
Gas Types	1P40*	1P29	1P37				
	1P41*		5581				
	868		5582 ^D				
	918		5583				
	921 ^D						
	923						
	924*						
	927						
	928*						
	930						

TWIN PHOTOTUBES

Vacuum Types			5652*				
Gas Types	920*		5584*				

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBES

Vacuum Types			1P21†	1P28	1P22		6217 ^{OO}
			931-A				
			5819 ^{OO}				
			6199 ^{OO}				
			6328				
			6342 ^{OO}				

- End type for head-on operation.
- Low-leakage type with cathode-terminal cap.
- ▲ Short type.
- Twin type having two composite anode-cathodes.
- ◆ Twin type having two separate cathodes and two separate anodes.
- † For applications involving very low light levels.
- ◆ For applications critical as to leakage under high-humidity conditions.
- O For applications involving large-area light sources.
- * Non-directional.
- Cartridge type.



DEFINITIONS OF PHOTOTUBE TERMS

Current Amplification. Ratio of the output current to the photocathode current, at constant electrode voltages.

Cathode Luminous Sensitivity. The quotient of current leaving the photocathode by the incident luminous flux.

Cathode Radiant Sensitivity. The quotient of current leaving the photocathode by incident radiant energy of a given wavelength.

Luminous Sensitivity. The quotient of output current by incident luminous flux, at constant electrode voltages.

Radiant Sensitivity. The quotient of output current by incident radiant energy of a given wavelength, at constant electrode voltages.

Electrode Dark Current. The electrode current which flows when there is no radiant flux incident on the photocathode.

Equivalent Anode-Dark-Current Input. The quotient of the anode dark current by the luminous sensitivity.

Equivalent Noise Input. That value of incident luminous flux which when modulated in a stated manner produces an rms output current equal to the rms noise current within a specified bandwidth.



PRICES[□]
OF PHOTOTUBE TYPES

Type	Schedule D [●]	Schedule U [▲]
IP21.....	-	\$ 50.00
IP22.....	-	14.75
IP28.....	-	15.50
IP29.....	-	2.95
IP37.....	-	2.85
IP39.....	-	1.75
IP40.....	-	1.90
IP41.....	-	2.80
IP42.....	-	5.70
868.....	-	2.50
917.....	-	3.50
918.....	-	3.10
919.....	-	3.50
920.....	-	4.15
921.....	\$ 2.05	-
922.....	-	1.95
923 [▲]	-	2.05
924 [▲]	-	3.30
925.....	-	2.40
926.....	-	2.90
927.....	2.50	-
928.....	-	2.85
929.....	-	1.50
930.....	-	1.65
931-A.....	-	8.60
934.....	-	3.40
935.....	-	7.80
5581.....	-	2.25
5582.....	-	2.65
5583.....	-	3.05
5584.....	-	3.95
5652.....	-	6.55
5819.....	-	55.00
6199.....	-	55.00
6217.....	-	70.00

- This price list applies only in the United States of America and is subject to change without notice. All prices are exclusive of all Federal, State and local excise, sales, and similar taxes.
- ▲ Schedule U shows user prices for tube types priced for distribution through other than dealer and service channels.
- Schedule D shows list prices for tube types priced for distribution through dealer and service channels.
- Not recommended for new equipment design.

INFORMATION ON PURCHASING ABOVE TYPES

Information as to where RCA Phototube Types can be purchased may be obtained from our regional office nearest you or from Tube Department, Radio Corporation of America, Harrison, N.J.

JUNE 1, 1953

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

PHOTOTUBE
PRICES



PHOTOTUBE SENSITIVITY AND SENSITIVITY MEASUREMENTS

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

The range of luminous-sensitivity limits given for a phototube on the data sheets of this Section is that which the tube will display when operated under low-current conditions.

If the tube is to be operated under conditions approaching its maximum-current rating, the equipment design should provide for a wider sensitivity range having a minimum value equal to one-half of that shown for low-current operation. The sensitivity of a phototube under such high-current conditions is dependent upon the tube type, as follows:

1. Single-Unit and Twin Phototubes

a. **Gas Types:** For high-current operation, and particularly in applications in which the type is subjected to these higher values continuously, a drop in sensitivity below the values for low-current operation may be expected, the extent of the drop being affected by the severity of the operating conditions. After a period of idleness, a gas phototube usually recovers most of its initial sensitivity.

b. **Vacuum Types:** Unlike gas phototubes, this class of phototubes shows negligible drop in sensitivity values for different degrees of illumination and over long periods of use. The output current of a vacuum phototube is a linear function of the exciting illumination under normal operating conditions. The frequency response is flat up to frequencies at which transit-time effects become the limiting factor.

2. Multiplier Phototubes

Although RCA Multiplier Phototubes are vacuum types, a drop in sensitivity is to be expected from this class of phototubes when operated at high anode-current values. The extent of the drop is affected by the nature and severity of the operating conditions to which the tube is subjected. After a period of idleness, the multiplier phototube usually recovers a substantial percentage of this loss of sensitivity.

Multiplier-phototube-sensitivity values are dependent on the respective amplification of each dynode stage. Hence, large variations in sensitivity can be expected between individual tubes of a given type. The overall amplification of a multiplier phototube is equal to the average amplification per stage raised to the n^{th} power, where n is the number of stages. Thus, very small variations in amplification per stage produce very large changes in overall tube amplification.

Because these overall changes are very large, it is advisable for designers to provide adequate adjustment of the supply voltage per stage so as to be able to adjust the amplification of individual tubes to the desired design value. It is suggested that an overall voltage-adjustment

(continued on next page)



PHOTOTUBE SENSITIVITY AND SENSITIVITY MEASUREMENTS

range of at least 2 to 1 be provided. When the output current can be controlled by change in the illumination of the photocathode of the multiplier phototube, the required range of adjustment in the voltage per stage can be reduced.

SENSITIVITY MEASUREMENTS

The luminous-sensitivity values shown on the data pages of this Section are measured according to the following procedures:

1. Single-Unit and Twin Phototubes

- a. **Gas Types:** The light source consists of a tungsten lamp operating at a filament color temperature of 2870°K. For the 0-cycle measurements, a light input of 0.1 lumen is used, unless otherwise specified. For the 5000- and 10000 cycle measurements, the light input is varied sinusoidally about a mean value of 0.015 lumen from zero to a maximum of twice the mean. For all measurements, a dc anode-supply voltage of 90 volts and a 1.0-megohm load resistor are employed. Under these conditions, the effect of tube capacitance is negligible.
- b. **Vacuum Types:** The light source consists of a tungsten lamp operating at a filament color temperature of 2870°K. A steady light input of 0.1 lumen is used, unless otherwise specified, together with a dc anode-supply voltage of 250 volts and a 1-megohm load resistor.

2. Multiplier Phototubes

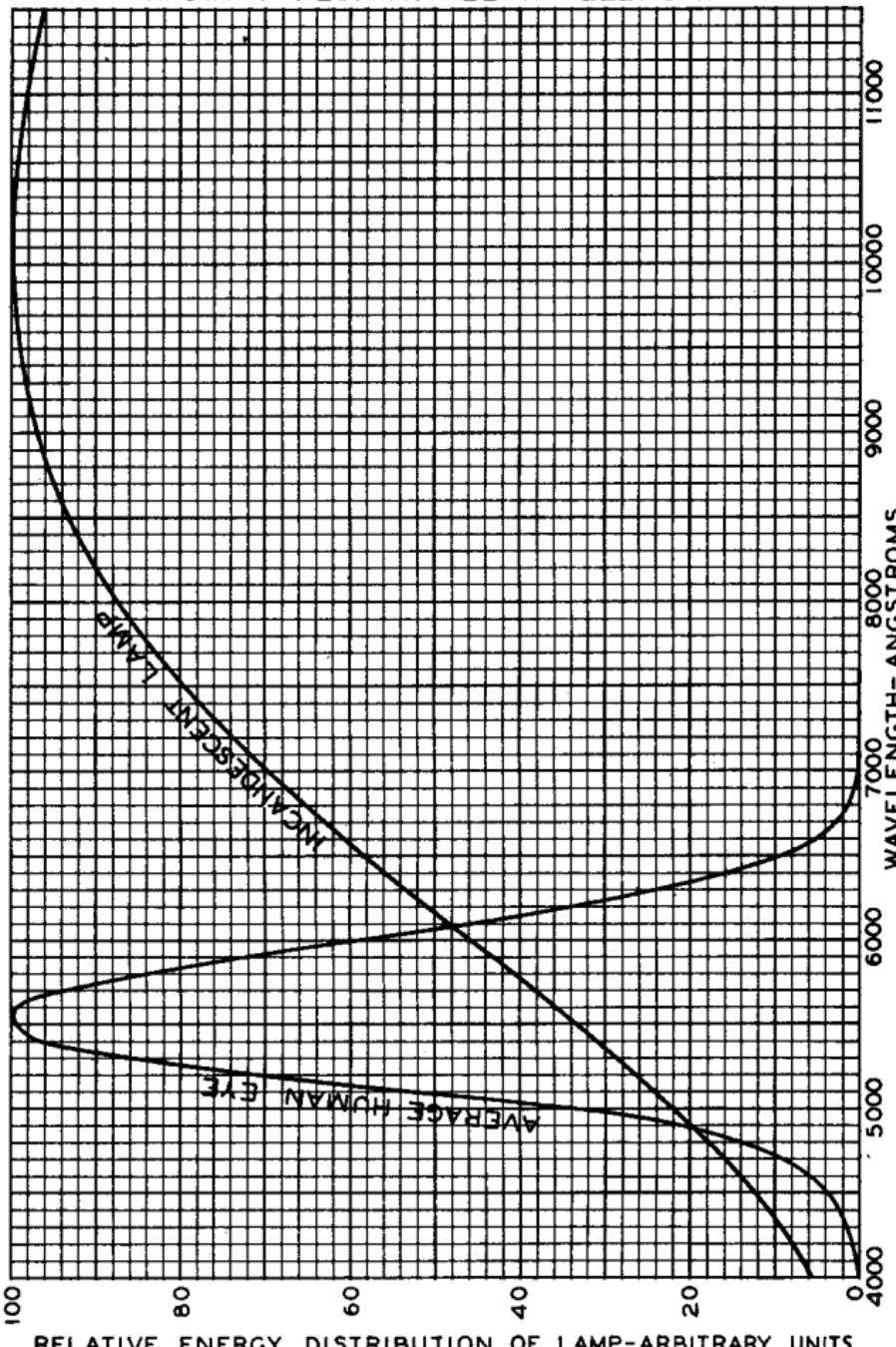
The light source consists of a tungsten lamp operating at a filament color temperature of 2870°K. A light flux of 10 microlumens from a rectangular aperture approximately 0.8" long and 0.2" wide is projected normal to the cathode in the direction noted on the basing diagram and outline. The load resistor has a value of 0.01 megohm. The applied voltages are specified on the individual data sheets.



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SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF HUMAN EYE & OF TUNGSTEN LAMP AT COLOR TEMPERATURE OF 2870 °K

EYE CURVE IS ON BASIS OF EQUAL VALUES OF RADIANT FLUX AT ALL WAVELENGTHS



RELATIVE ENERGY DISTRIBUTION OF LAMP-ARBITRARY UNITS
RELATIVE SENSITIVITY OF EYE-ARBITRARY UNITS

OCT. 20, 1947

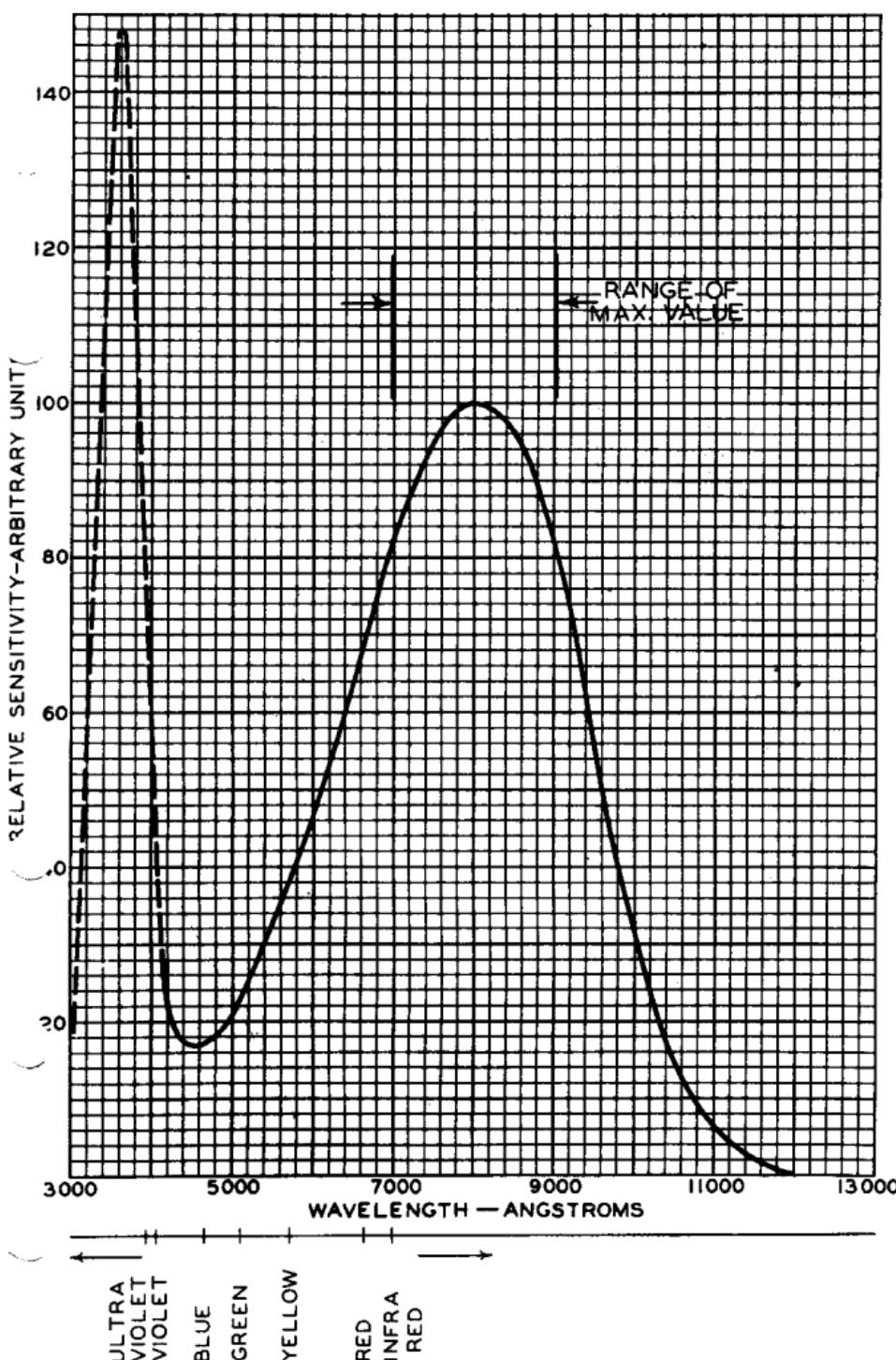
TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-6435RI



VV

SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
OF PHOTOTUBE HAVING
S-I RESPONSE
FOR EQUAL VALUES OF RADIANT FLUX AT ALL WAVELENGTHS



MAR. 18, 1946

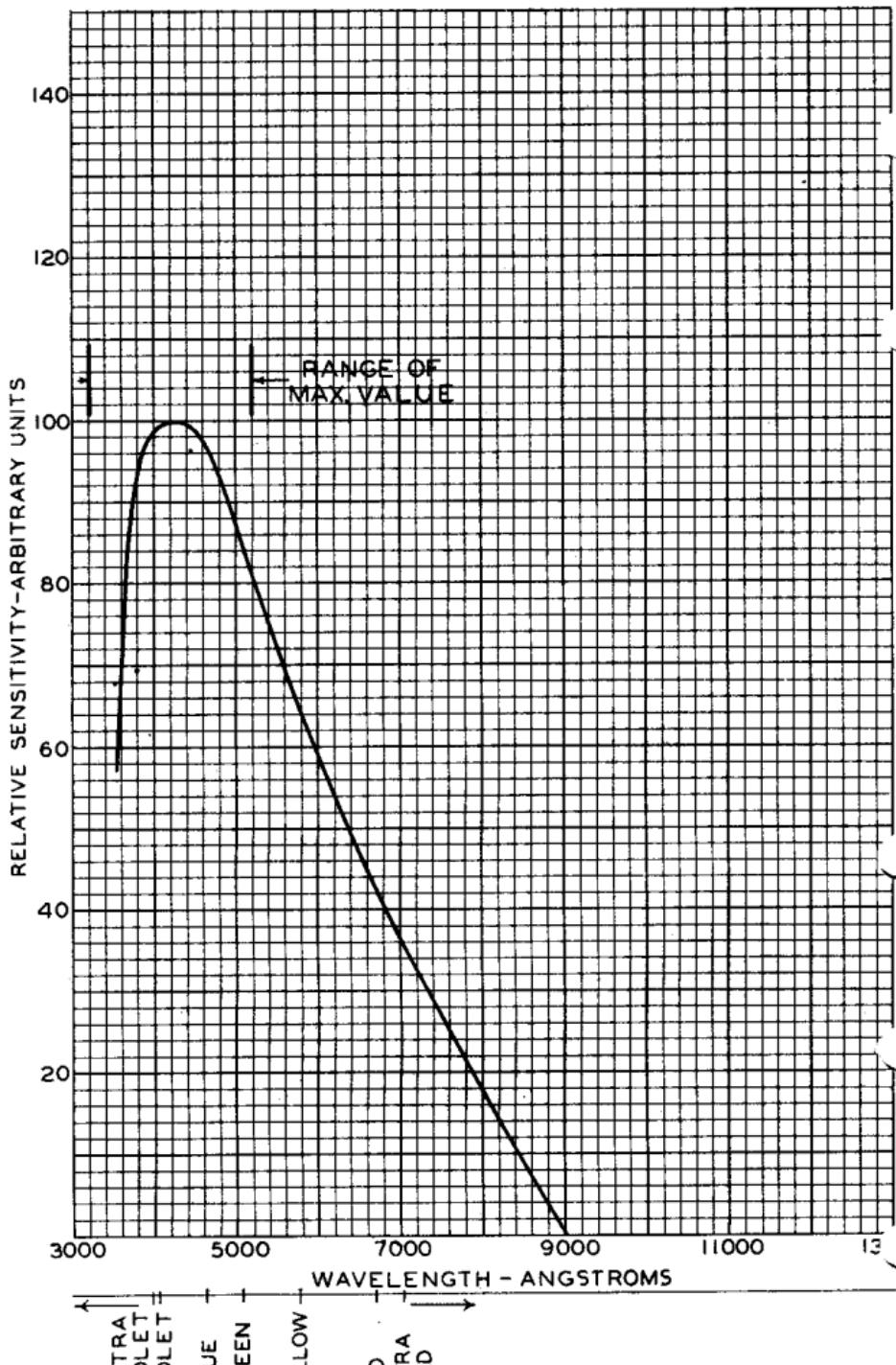
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92CM-6056R5



SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
OF PHOTOTUBE HAVING
S-3 RESPONSE

FOR EQUAL VALUES OF RADIANT FLUX AT ALL WAVELENGTHS



ULTRA
VIOLET
VIOLET
BLUE
GREEN

YELLOW
RED
INFRA
RED

MAR. 21, 1946

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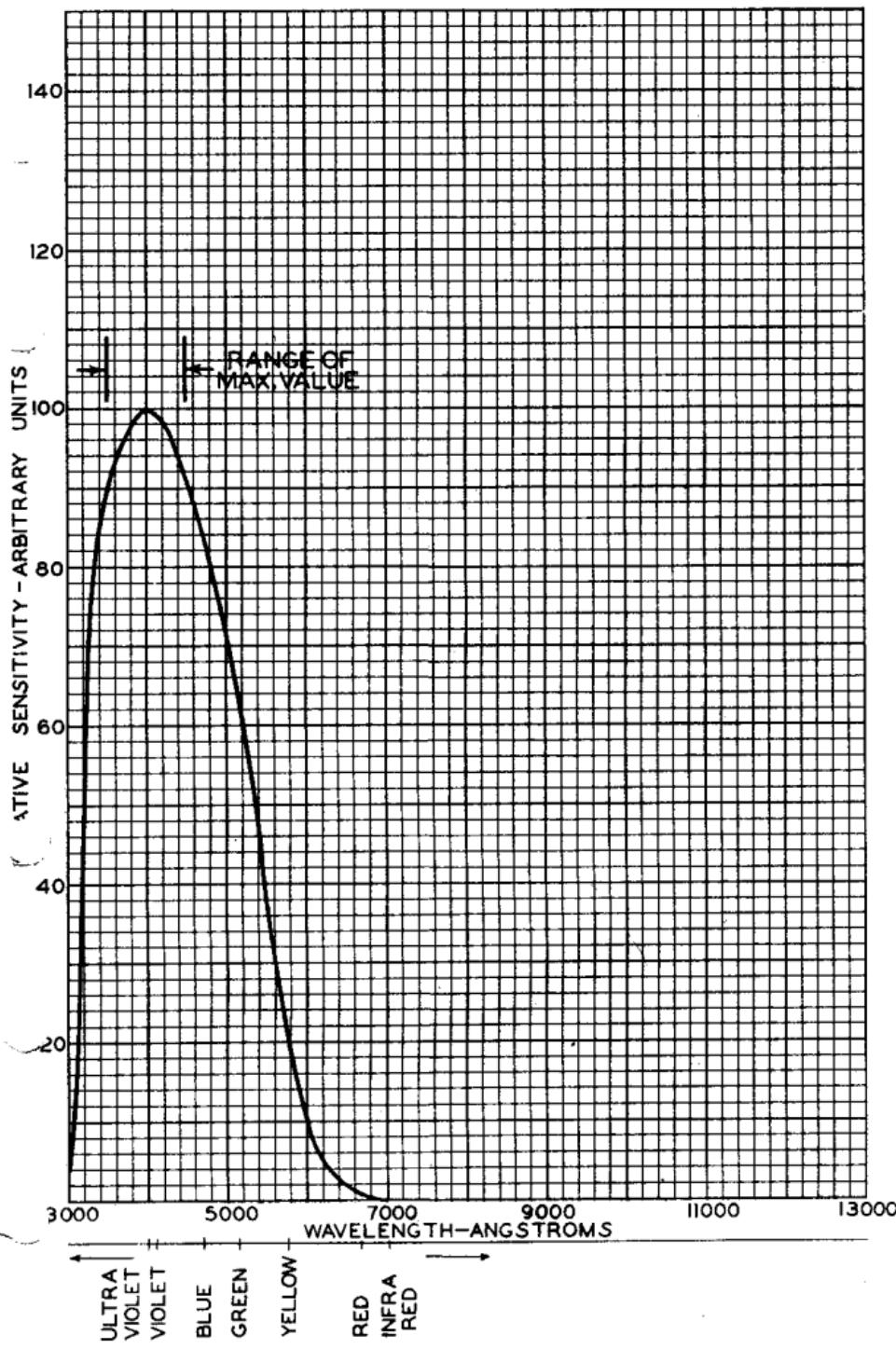
92CM-6057R6



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SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
OF PHOTOTUBE HAVING
S-4 RESPONSE

FOR EQUAL VALUES OF RADIANT FLUX AT ALL WAVELENGTHS



AUG. 12, 1947

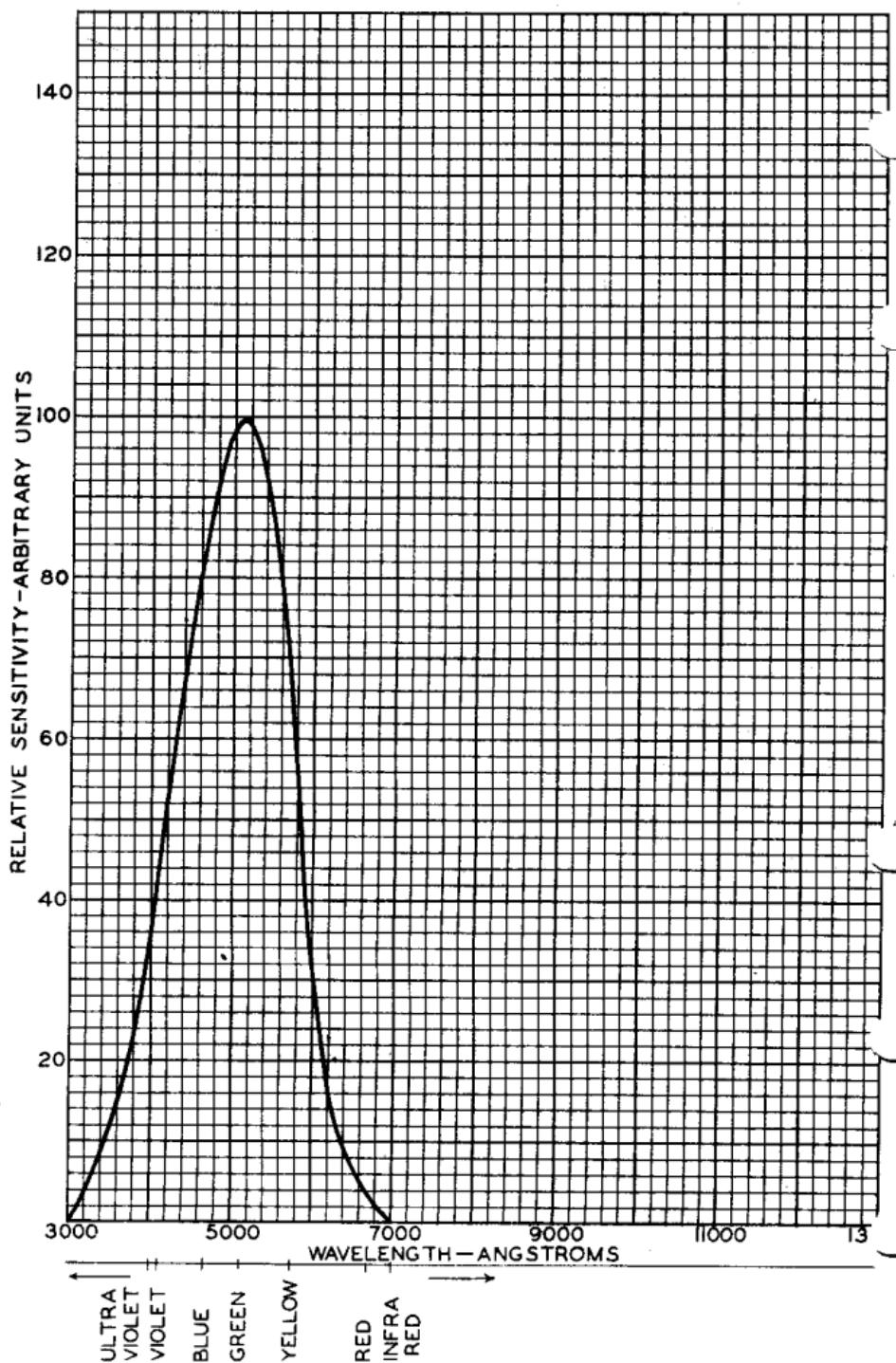
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92CM - 6152R7



SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
OF PHOTOTUBE HAVING
S-4 RESPONSE

RADIANT FLUX FROM TUNGSTEN SOURCE AT 2870°K



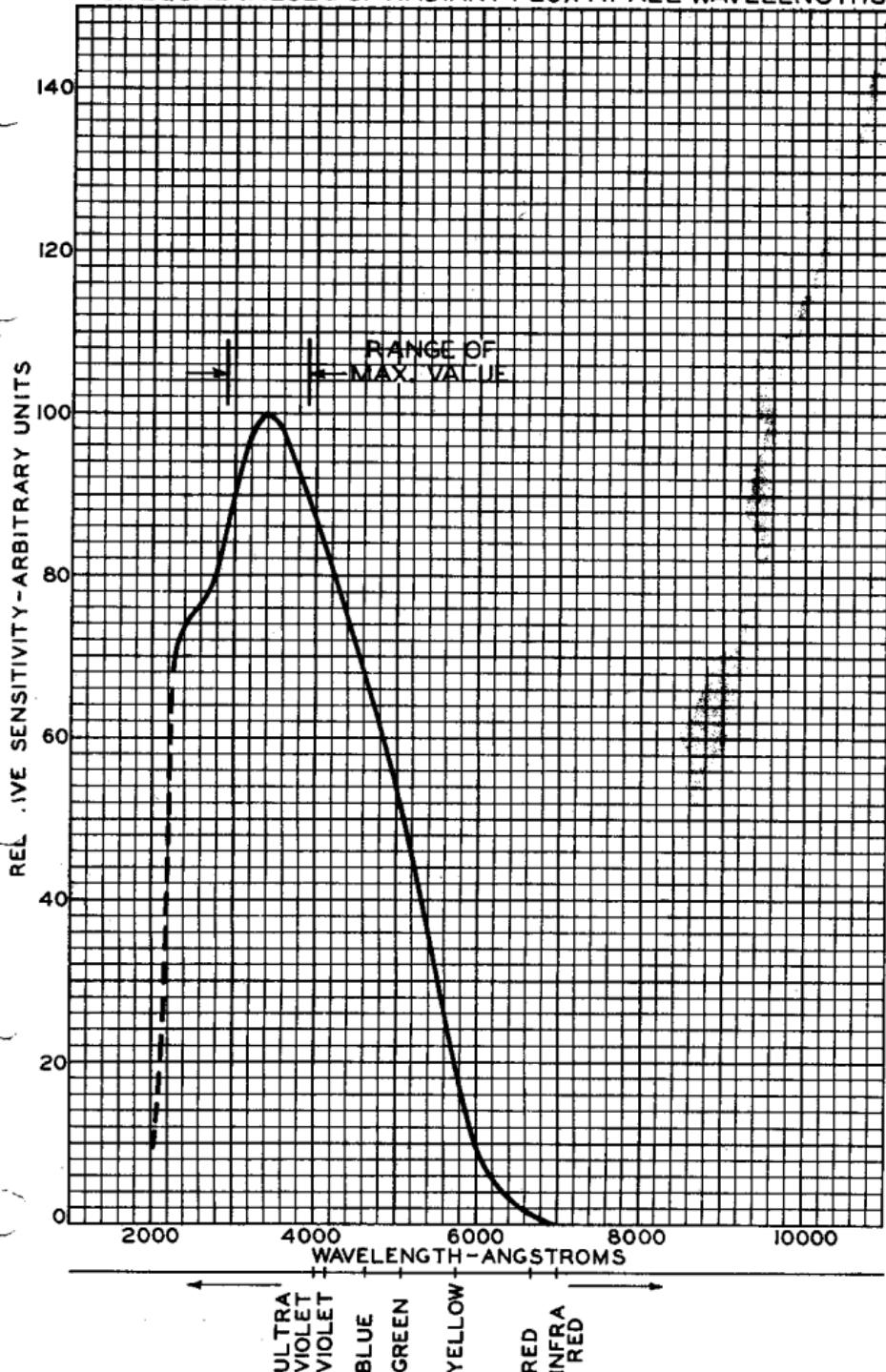
MAR. 25, 1947

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92CM - 6652R2



SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
OF PHOTOTUBE HAVING S-5 RESPONSE
FOR EQUAL VALUES OF RADIANT FLUX AT ALL WAVELENGTHS



MAR. 25 1947

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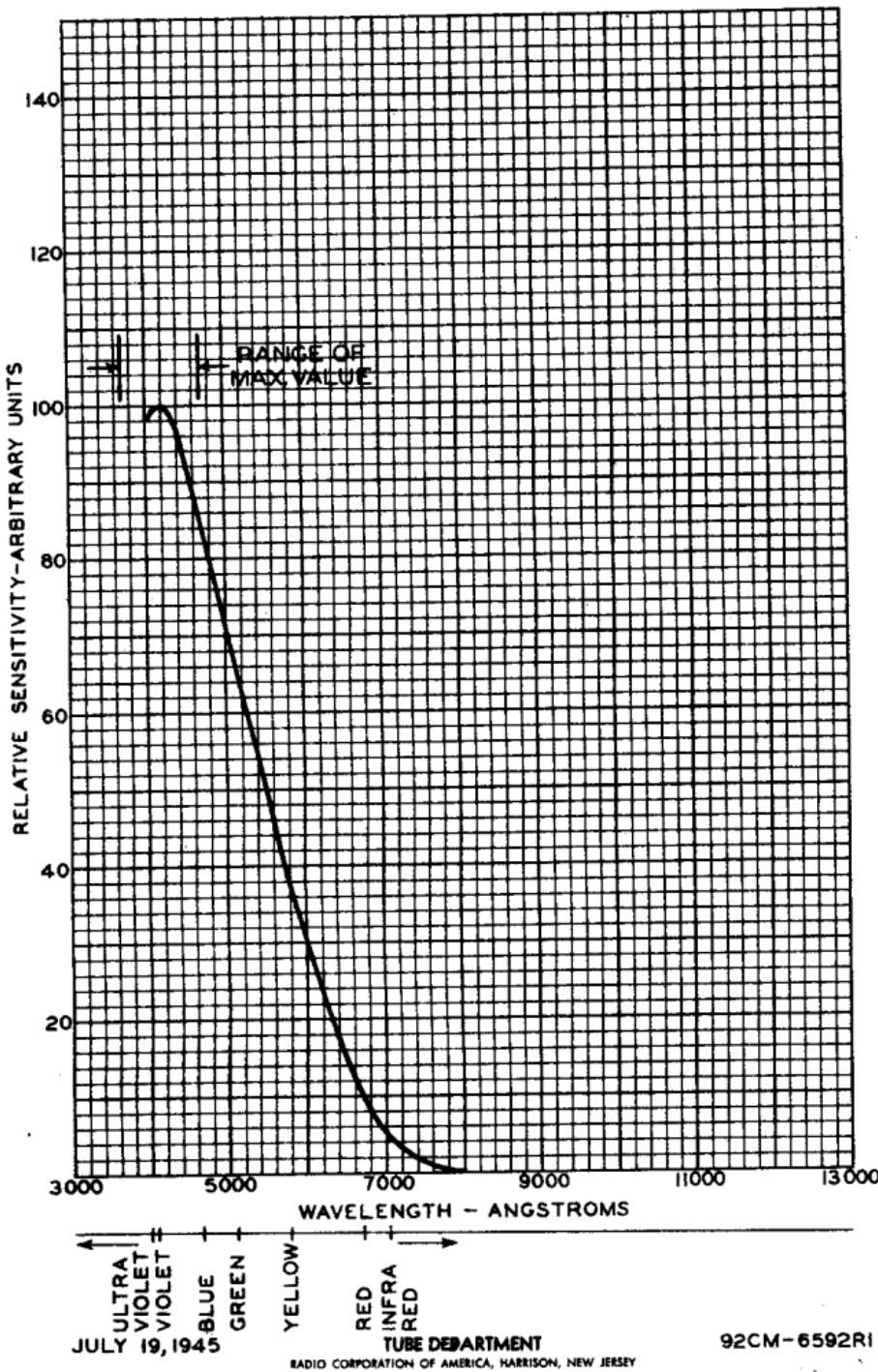
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92CM-6814



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SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
OF PHOTOTUBE HAVING
S-8 RESPONSE

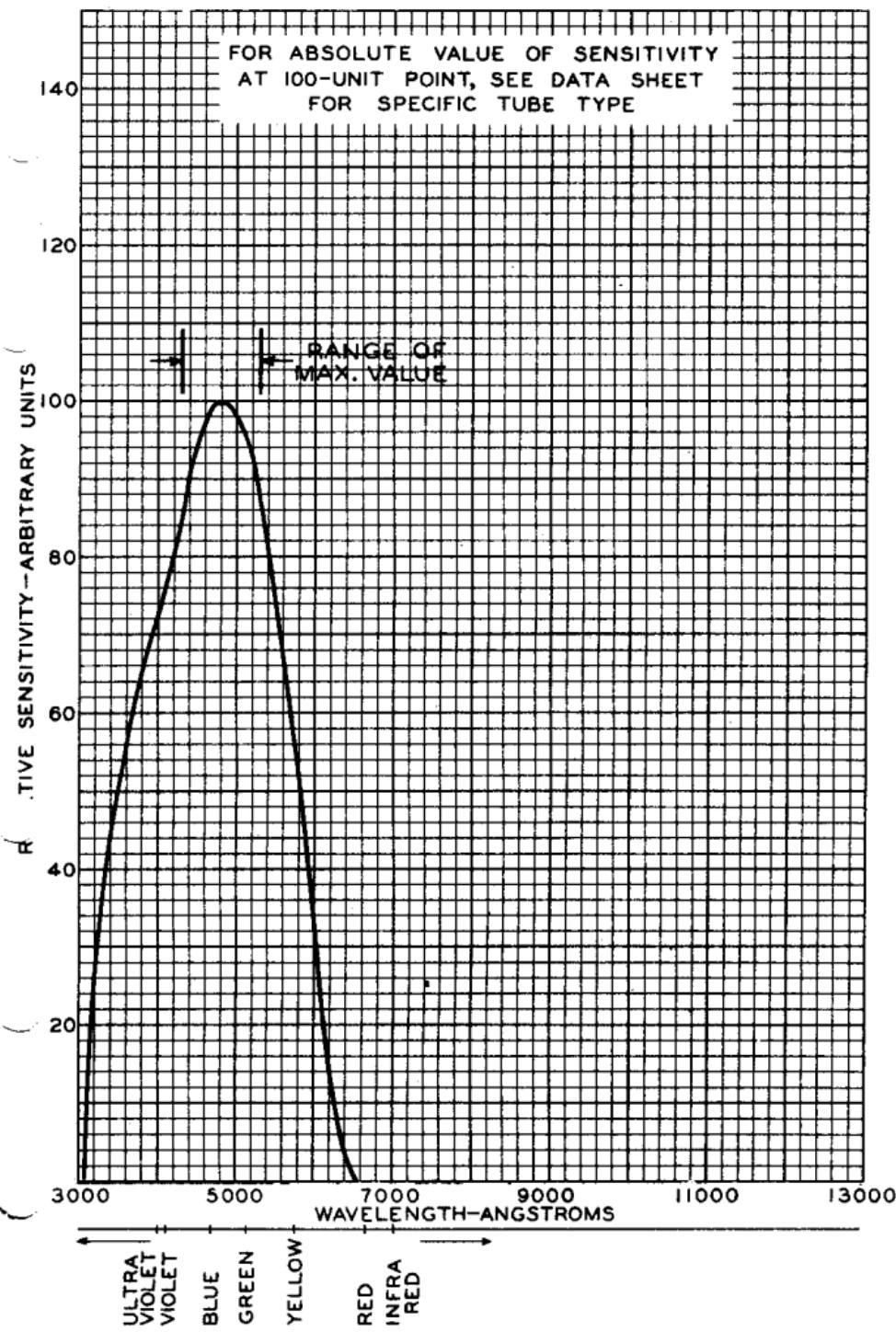
FOR EQUAL VALUES OF RADIANT FLUX AT ALL WAVELENGTHS





SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC OF PHOTOTUBE HAVING S-9 RESPONSE

FOR EQUAL VALUES OF RADIANT FLUX AT ALL WAVELENGTHS



NOV. 11 1952

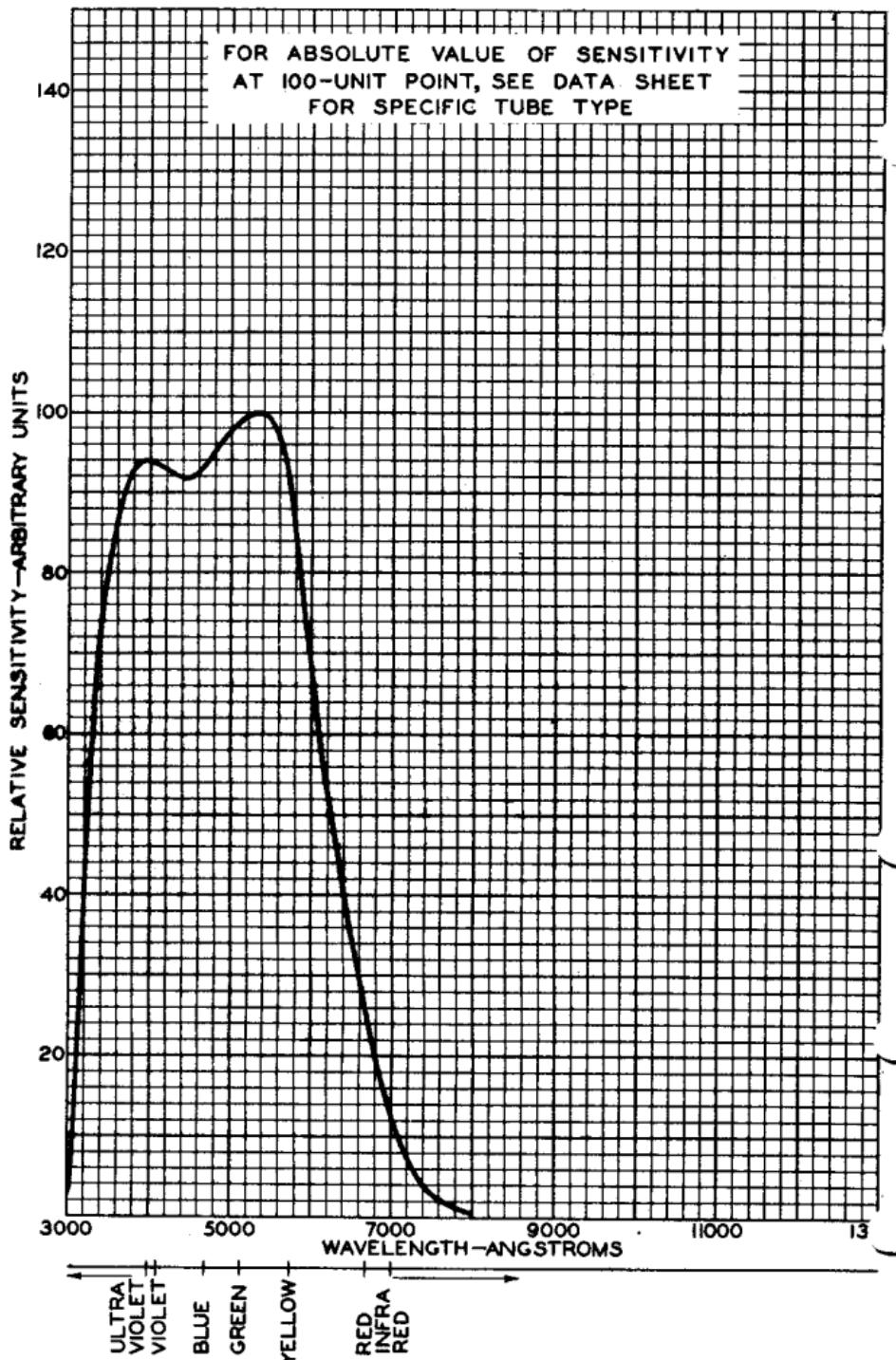
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92CM-7274RI



SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
OF PHOTOTUBE HAVING
S-10 RESPONSE

FOR EQUAL VALUES OF RADIANT FLUX AT ALL WAVELENGTHS



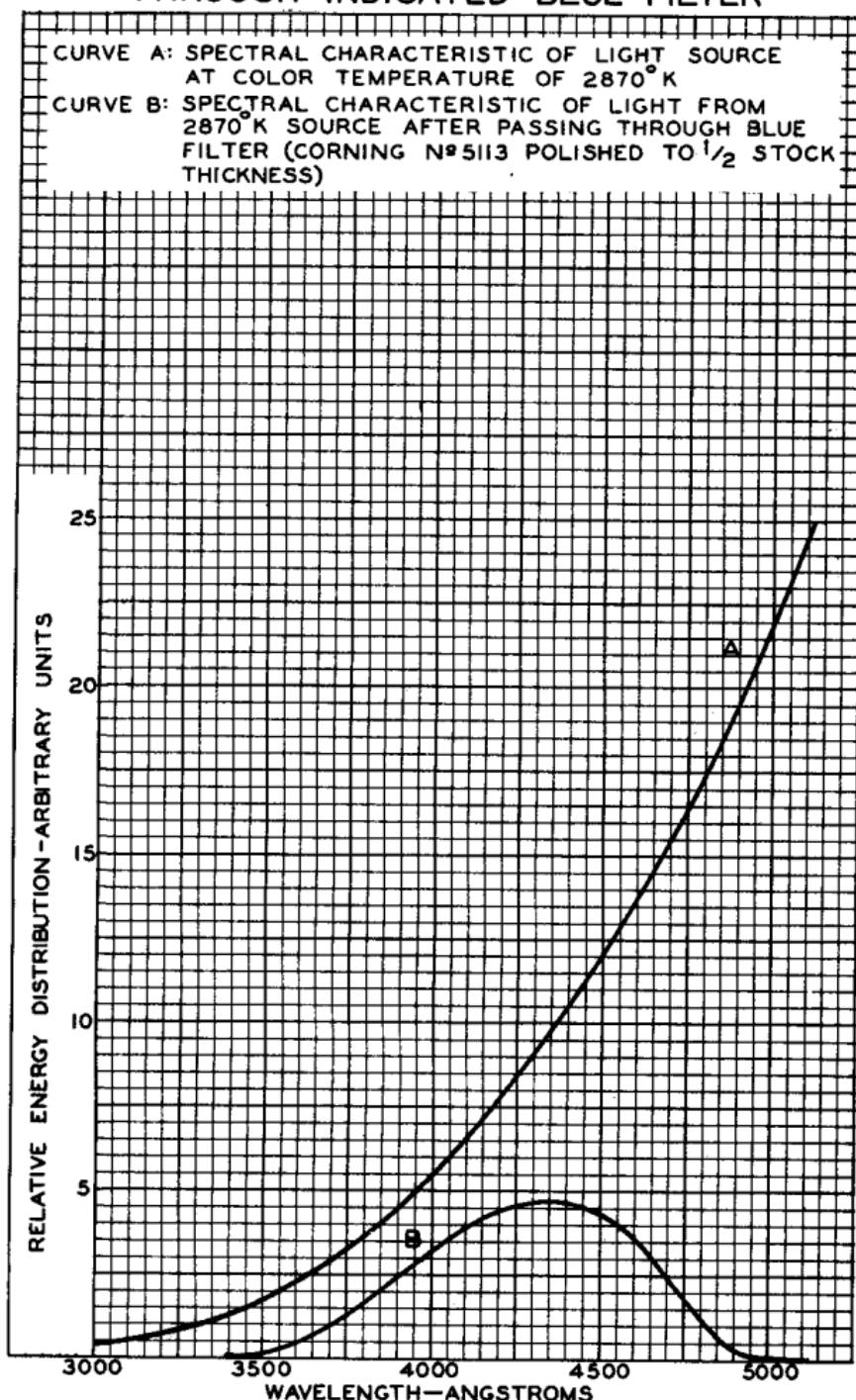
NOV. 11, 1952

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92CM-782IRI



SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF 2870°K LIGHT SOURCE AND SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF LIGHT FROM 2870°K SOURCE AFTER PASSING THROUGH INDICATED BLUE FILTER



JULY 17, 1952

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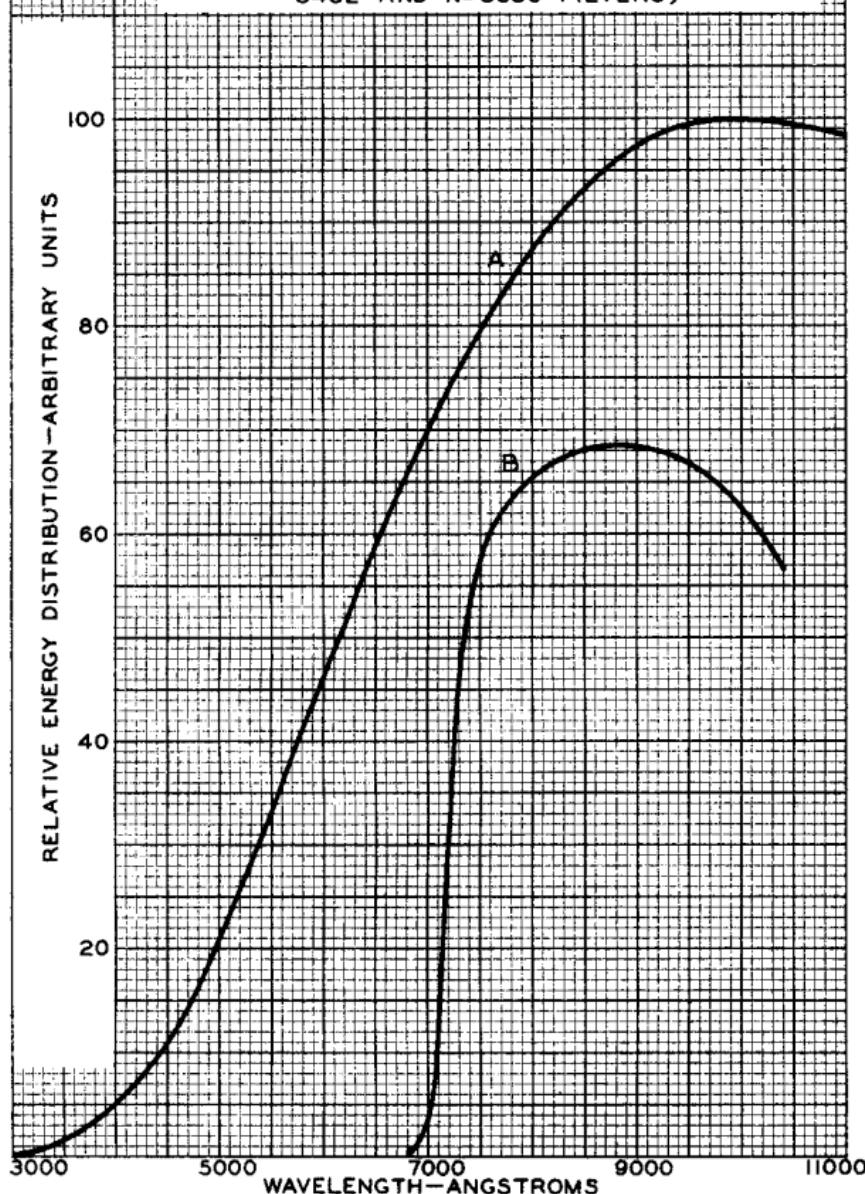
92CM-7811



SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF 2870°K LIGHT SOURCE AND SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF LIGHT FROM 2870°K SOURCE AFTER PASSING THROUGH INDICATED RED-INFRARED FILTER

CURVE A: SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF LIGHT SOURCE AT COLOR TEMPERATURE OF 2870°K

CURVE B: SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF LIGHT FROM 2870°K SOURCE AFTER PASSING THROUGH RED-INFRARED FILTER (COMBINATION OF CORNING, GLASS CODE N° 3482 AND N° 5850 FILTERS)



SEPT. 3, 1952

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92CM - 7838



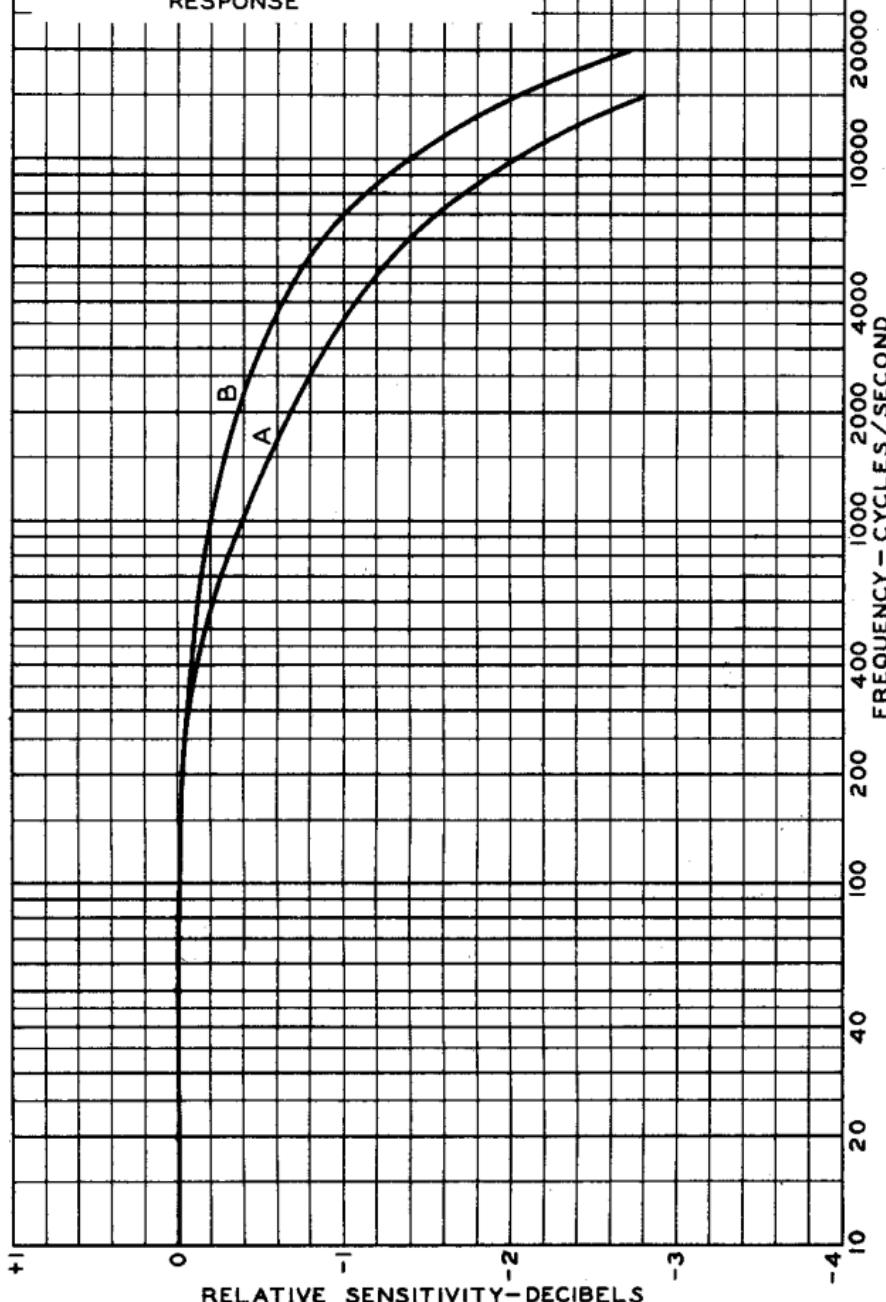
FREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS OF GAS PHOTOTUBES

ANODE - SUPPLY VOLTS = 90

VOLTAGE DROP IN LOAD - VERY SMALL
CAPACITANCE EFFECTS - MADE NEGIGIBLE

CURVE A: PHOTOTUBE HAVING S-1 OR
S-3 RESPONSE

CURVE B: PHOTOTUBE HAVING S-4
RESPONSE





IP21

IP21

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

9-STAGE TYPE WITH S-4 RESPONSE

For applications involving very low light levels

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-4
Wavelength of Maximum Response	4000 ± 500 angstroms
Cathode:	
Minimum Projected Length*.	15/16"
Minimum Projected Width*	5/16"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:	
Anode to Dynode No.9	4 μuf
Anode to All Other Electrodes.	6.5 μuf
Maximum Overall Length	3-11/16"
Maximum Seated Length.	3-1/8"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode	1-15/16" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	1-5/16"
Bulb	T-9
Mounting Position.	Any
Base	Small-Shell Submagnal 11-Pin, Non-Hygrosopic
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	11K

Pin 1 - Dynode No.1
 Pin 2 - Dynode No.2
 Pin 3 - Dynode No.3
 Pin 4 - Dynode No.4
 Pin 5 - Dynode No.5
 Pin 6 - Dynode No.6



Pin 7 - Dynode No.7
 Pin 8 - Dynode No.8
 Pin 9 - Dynode No.9
 Pin 10 - Anode
 Pin 11 - Cathode

DIRECTION OF LIGHT

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC) . . .	1250 max. volts
SUPPLY VOLTAGE BETWEEN DYNODE No.9 and ANODE (DC or Peak AC) . . .	250 max. volts
PEAK ANODE CURRENT	1 max. ma
AVERAGE ANODE CURRENT	0.1 max. ma
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.	75 max. °C

Characteristics:

With 100 volts per dynode stage and
100 volts between dynode No.9 and anode*

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Avg.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
Anode Dark Current*	-	-	0.1	μamp
Sensitivity:				
At 4000 Angstroms.	-	74000	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous▲.	40	80	-	amp/lumen
Current Amplification■.	-	2000000	-	
Equivalent Noise Input*.	-	5×10^{-13}	-	lumen

* For the more usual applications, the 931-A is recommended.

■ The use of about 50 volts between dynode No.9 and anode will give improved operating stability without sacrifice in sensitivity as explained in note under Type 931-A.

▲ On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

□, *, ▲, ■, ★: See next page.

← Indicates a change.

NOV. 15, 1949

TUBE DEPARTMENT

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA

IP21



IP21

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

→ Characteristics:

With 75 volts per dynode stage
and 50 volts between dynode No. 9 and anode

Sensitivity:

Av.

At 4000 Angstroms.	11000	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous▲	12	amp/lumen
Current Amplification■	300000	

- Referred to cathode.
- Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.
- # Dark current due to thermionic emission and ion feedback may be reduced by the use of refrigerants.
- For maximum signal-to-noise ratio, operation below 1000 volts is recommended.
- ▲ Measured under conditions specified on sheet "PHOTOTUBE SENSITIVITY and MEASUREMENTS" at the front of this Section.
- Ratio of anode sensitivity to cathode sensitivity.
- * Defined as the value where the rms output current is equal to the rms noise current determined under the following conditions: 100 volts per stage, 25°C tube temperature, bandwidth of 1 cycle per second, tungsten light source at 2870°K interrupted at a low audio frequency to produce incident radiation pulses alternating between zero and the value stated. The "on" period of the pulse is equal to the "off" period. The output current is measured through a filter which passes only the fundamental frequency of the pulses.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS for Type 1P21
are the same as those for Type 931-A

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-4 Response
is shown at the front of this Section

→ Indicates a change.

NOV. 15, 1949

TUBE DEPARTMENT

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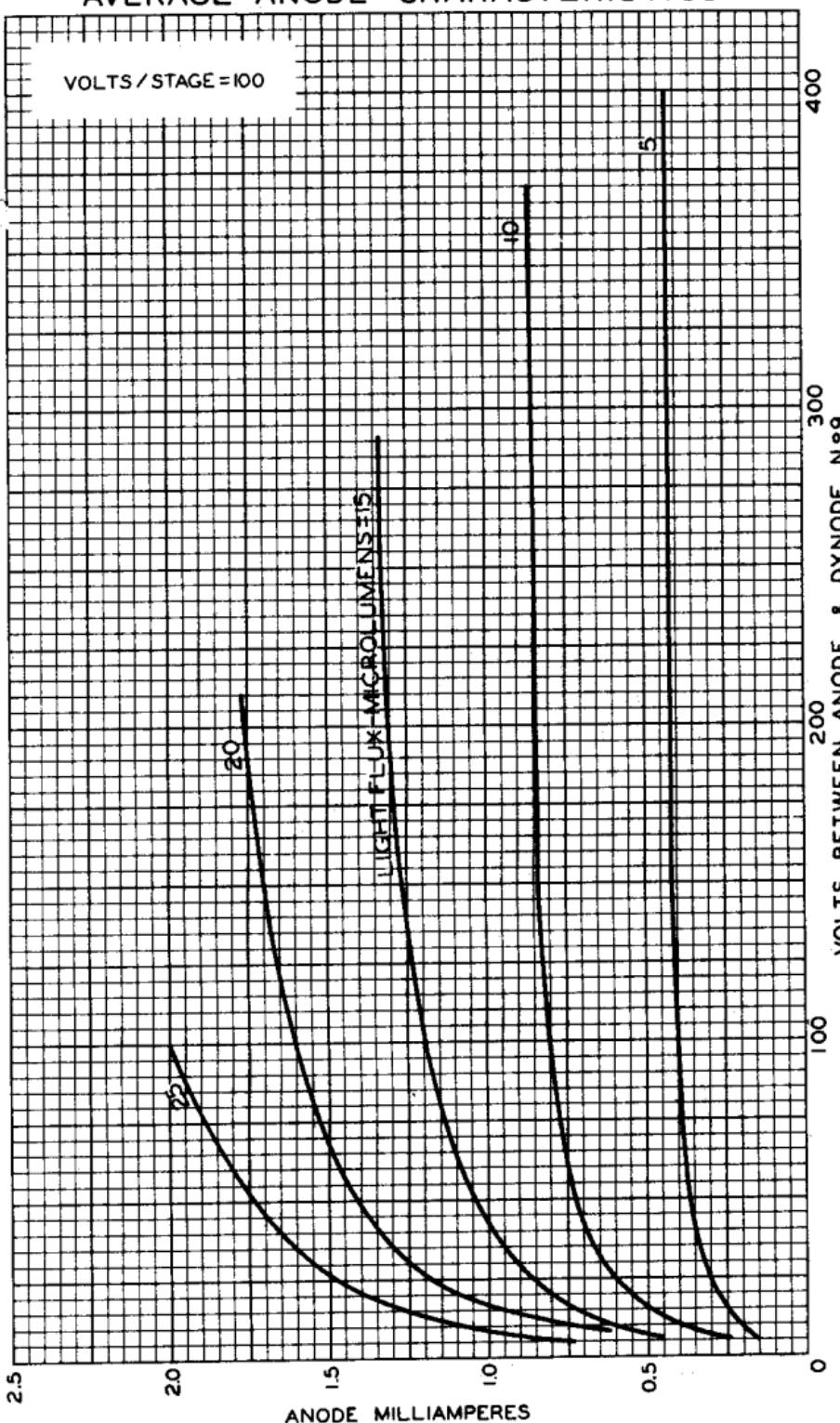
DATA

RCA

IP21

IP21

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



OCT. 26, 1949

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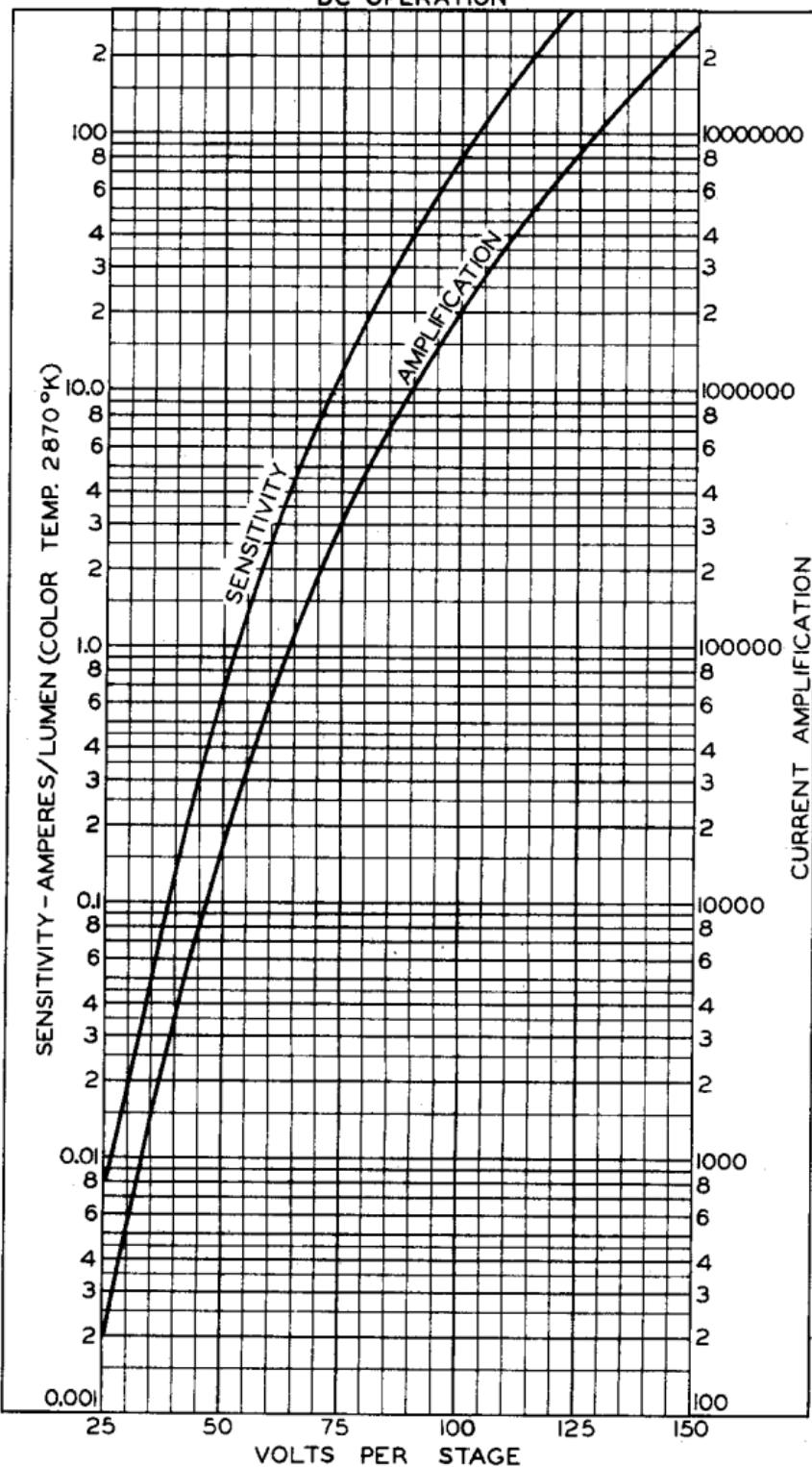
92CM-6456R3

IP21



IP21

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS
DC OPERATION



OCT. 26, 1949

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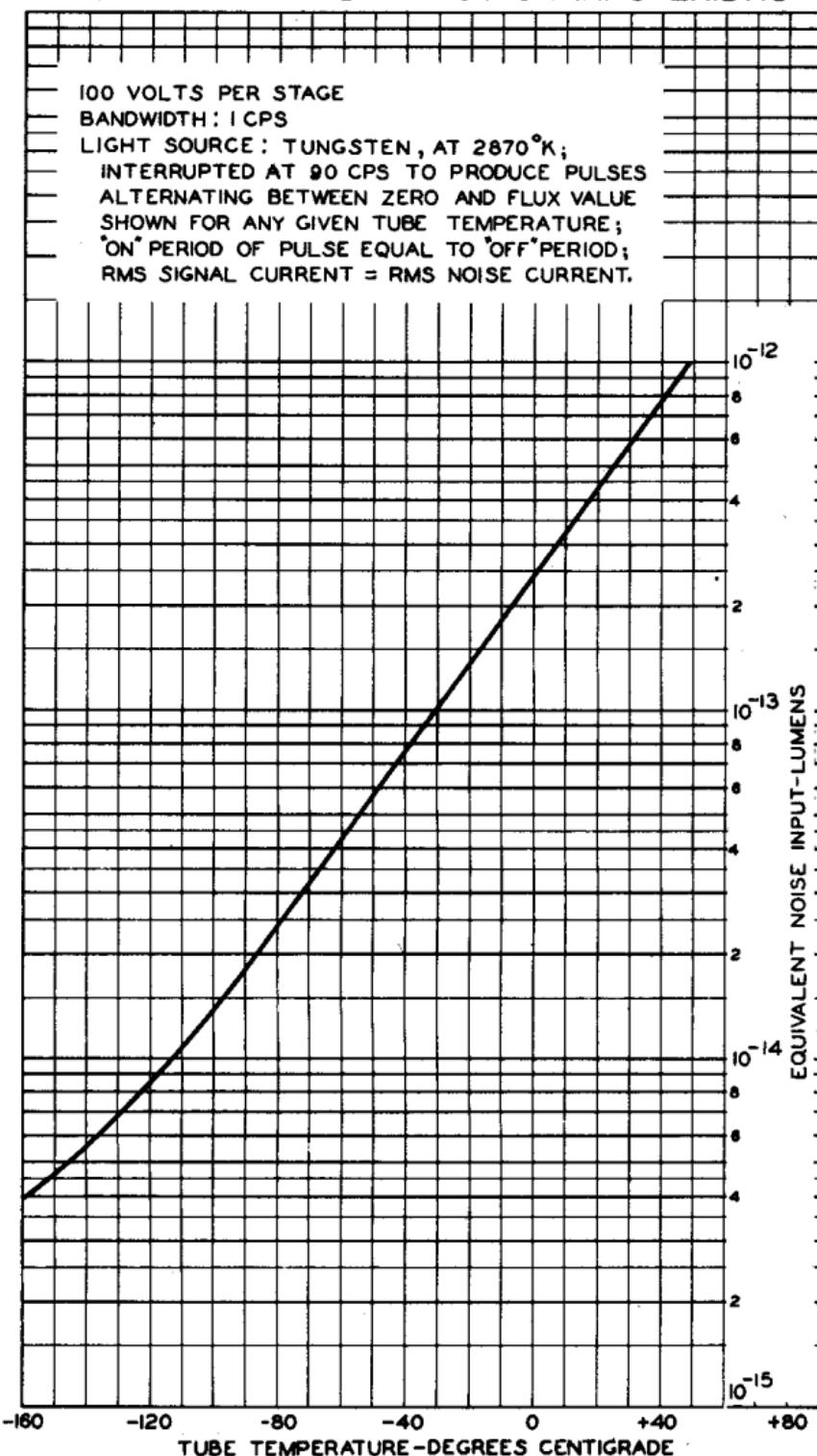
92CL - 6454R2



IP21

IP21

EQUIVALENT-NOISE-INPUT CHARACTERISTIC



OCT. 27, 1949

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RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-7018R1



IP22

IP22

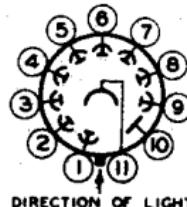
MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

9-STAGE TYPE WITH S-8 RESPONSE

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-8
Wavelength of Maximum Response	4200 ± 500 angstroms
Cathode:	
Minimum Projected Length*	15/16"
Minimum Projected Width*	5/16"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:	
Anode to Dynode No. 9	4 μuf
Anode to All Other Electrodes	6.5 μuf
Maximum Overall Length.	3-11/16"
Maximum Seated Length	3-1/8"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode	1-15/16" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter.	1-5/16"
Bulb.	T-9
Mounting Position	Any
Base.	Small-Shell Submagnal 11-Pin, Non-Hygroscopic
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	11K

Pin 1- Dynode No.1
 Pin 2- Dynode No.2
 Pin 3- Dynode No.3
 Pin 4- Dynode No.4
 Pin 5- Dynode No.5
 Pin 6- Dynode No.6



Pin 7- Dynode No.7
 Pin 8- Dynode No.8
 Pin 9- Dynode No.9
 Pin 10- Anode
 Pin 11- Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC) ^a . . .	1250 max. volts
SUPPLY VOLTAGE BETWEEN DYNODE No.9 and ANODE (DC or peak AC) . . .	250 max. volts
PEAK ANODE CURRENT.	10 max. ma
AVERAGE ANODE CURRENT ^b	1 max. ma
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	50 max. °C

Characteristics:

With 100 volts per dynode stage and
100 volts between dynode No.9 and anode^c

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Avg.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
Anode Dark Current ^d * . . .	-	-	0.25	μamp
Sensitivity:				
At 4200 Angstroms . . .	-	370	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous ^e	0.115	0.6	50	amp/lumen
Current Amplification ^f . . .	-	200000	-	
Luminous Detectivity ^g . . .	1×10^{-10}	-	-	lumen

* The use of about 50 volts between dynode No.9 and anode will give improved operating stability without sacrifice in sensitivity as explained in note under Type 931-A.

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

^a Referred to cathode.

^b, ^c, ^d, ^e, ^f, ^g: See next page.

← indicates a change.

IP22



IP22

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

→ Characteristics:

With 75 volts per dynode stage
and 50 volts between dynode No. 9 and anode

Sensitivity:	<i>Avg.</i>
At 4200 Angstroms.	55 μ amp/ μ watt
Luminous [▲]	0.09 amp/lumen
Current Amplification [■]	30000

- Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.
- Dark current due to thermionic emission and ion feedback may be reduced by the use of refrigerants.
- For maximum signal-to-noise ratio, operation below 1000 volts is recommended.
- ▲ Measured under conditions specified on sheet "PHOTOTUBE SENSITIVITY AND SENSITIVITY MEASUREMENTS" at the front of this Section.
- Ratio of anode sensitivity to cathode sensitivity.
- Defined as the value where the rms output current is equal to the rms noise current determined under the following conditions: 100 volts per stage, 25°C tube temperature, bandwidth of 1 cycle per second, tungsten light source at 2870°K interrupted at a low audio frequency to produce incident radiation pulses alternating between zero and the value stated. The "on" period of the pulse is equal to the "off" period. The output current is measured through a filter which passes only the fundamental frequency of the pulses.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS for Type 1P22
are the same as those for Type 931-A

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-8 Response
is shown at the front of this Section

→ Indicates a change.

MAR. 15, 1948

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RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

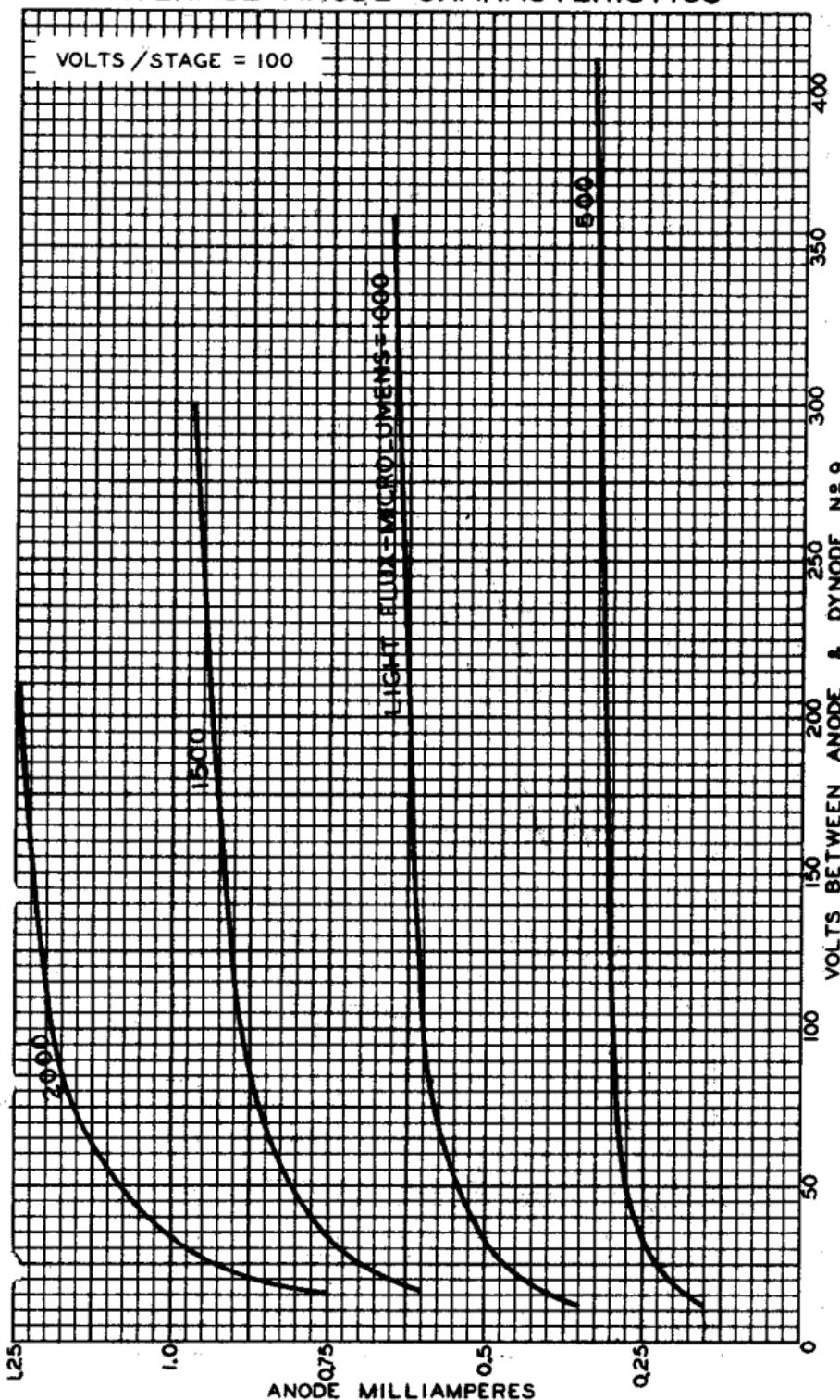
DATA



IP22

IP22

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



MAR. 12, 1948

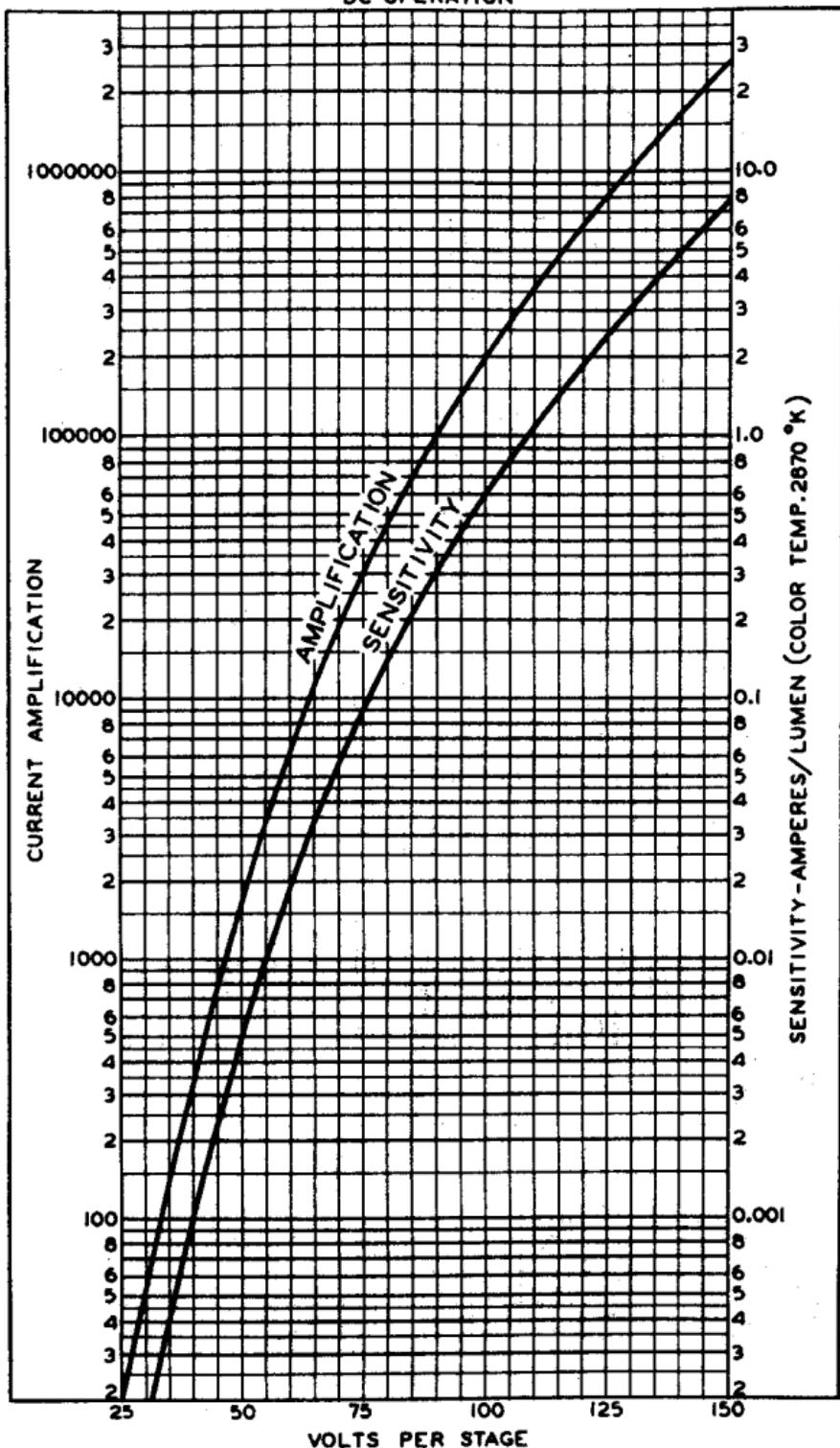
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92CM-6585RI

IP22



IP22

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC
DC OPERATION

JUNE 15, 1945

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-6586

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

9-STAGE TYPE WITH S-5 RESPONSE

DATA

General:

Spectral Response	S-5
Wavelength of Maximum Response	3400 ± 500 angstroms
Cathode:	
Minimum Projected Length*	15/16"
Minimum Projected Width*	5/16"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:	
Anode to Dynode No.9	4 μf
Anode to All Other Electrodes	6.5 μf
Maximum Overall Length	3-11/16"
Maximum Seated Length	3-1/8"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode	1-15/16" ± 3/32"
Length, Base Seat to Center of Useful Cathode Area	1-15/16" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	1-5/16"
Bulb	T-9
Mounting Position	Any
Base	Small-Shell Submagnal 11-Pin, Non-Hygrosopic
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	11K

Pin 1- Dynode No.1
 Pin 2- Dynode No.2
 Pin 3- Dynode No.3
 Pin 4- Dynode No.4
 Pin 5- Dynode No.5
 Pin 6- Dynode No.6



Pin 7- Dynode No.7
 Pin 8- Dynode No.8
 Pin 9- Dynode No.9
 Pin 10- Anode
 Pin 11- Cathode

DIRECTION OF INCIDENT RADIATION

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC) ^a . . .	1250 max. volts
SUPPLY VOLTAGE BETWEEN DYNODE No.9 and ANODE (DC or Peak AC) . . .	250 max. volts
PEAK ANODE CURRENT	5 max. ma
AVERAGE ANODE CURRENT ^b	0.5 max. ma
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75 max. °C

Characteristics:

With 100 volts per dynode stage and
100 volts between dynode No.9 and anode

<u>Min.</u>	<u>Avg.</u>	<u>Max.</u>
-------------	-------------	-------------

DC Anode Dark Current* - - 0.1 μamp

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident radiation.

□ Referred to cathode.

○ Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

At 25°C. Dark current due to thermionic emission and ion feedback may be reduced by the use of refrigerants.

● For maximum signal-to-noise ratio, operation below 1000 volts is recommended.

← Indicates a change.



IP28

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Avg.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
Sensitivity:				
At 3400 angstroms . . .	-	22600	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous:				
Cathode [§]	-	20	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{lumen}$
Anode: [▲]				
At 0 cps	4.5	20	300	amp/lumen
At 100 Mc.	-	19	-	amp/lumen
Current Amplification [■]	-	1×10^6	-	
Luminous Equivalent				
Noise Input [*] .	-	7×10^{-12}	-	lumen
Ultraviolet Equivalent				
Noise Input [†] .	-	6×10^{-15}	-	watt

→ Characteristics:

*With 75 volts per dynode stage
and 50 volts between dynode No. 9 and anode*

Sensitivity:		<u>Avg.</u>	
At 3400 angstroms	3400		$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous:			
Cathode [§]	20		$\mu\text{amp}/\text{lumen}$
Anode [▲] , at 0 cps	3		amp/lumen
Current Amplification [■]	150000		

[§] For conditions the same as shown under Anode Luminous Sensitivity except that the value of light flux is 0.01 lumen and that 100 volts are applied between cathode and all other electrodes connected together as anode.

[▲] Measured under conditions specified on sheet "PHOTOTUBE SENSITIVITY AND SENSITIVITY MEASUREMENTS" at the front of this Section.

[■] Ratio of anode sensitivity to cathode sensitivity.

^{*} Defined as the value where the rms output current is equal to the rms noise current determined under the following conditions; 100 volts per stage, 25°C tube temperature, ac-amplifier bandwidth of 1 cycle per second, tungsten light source at 2870°K interrupted at a low audio frequency to produce incident radiation pulses alternating between zero and the value stated. The "on" period of the pulse is equal to the "off" period. The output current is measured through a filter which passes only the fundamental frequency of the pulses.

[†] Defined the same as Luminous Equivalent Noise Input except that use is made of a monochromatic source having radiation at 2537 angstroms.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-5 Response
is shown at the front of this Section

OPERATING NOTES

The operating stability of the IP28 is dependent on the magnitude of the anode current and its duration. When the IP28 is operated at high values of anode current, a drop in sensitivity (sometimes called fatigue) may be expected. The extent of the drop below the tabulated sensitivity values depends on the severity of the operating conditions.

(continued on next page)

→ Indicates a change.

SEPT. 1, 1950

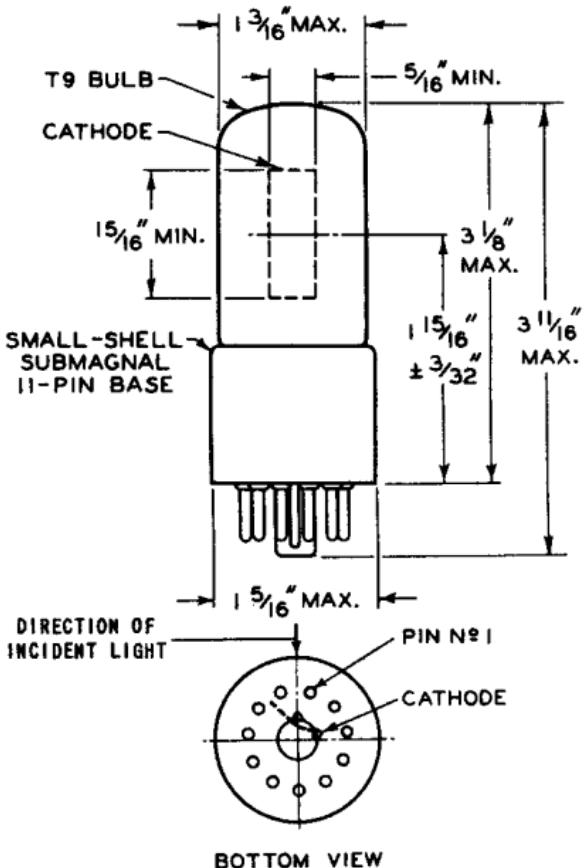
TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

After a period of idleness, the IP28 usually recovers a substantial percentage of such loss in sensitivity.

The use of an average anode current well below the maximum rated value of 0.5 milliamperes is recommended when stability of operation is important. When maximum stability is required, the anode current should not exceed 10 microamperes.



¶ OF BULB WILL NOT DEVIATE MORE THAN 2° IN ANY DIRECTION FROM THE PERPENDICULAR ERECTED AT CENTER OF BOTTOM OF BASE.

92CM-6264R2

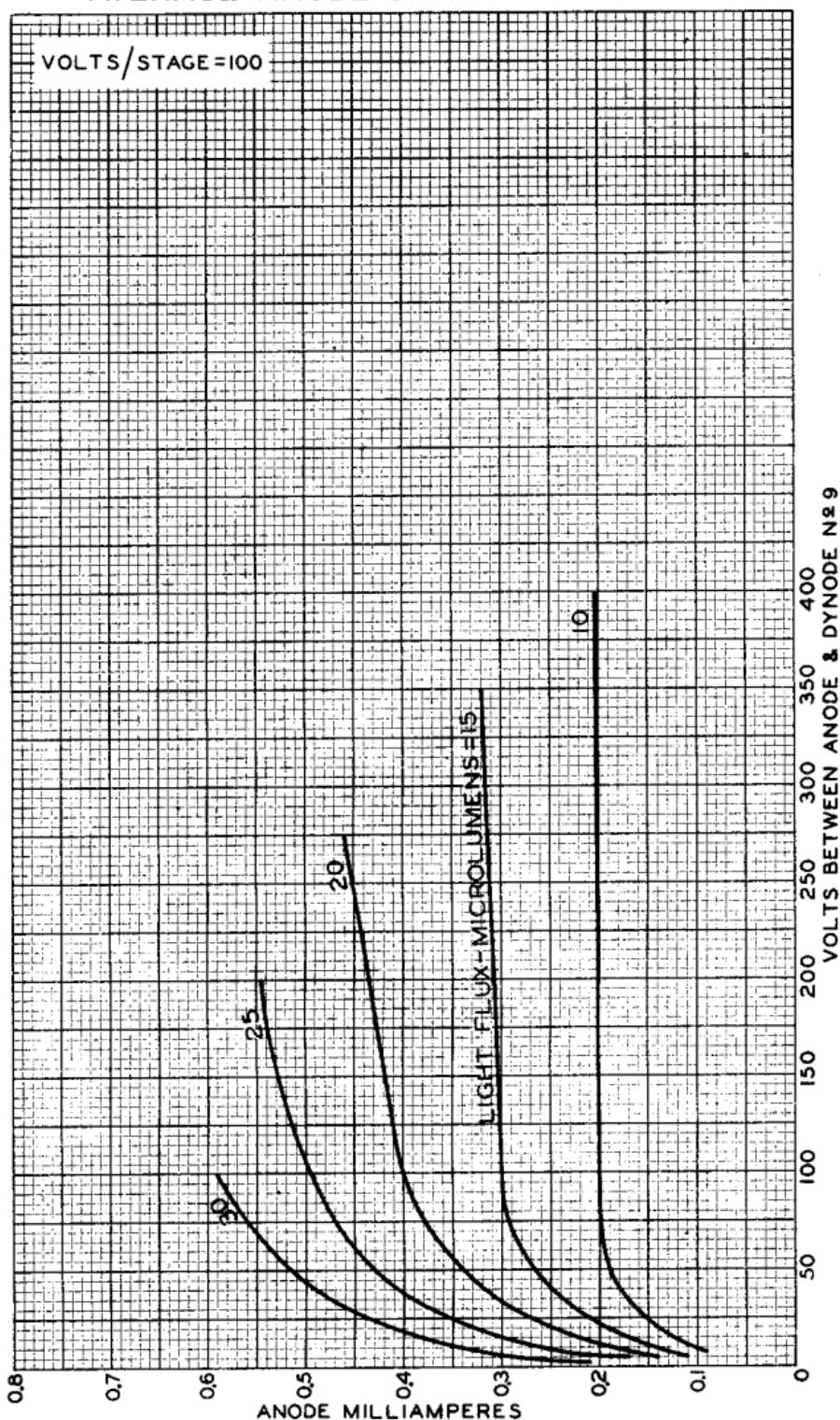
IP28



IP28

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS

VOLTS/STAGE = 100



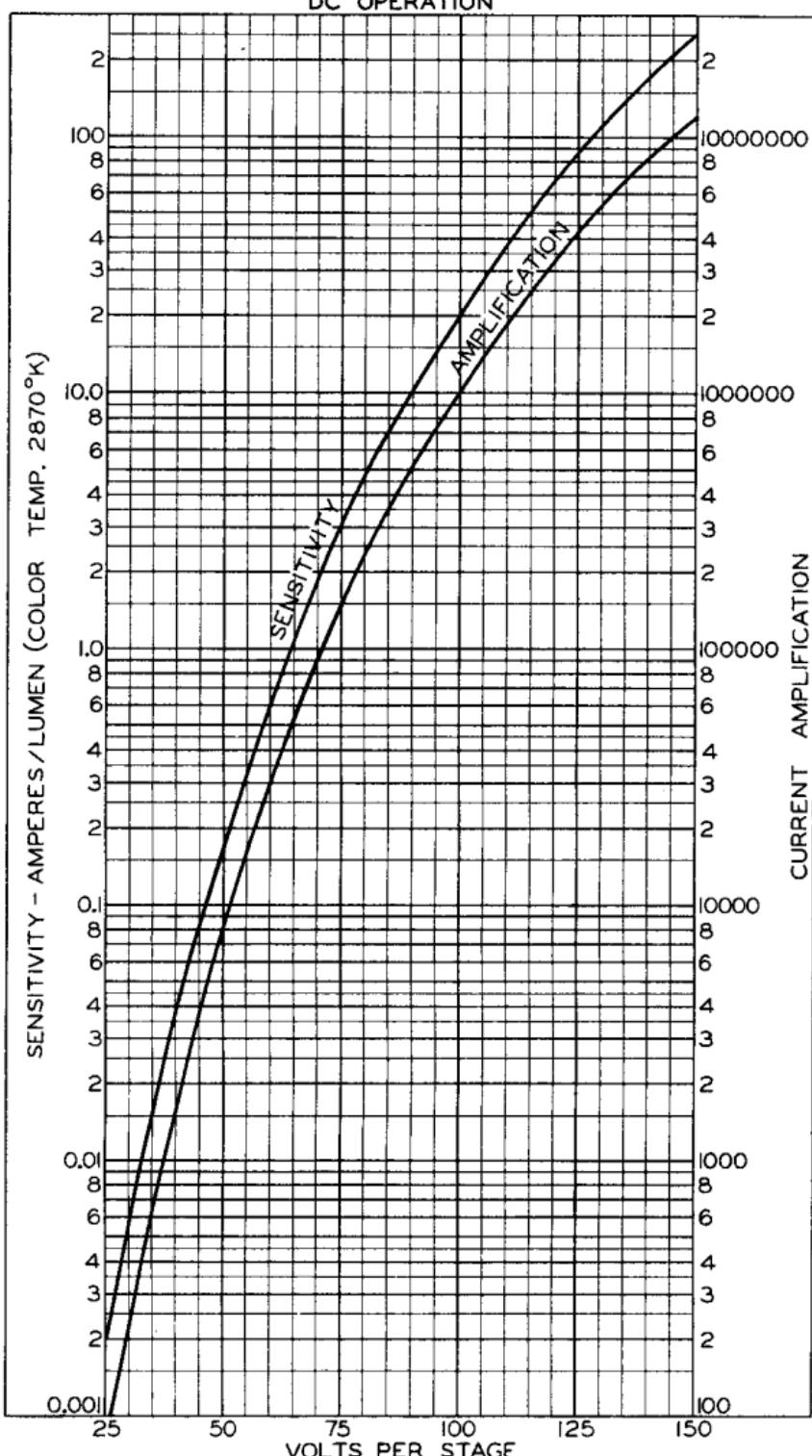
JUNE 26, 1950

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92CM-6632R2



IP28

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS
DC OPERATION

JUNE 23, 1950

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92CL-6547R2

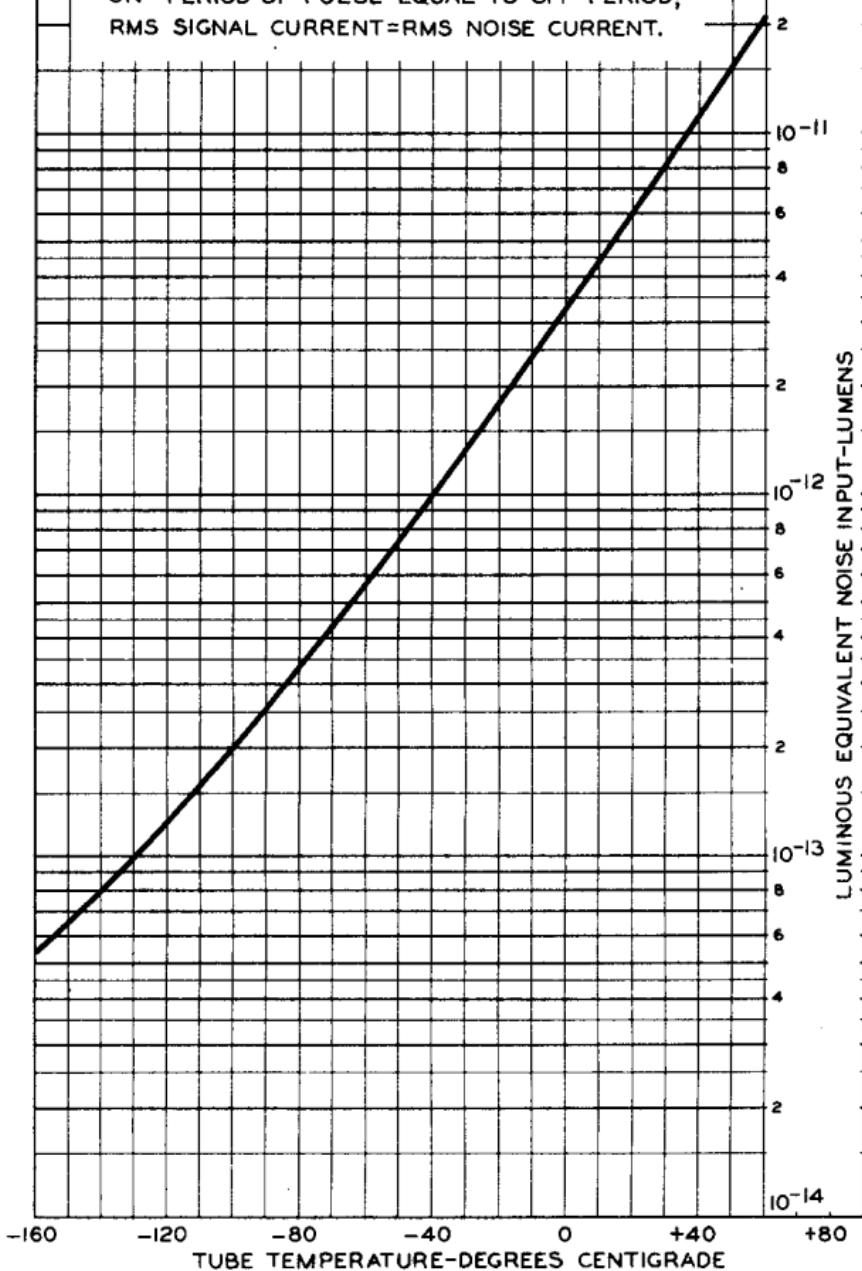


EQUIVALENT-NOISE-INPUT CHARACTERISTIC

100 VOLTS PER STAGE

BANDWIDTH: 1 CPS

LIGHT SOURCE: TUNGSTEN, AT 2870°K;
 INTERRUPTED AT 90 CPS TO PRODUCE PULSES
 ALTERNATING BETWEEN ZERO AND FLUX VALUE
 SHOWN FOR ANY GIVEN TUBE TEMPERATURE;
 "ON" PERIOD OF PULSE EQUAL TO "OFF" PERIOD;
 RMS SIGNAL CURRENT = RMS NOISE CURRENT.





IP29

IP29

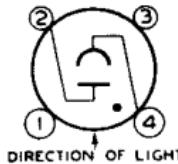
GAS PHOTOTUBE

WITH S-3 RESPONSE

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-3
Wavelength of Maximum Response.	4200 \pm 1000 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	1-1/4"
Minimum Projected Width*	5/8"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	3 μf
Maximum Overall Length.	4-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	3-1/2"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode.	2-1/8" \pm 3/32"
Maximum Diameter.	1-1/8"
Bulb.	T-8
Mounting Position	Any
Base.	Dwarf-Shell Small 4-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	2K

Pin 1-No
Connection
Pin 2-Anode



Pin 3-No
Connection
Pin 4-Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC). . .	100 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	20 max.	μamp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	100 max. $\mu\text{amp}/\text{sq.in.}$	
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^o	5 max.	μamp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	100 max.	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Av.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
Dark Current at 90 Volts. . .	-	-	0.10 . . .	μamp
Sensitivity:				
At 4200 Angstroms	-	0.01	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous:				
At 0 Cycles	20	40	70	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$
At 5000 Cycles.	-	35	-	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$
At 10000 Cycles	-	31	-	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$
Gas Amplification Factor. . .	-	-	9	

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

o Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum. Average current may be doubled when anode-supply voltage is limited to 80 volts.

<- Indicates a change.

AUGUST 15, 1947

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DATA



GAS PHOTOTUBE

Minimum Circuit Values:

DC Load Resistance:

With anode-supply voltage of 80 volts or less:

→ For dc currents { above 5 μ amp . . . 0.1 megohm
below 5 μ amp . . . No Minimum

With anode-supply voltage of 100 volts:

→ For dc currents { above 3 μ amp . . . 2.5 megohms
below 3 μ amp . . . 0.1 megohm

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS for Type 1P29
are the same as those for Type 1P37

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-3 Response
and

FREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS
of Gas Phototubes

are shown at the beginning of this Section

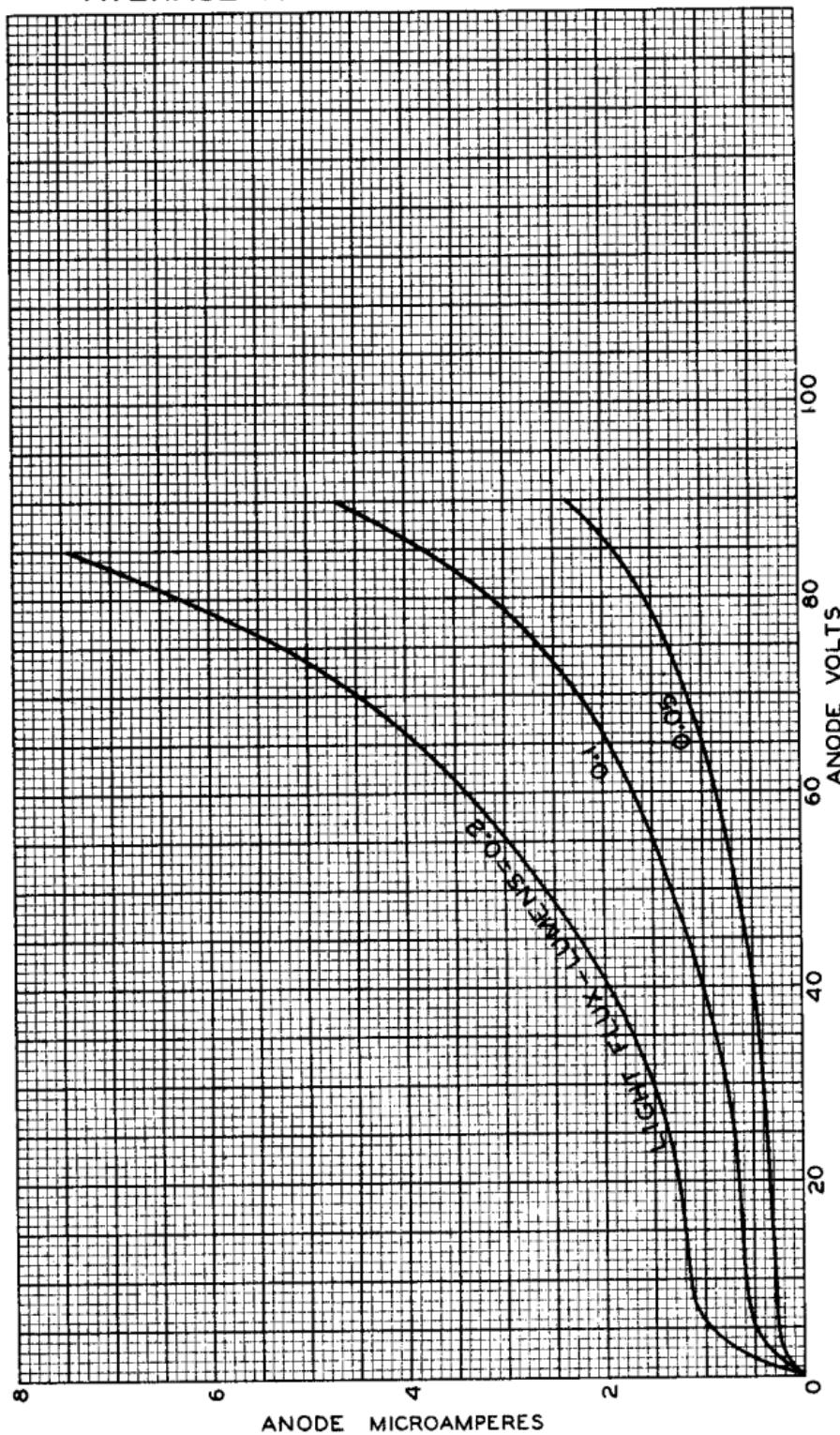
→ Indicates a change.



IP29

IP29

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



AUG. 6, 1947

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92CM-6472RI

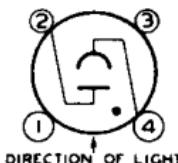
GAS PHOTOTUBE

WITH S-4 RESPONSE

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-4
Wavelength of Maximum Response.	4000 ± 500 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	1-1/4"
Minimum Projected Width*	5/8"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	3 μ uf
Maximum Overall Length.	4-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	3-1/2"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode.	2-1/8" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter.	1-1/8"
Bulb.	T-8
Mounting Position	Any
Base.	Dwarf-Shell Small 4-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	2K

Pin 1 - No
Connection
Pin 2 - Anode



Pin 3 - No
Connection
Pin 4 - Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC) . . .	100 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	20 max.	μ amp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	100 max. μ amp/sq.in.	
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^O	5 max.	μ amp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	Min.	Av.	Max.	
Dark Current at 90 Volts.	-	-	0.05	μ amp
Sensitivity:				
At 4000 Angstroms	-	0.125	-	μ amp/ μ watt
Luminous:				
At 0 Cycles	75	135	205	μ amp/lumen
At 5000 Cycles.	-	124	-	μ amp/lumen
At 10000 Cycles	-	108	-	μ amp/lumen
Gas Amplification Factor.	-	-	5.5	

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

O Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum. Average current may be doubled when anode-supply voltage is limited to 80 volts.

← Indicates a change.



GAS PHOTOTUBE

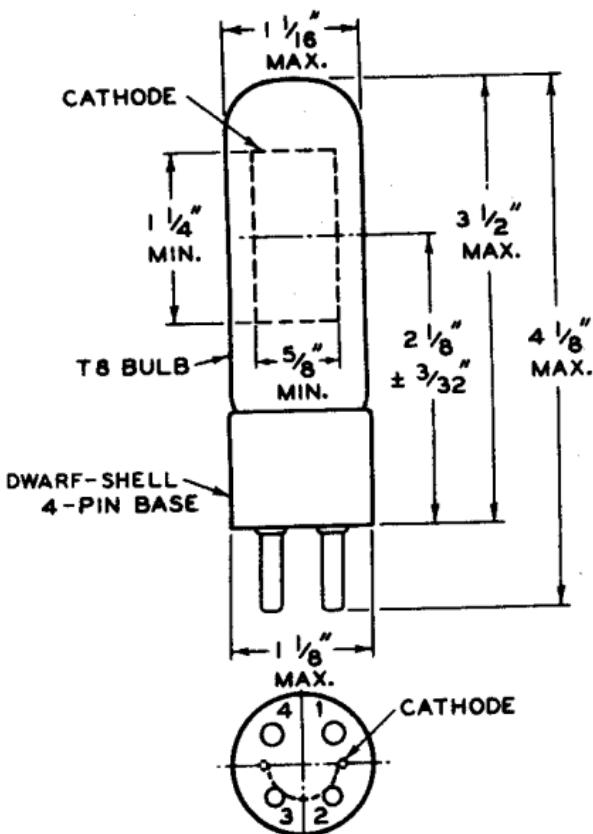
Minimum Circuit Values:

DC Load Resistance:

- With anode-supply voltage of 80 volts or less:
 → For dc currents { above 5 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm
 below 5 μ amp . . . No Minimum
- With anode-supply voltage of 100 volts:
 For dc currents { above 3 μ amp . . . 2.5 . . . megohms
 below 3 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
 of Phototube having S-4 Response
 and
 FREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS
 of Gas Phototubes
 are shown at the beginning of this Section

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS
 of Type 1P37 are the same
 as those shown under Type 5581



→ Indicates a change.

BOTTOM VIEW

92CM-470R4



IP39

IP39
IP40

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE

WITH S-4 RESPONSE

For applications critical as to leakage
under high-humidity conditions

The 1P39 is like the 929, except that the 1P39 has a maximum dark current of 0.005 μ a at 250 volts, and has a non-hygrosopic base which insures a value of resistance between anode and cathode pins about 10 times higher than conventional bases under adverse service conditions of high humidity.

← Indicates a change.



IP40

✓

GAS PHOTOTUBE

WITH S-1 RESPONSE

For applications critical as to leakage
under high-humidity conditions

The 1P40 is like the 930, except that the 1P40 has a maximum dark current of 0.005 μ a at 90 volts, and has a non-hygrosopic base which insures a value of resistance between anode and cathode pins about 10 times higher than conventional bases under adverse service conditions of high humidity.

← Indicates a change.

AUGUST 15, 1947

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DATA



IP41

IP41

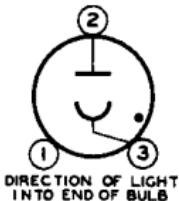
GAS PHOTOTUBE

END TYPE WITH S-I RESPONSE

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-1
Wavelength of Maximum Response.	8000 ± 1000 angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Circular
Minimum Diameter.	9/16"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	1.8 $\mu\mu$ f
Maximum Overall Length.	2-1/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-19/32"
Maximum Diameter.	13/16"
Bulb.	T-6
Mounting Position	Any
Base.	Small-Shell Peewee 3-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	2F2

Pin 1 - No
Connection



Pin 2 - Anode
Pin 3 - Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	90 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	5 max.	$\mu\mu$ amp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	75 max. $\mu\mu$ amp/sq.in.	
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^O	1.5 max.	$\mu\mu$ amp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	100 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Ave.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
DC Dark Current at 90 Volts:	-	-	0.1 . . .	$\mu\mu$ amp
Sensitivity:				
At 8000 angstroms	-	0.009	-	$\mu\mu$ amp/ $\mu\mu$ watt
Luminous: [▲]				
At 0 cps.	50	90	145	$\mu\mu$ amp/lumen
At 5000 cps	-	77	-	$\mu\mu$ amp/lumen
At 10000 cps.	-	67	-	$\mu\mu$ amp/lumen
Gas Amplification Factor. . .	-	-	8.5	

^O Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum. Average current may be doubled when anode-supply voltage is limited to 70 volts.

[▲] Measured with .06 lumen.

← Indicates a change.

IP41



IP41

GAS PHOTOTUBE

Minimum Circuit Values:

DC Load Resistance:

With anode-supply voltage of 70 volts or less:

For dc currents {	above 1.5 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm
{	below 1.5 μ amp . . . No Minimum

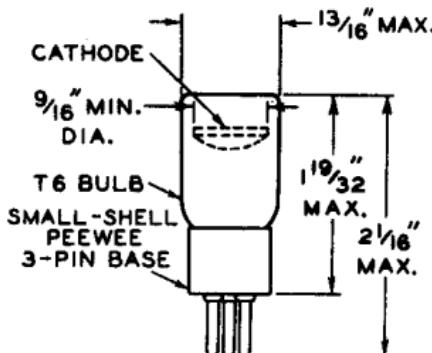
With anode-supply voltage of 90 volts:

For dc currents {	above 1.0 μ amp . . . 2.5 . . . megohms
{	below 1.0 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-1 Response
and

FREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS
of Gas Phototubes

are shown at the front of this Section



92CS-6676RI

→ Indicates a change.

NOV. 1, 1950

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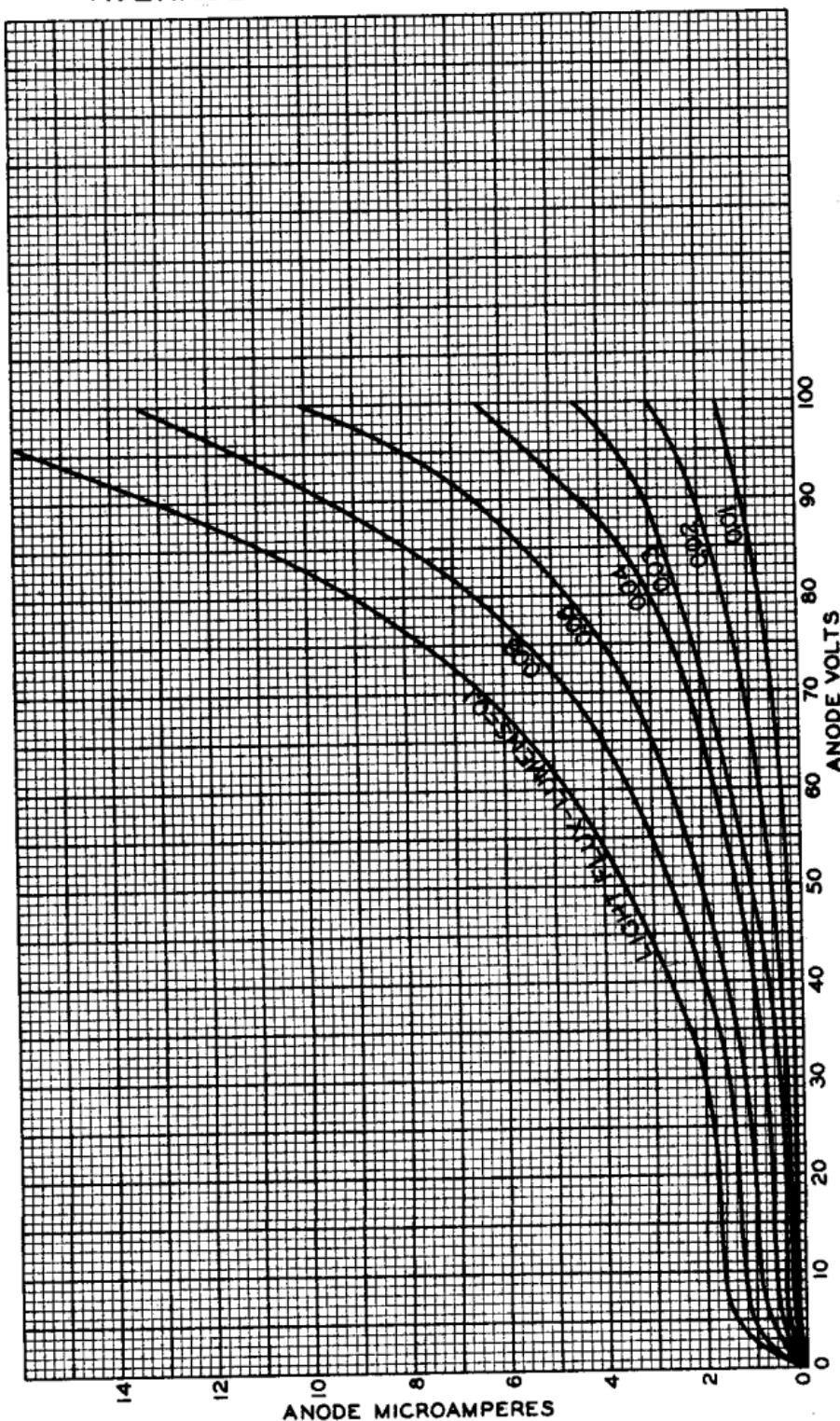
DATA



IP41

IP41

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



DEC. 13, 1946

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92CM-5217R3



IP42

IP42

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE

END TYPE WITH S-9 RESPONSE

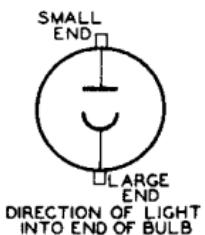
DATA

General:

Spectral Response	S-9
Wavelength of Maximum Response.	4800 \pm 500 angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Circular
Window Area	0.030 sq.in.
Minimum Diameter.	0.19"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	1.9 $\mu\mu f$
Overall Length.	1-11/32" \pm 1/16"
Maximum Diameter.	1/4"
Bulb.	T-2
Mounting Position	Any

TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

Small End: Anode



Large End: Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	180 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	1.5 max.	$\mu\mu amp$
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	100 max. $\mu\mu amp$ /sq.in.	
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^a	0.4 max.	$\mu\mu amp$
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75 max.	$^{\circ}C$

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Av.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
Dark Current at 180 Volts . . .	-	-	0.005 . . .	$\mu\mu amp$
Sensitivity:				
At 4800 Angstroms	-	0.020	-	$\mu\mu amp/\mu\mu watt$
Luminous	20	30	50	$\mu\mu amp/lumen$

^a Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

▲ Measured under conditions specified on sheet "PHOTOTUBE SENSITIVITY and SENSITIVITY MEASUREMENTS", at the front of this Section, except that the anode supply is 180 volts and the light flux is 0.015 lumen.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-9 Response
is shown at the front of this Section

← Indicates a change.

JULY 3, 1950

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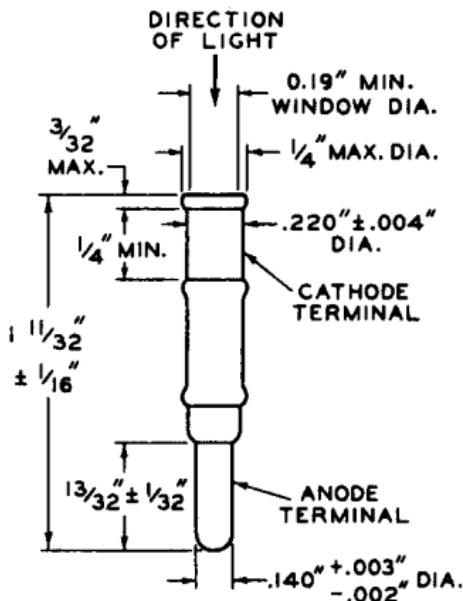
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA



IP42

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE



NOTE: WHEN TUBE IS ROTATED ABOUT THE LONGITUDINAL AXIS OF ITS CATHODE TERMINAL, NO PART OF THE ANODE TERMINAL WILL FALL OUTSIDE OF A $0.241''$ -DIAMETER CIRCLE CONCENTRIC WITH THE LONGITUDINAL AXIS OF THE CATHODE TERMINAL.

92CS-6791R2

JULY 3, 1950

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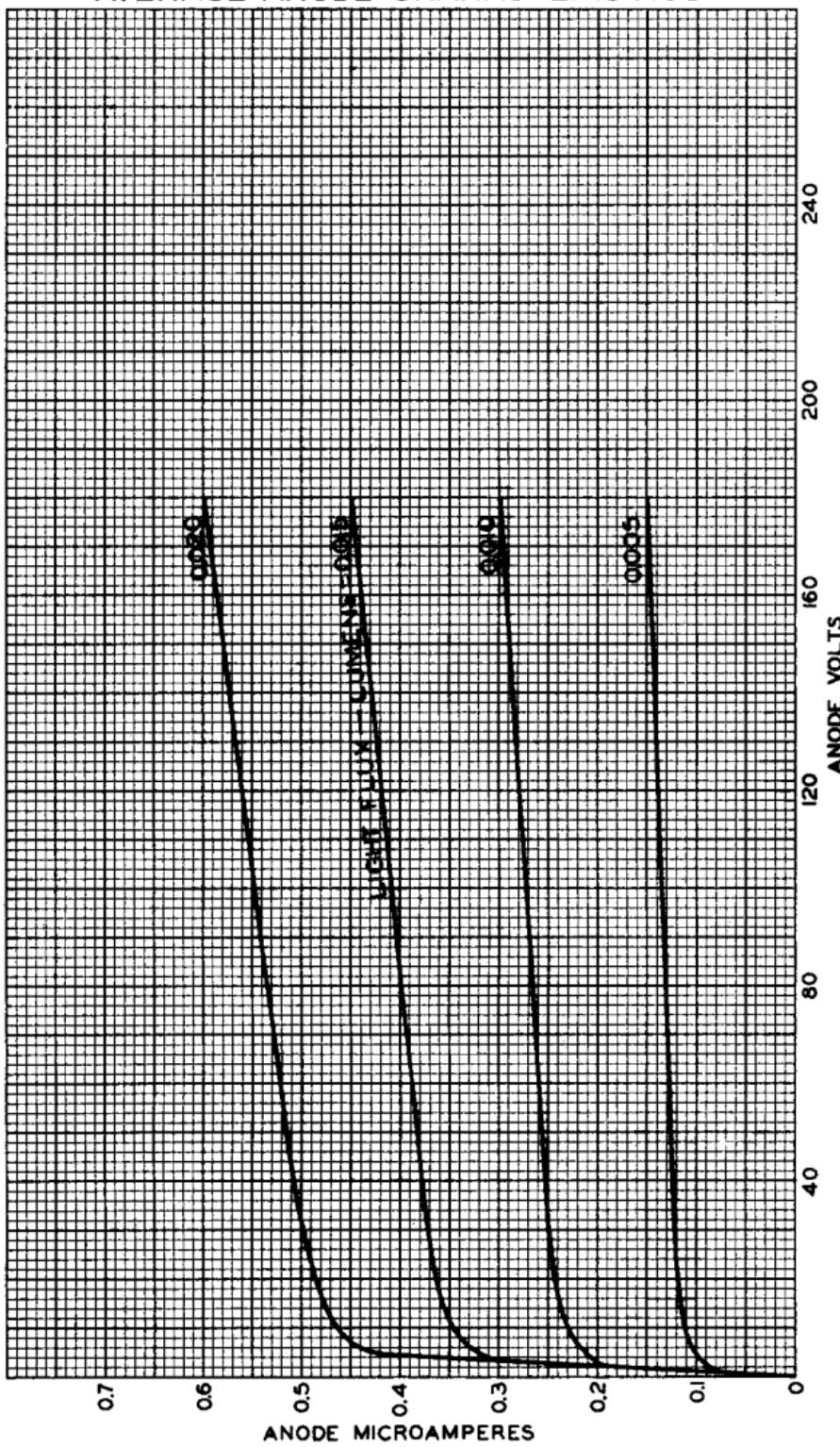
CE-6791R2

RCA

IP42

IP42

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



APRIL 7, 1950

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92CM-6783R2



868

868

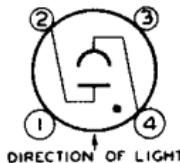
GAS PHOTOTUBE

WITH S-I RESPONSE

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-1
Wavelength of Maximum Response.	8000 ± 1000 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	1-1/4"
Minimum Projected Width*	5/8"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	3 μ uf
Maximum Overall Length.	4-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	3-1/2"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode.	2-1/8" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter.	1-1/8"
Bulb.	T-8
Mounting Position	Any
Base.	Dwarf-Shell Small 4-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	2K

Pin 1 - No
Connection
Pin 2 - Anode



Pin 3 - No
Connection
Pin 4 - Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC).	100 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.20 max.	μ amp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	100 max.	μ amp/sq.in.
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^O	5 max.	μ amp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	100 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Av.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
Dark Current at 90 Volts.	-	-	0.1	μ amp
Sensitivity:				
At 8000 Angstroms	-	0.009	-	μ amp/ μ watt
Luminous:				
At 0 Cycles	50	90	145	μ amp/lumen
At 5000 Cycles	-	77	-	μ amp/lumen
At 10000 Cycles	-	67	-	μ amp/lumen
Gas Amplification Factor.	-	-	8	

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

O Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum. Average current may be doubled when anode-supply voltage is limited to 80 volts.

← Indicates a change.



868

GAS PHOTOTUBE

Minimum Circuit Values:

DC Load Resistance:

With anode-supply voltage of 80 volts or less:

- For dc currents { above 5 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm
below 5 μ amp . . . No Minimum
With anode-supply voltage of 100 volts:
→ For dc currents { above 3 μ amp . . . 2.5 . . . megohms
below 3 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS for Type 868
are the same as those for Type 1P37

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-1 Response
and

FREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS
of Gas Phototubes

are shown at the beginning of this Section

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS
of Type 868 are the same
as those shown under Type 1P41

→ Indicates a change.

AUGUST 15, 1947

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DATA

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE

WITH ANODE-TERMINAL CAP AND S-1 RESPONSE

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-1
Wavelength of Maximum Response.	8000 ± 1000 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	1-9/16"
Minimum Projected Width*.	5/8"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	2.2 μ uf
Overall Length.	4-5/16" ± 1/8"
Seated Length	3-11/16" ± 1/8"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode.	2-1/8" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter.	1-1/8"
Bulb.	T-8
Mounting Position	Any
Cap	Small
Base.	Dwarf-Shell Small 4-Pin

BOTTOM VIEW

Pin 3 - No Connection
 Pin 4 - Cathode Cap - Anode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	500 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	30 max.	μ amp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	100 max. μ amp/sq. in.	
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^o	10 max.	μ amp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	100 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Av.</u>	<u>Max.</u>
Dark Current at 250 Volts	-	-	0.005 . . . μ amp
Sensitivity:			
At 8000 Angstroms	-	0.002	- μ amp/ μ watt
Luminous.	12	20	40 μ amp/lumen

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.
 o Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

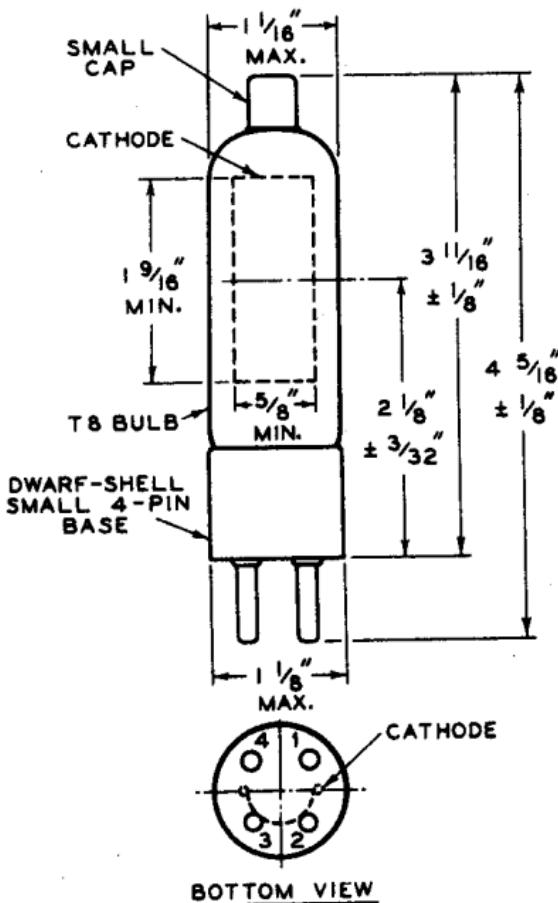
SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
 of Phototube having S-1 Response
 is shown at the beginning of this Section

← indicates a change.



917

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE



92CS-4359R4

AUGUST 15, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

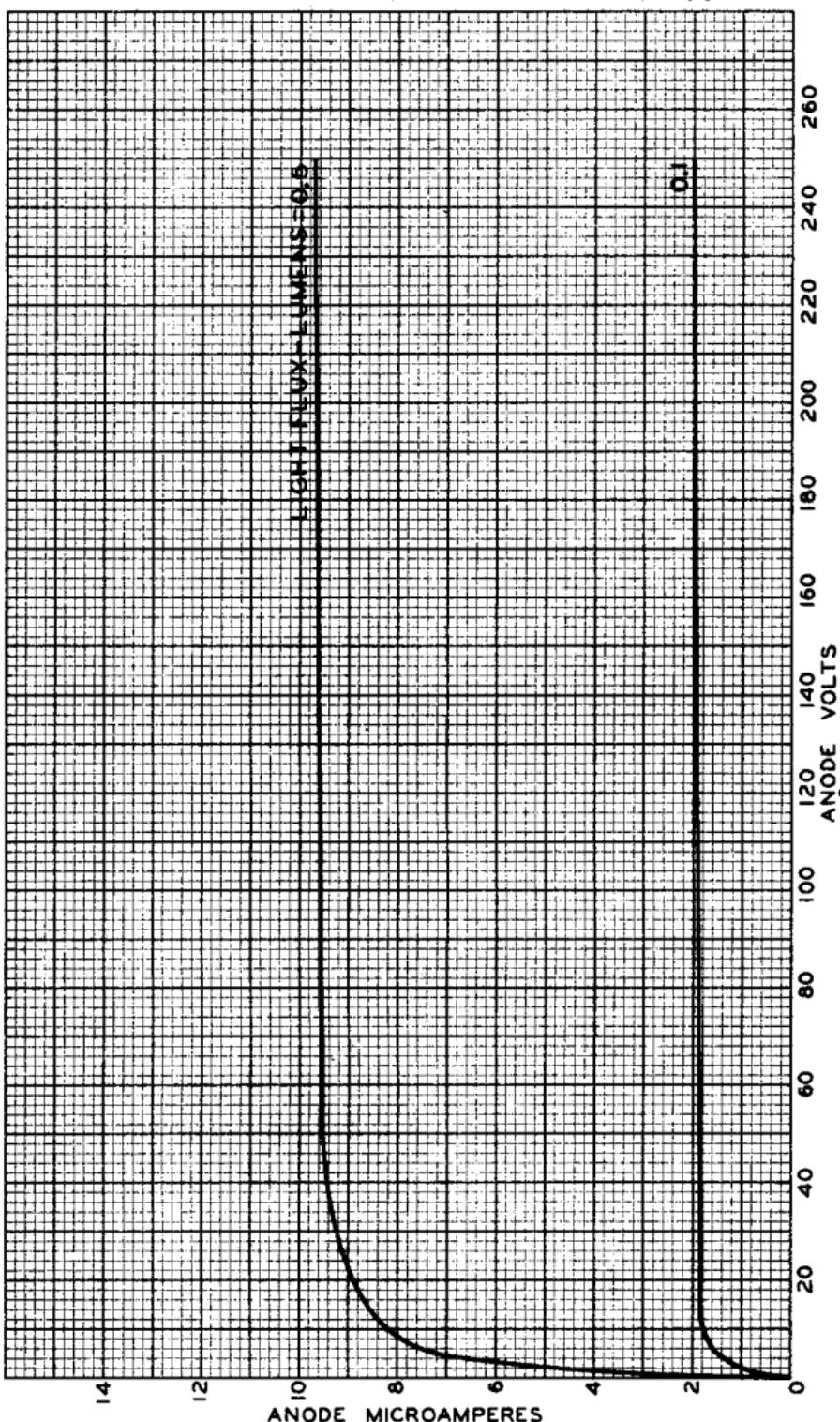
CE-4359R4

RCA

917

917

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



AUG. 6, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-436ORI

RCA

918

GAS PHOTOTUBE

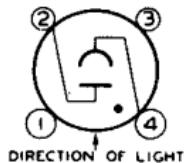
WITH S-I RESPONSE

918

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-1
Wavelength of Maximum Response	8000 ± 1000 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	1-1/4"
Minimum Projected Width*	5/8"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	3 μuf
Maximum Overall Length	4-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	3-1/2"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode	2-1/8" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	1-1/8"
Bulb	T-8
Mounting Position	Any
Base	Dwarf-Shell Small 4-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	2K

Pin 1-No
Connection
Pin 2-Anode



Pin 3-No
Connection
Pin 4-Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	90 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT	20 max.	μamp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY	100 max.	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{sq. in.}$
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^o	5 max.	μamp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	100 max.	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Av.</u>	<u>Max.</u>
Dark Current at 90 Volts. . .	-	-	0.1 . . . μamp
Sensitivity:			
At 8000 Angstroms	-	0.015	- $\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous:			
At 0 Cycles	120	150	220 $\mu\text{amp}/\text{lumen}$
At 5000 Cycles.	-	120	- $\mu\text{amp}/\text{lumen}$
At 10000 Cycles	-	105	- $\mu\text{amp}/\text{lumen}$
Gas Amplification Factor. . .	-	-	7.0

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

o Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum. Average current may be doubled when anode-supply voltage is limited to 70 volts.

< Indicates a change.

AUGUST 15, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA



918

GAS PHOTOTUBE

Minimum Circuit Values:

DC Load Resistance:

- With anode-supply voltage of 70 volts or less:
→ For dc currents { above 5 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm
 { below 5 μ amp . . . No Minimum
- With anode-supply voltage of 90 volts:
→ For dc currents { above 3 μ amp . . . 2.5 . . . megohms
 { below 3 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS for Type 918
are the same as those for Type 1P37

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-1 Response
and

FREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS
of Gas Phototubes

are shown at the beginning of this Section

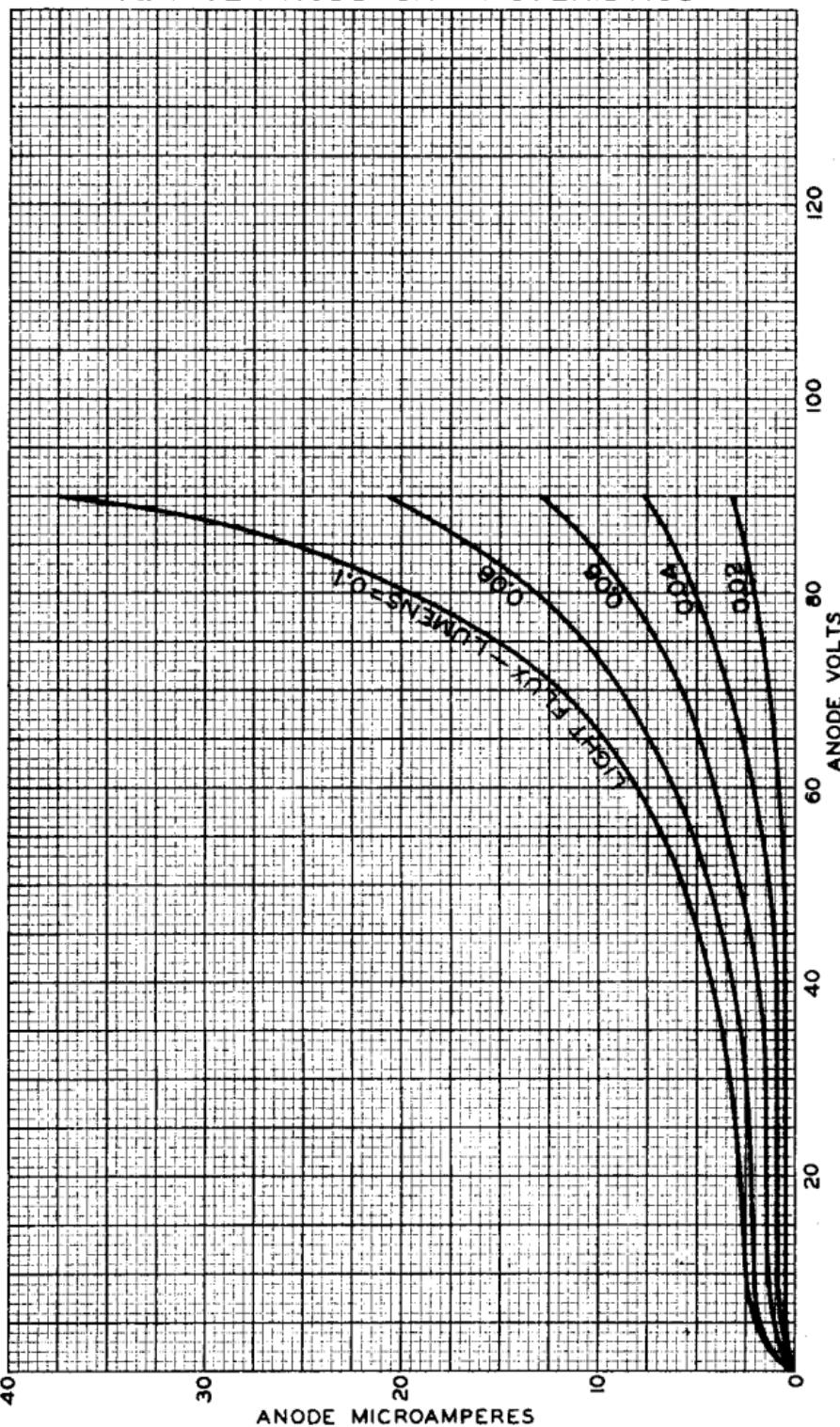
→ Indicates a change.

AUGUST 15, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



APRIL 7, 1950

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-4351R2



919

919

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE

WITH CATHODE-TERMINAL CAP AND S-1 RESPONSE

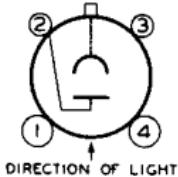
DATA

General:

Spectral Response	S-1
Wavelength of Maximum Response	8000 ± 1000 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	1-9/16"
Minimum Projected Width*	5/8"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	2 μf
Overall Length.	4-5/16" ± 1/8"
Seated Length	3-11/16" ± 1/8"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode.	2-1/8" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter.	1-1/8"
Bulb.	T-8
Mounting Position	Any
Cap	Small
Base.	Dwarf-Shell Small 4-Pin

BOTTOM VIEW

Pin 1-No
Connection
Pin 2-Anode
Pin 3-No
Connection



Pin 4-No
Connection
Cap - Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	500 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	30 max.	μamp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	100 max. $\mu\text{amp}/\text{sq. in.}$	
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT.	10 max.	μamp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	100 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Av.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
Dark Current at 250 Volts . . .	-	-	0.005 . . .	μamp
Sensitivity:				
At 8000 Angstroms	-	0.002	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous.	12	20	40	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{lumen}$

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

○ Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS for Type 919
are the same as those for Type 917

← indicates a change.

AUGUST 15, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA



919

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-1 Response
is shown at the beginning of this Section

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS
of Type 919 are the same
as those shown under Type 917



920

920

GAS PHOTOTUBE

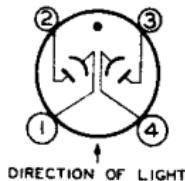
TWIN TYPE WITH S-I RESPONSE

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-1
Wavelength of Maximum Response.	8000 ± 1000 Angstroms
Cathodes (Each):	
Shape	Quarter-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	1-3/16"
Minimum Projected Width*.	1/4"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:	
Cathode to Anode◆	1.6 μuf
Cathode to Cathode□	1.8 μuf
Anode to Anode●	0.44 μuf
Maximum Overall Length.	4"
Maximum Seated Length	3-3/8"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode.	2-1/8" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter.	1-3/16"
Bulb.	T-9
Mounting Position	Any
Base.	Small-Shell Small 4-Pin

BOTTOM VIEW

Pin 1 - Cathode,
Unit No. 2
Pin 2 - Anode,
Unit No. 2



Pin 3 - Anode,
Unit No. 1
Pin 4 - Cathode,
Unit No. 1

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values (Each Unit):

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	90 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	6 max.	μamp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	50 max.	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{sq. in.}$
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT○.	2 max.	μamp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	100 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Ave.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
Dark Current at 90 Volts.	-	-	0.1	μamp
Sensitivity:				
At 8000 Angstroms	-	0.010	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous:▲				
At 0 Cycles	50	100	175	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$
At 5000 Cycles.	-	85	-	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$
At 10000 Cycles	-	74	-	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$
Gas Amplification Factor.	-	-	9	

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

◆ Each unit, with other unit grounded.

□ Anodes grounded.

● Cathodes grounded.

○ Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum. Average current may be doubled when anode-supply voltage is limited to 70 volts.

▲ Measured with .04 lumen. ← indicates a change.

920



920

GAS PHOTOTUBE

Minimum Circuit Values:

DC Load Resistance:

With anode-supply voltage of 70 volts or less:

For dc currents { above 2 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm
below 2 μ amp . . . No Minimum

With anode-supply voltage of 90 volts:

For dc currents { above 1 μ amp . . . 2.5 . . . megohms
below 1 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS for Type 920
are the same as those for Type 5584

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-1 Response
and

FREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS
of Gas Phototubes

are shown at the beginning of this Section

→ Indicates a change.

AUGUST 15, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

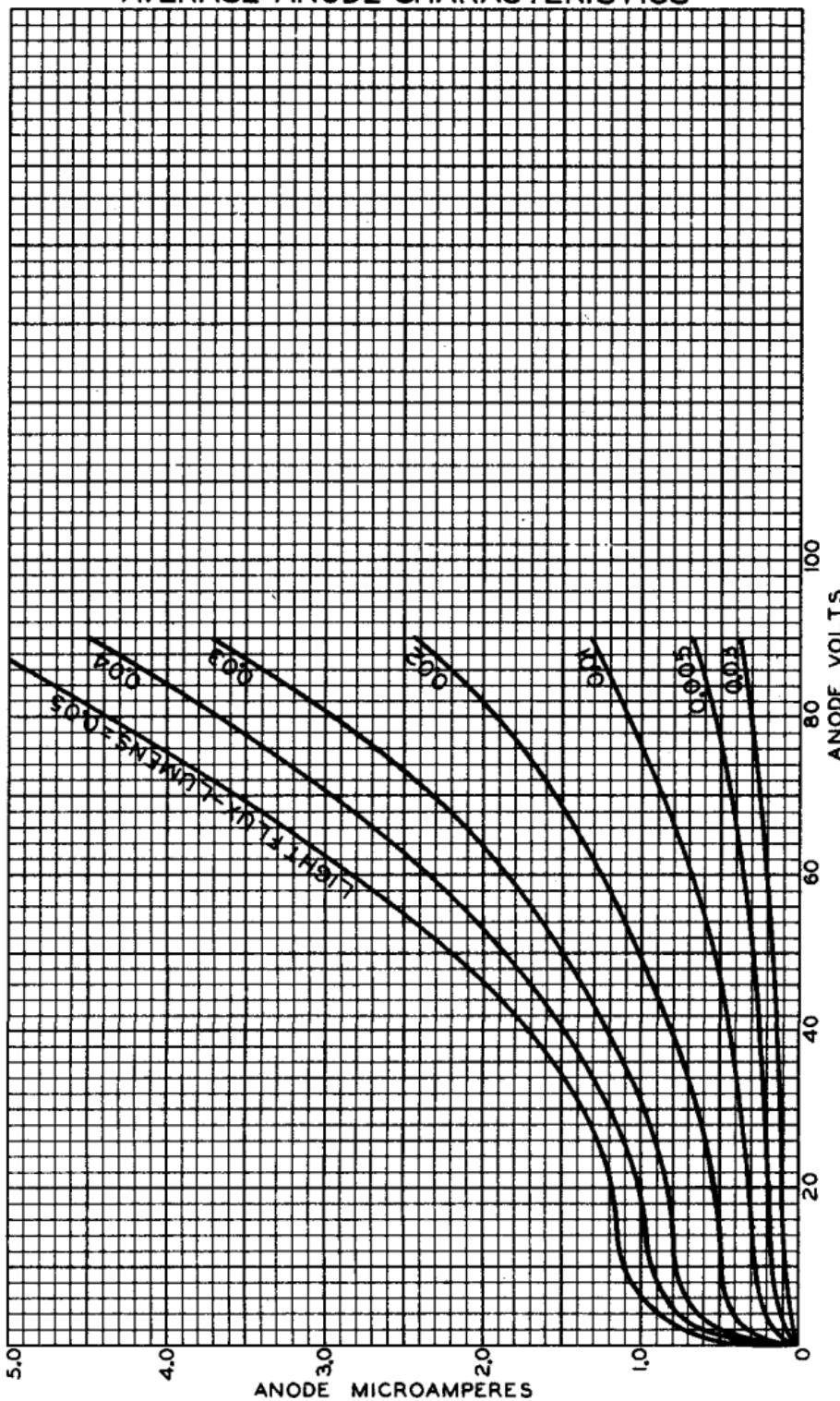
DATA

RCA

920

920

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



SEPT. 19, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-4618R3



921

GAS PHOTOTUBE

CARTRIDGE TYPE WITH S-1 RESPONSE

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-1
Wavelength of Maximum Response.	8000 ± 1000 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	7/8"
Minimum Projected Width*	1/2"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	1.0 μ uf
Overall Length.	1-21/32" ± 1/16"
Seated Length	1-13/32" ± 1/32"
Length, Cathode Center to plane A-A' (see outline)	11/16" ± 1/16"
Maximum Diameter.	0.890"
Mounting Position	Any
Terminal Caps	See Outline

BOTTOM VIEW

RECESSED □

Recessed Terminal } Anode



Protruding Terminal } Cathode

DIRECTION OF LIGHT:
INTO CONCAVE SIDE
OF CATHODE**Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:**

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	90 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	10 max.	μ amp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	100 max.	μ amp/sq.in.
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^o	3 max.	μ amp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	100 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Av.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
Dark Current at 90 Volts.	-	-	0.1	μ amp
Sensitivity:				
At 8000 Angstroms	-	0.0135	-	μ amp/ μ watt
Luminous: [▲]				
At 0 Cycles	75	135	205	μ amp/lumen
At 5000 Cycles.	-	119	-	μ amp/lumen
At 10000 Cycles	-	108	-	μ amp/lumen
Gas Amplification Factor.	-	-	10	

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

o Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum. Average current may be doubled when anode-supply voltage is limited to 70 volts.

▲ Measured under conditions specified on sheet "PHOTOTUBE SENSITIVITY and SENSITIVITY MEASUREMENTS", at the front of this Section.

← indicates a change.



GAS PHOTOTUBE

Minimum Circuit Values:

DC Load Resistance:

With anode-supply voltage of 70 volts or less:

For dc currents {	above 3 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . .	megohm
below 3 μ amp . . . No Minimum		

With anode-supply voltage of 90 volts:

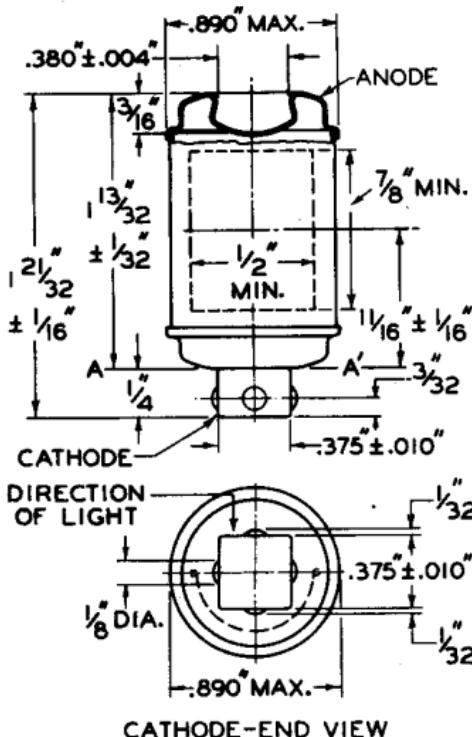
For dc currents {	above 2 μ amp . . . 2.5 . . .	megohms
below 2 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . .	megohm	

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-1 Response
and

FREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS
of Gas Phototubes

are shown at the front of this Section

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS
of Type 921 are the same
as those shown under Type 930



CATHODE-END VIEW

92CM-4789R4

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE

CARTRIDGE TYPE WITH S-1 RESPONSE

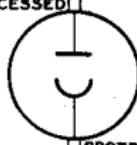
DATAGeneral:

Spectral Response	S-1
Wavelength of Maximum Response.	8000 ± 1000 Angstroms
<u>Cathode:</u>	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	5/8"
Minimum Projected Width*.	1/2"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	1 μuf
Overall Length.	1-21/32" ± 1/16"
Seated Length	1-13/32" ± 1/32"
Length, Cathode Center to plane A-A' (see outline)	11/16" ± 1/16"
Maximum Diameter.	0.890"
Mounting Position	Any
Terminal Caps	See Outline

BOTTOM VIEW

RECESSED

Recessed Terminal } Anode



Protruding Terminal } Cathode

PROTRUDING
DIRECTION OF LIGHT:
INTO CONCAVE SIDE
OF CATHODE

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	500 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	15 max.	μamp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	100 max.	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{sq. in.}$
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^o	5 max.	μamp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	100 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Ave.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
Dark Current at 250 Volts . . .	-	-	0.005 . . .	μamp
<u>Sensitivity:</u>				
At 8000 Angstroms	-	0.002	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous.	12	20	40	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$

- * on plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.
- ^o Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-1 Response
is shown at the beginning of this Section

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS
of Type 922 are the same
as those shown under Type 917

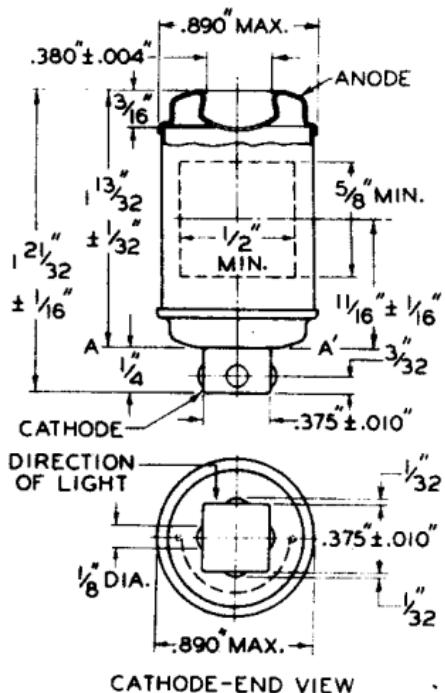
← indicates a change.

922



922

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE



92CM-4818R2

AUGUST 15, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

CE-4818R2



923

GAS PHOTOTUBE

WITH S-I RESPONSE

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-1
Wavelength of Maximum Response	8000 ± 1000 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	13/16"
Minimum Projected Width*	5/8"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	2 μ uf
Maximum Overall Length	3-9/16"
Maximum Seated Length	2-15/16"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode	1-31/32" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	1-3/16"
Bulb	T-9
Mounting Position	Any
Base	Small-Shell Small 4-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	2K

Pin 1 - No.

Connection

Pin 2 - Anode

Pin 3 - No.

Connection

Pin 4 - Cathode

DIRECTION OF LIGHT

Maximum Ratings, Characteristics, and Curves
for the 923
are the same as those shown
for Type 930

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

<- Indicates a change.

AUGUST 15, 1947

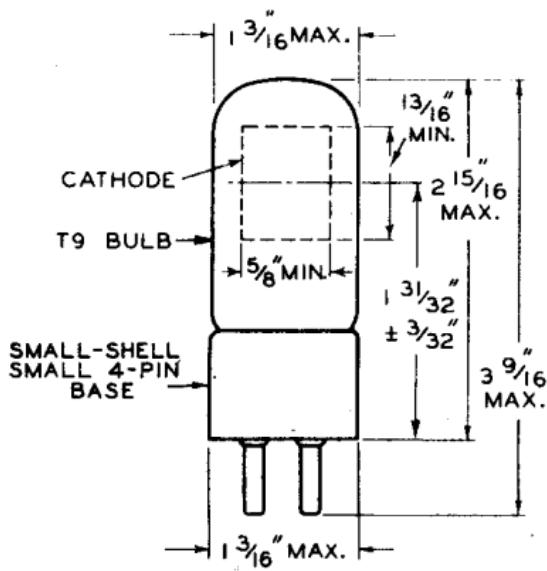
TUBE DEPARTMENT

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA

923

923 GAS PHOTOTUBE

BOTTOM VIEW

92CM-4788R3

AUGUST 15, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

CE-4788R3



924

GAS PHOTOTUBE

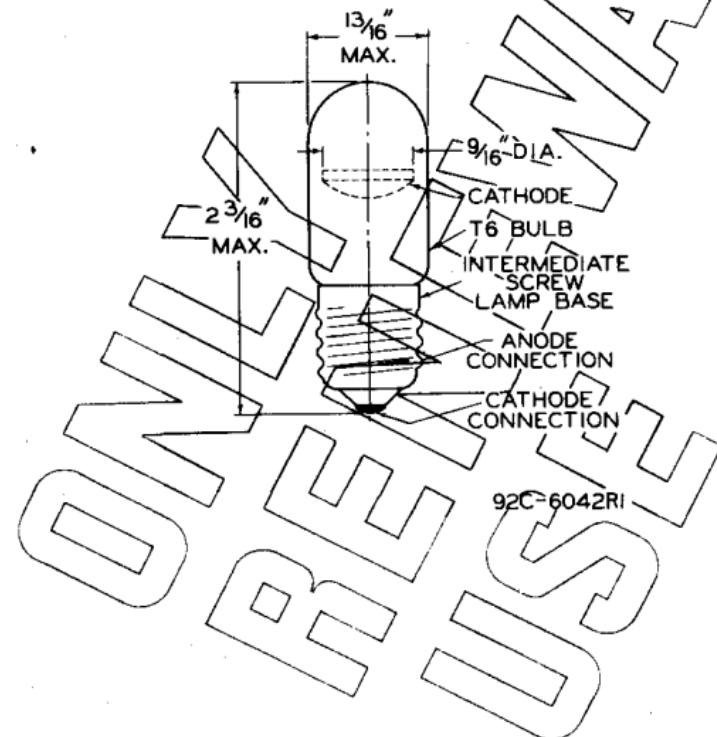
END TYPE

RED—INFRARED SENSITIVE

924

The 924 is the same electrically as the 1P41 with the exception of its interelectrode capacitance. Mechanically, the 924 and 1P41 differ as to base, base connections, and overall length.

Direct Interelectrode Capacitance. 2.6 μ uf
Overall Length 2-1/16" ± 1/8"
Base Intermediate Screw



FOR

JUNE 20, 1946

TUBE DIVISION

DATA

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

RCA

925

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE

SHORT TYPE WITH S-1 RESPONSE

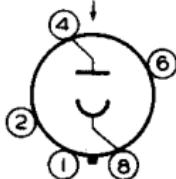
925

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-1
Wavelength of Maximum Response.	8000 \pm 1000 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*.	13/16"
Minimum Projected Width*.	5/8"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	1.6 μuf
Maximum Overall Length.	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-1/16"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode.	1-9/32" \pm 3/32"
Maximum Diameter.	1-9/32"
Bulb.	T-9
Mounting Position	Any
Base.	Intermediate-Shell Octal 5-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	3J

DIRECTION OF LIGHT

Pin 1 - No
Connection
Pin 2 - No
Connection



Pin 4 - Anode
Pin 6 - No
Connection
Pin 8 - Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	250 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	15 max.	μamp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	100 max.	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{sq. in.}$
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^o	5 max.	μamp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	100 max.	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Characteristics:

	Min.	Av.	Max.	
Dark Current at 250 Volts . . .	-	-	0.0125	μamp
Sensitivity:				
At 8000 Angstroms	-	0.0015	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous.	10	20	40	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{lumen}$

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

o Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-1 Response
is shown at the beginning of this Section

← Indicates a change.

AUGUST 15, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

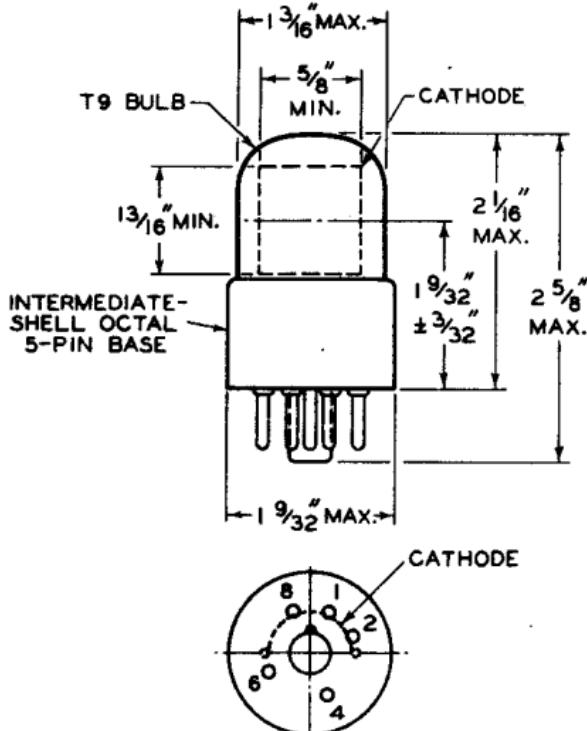
DATA

925



925

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE

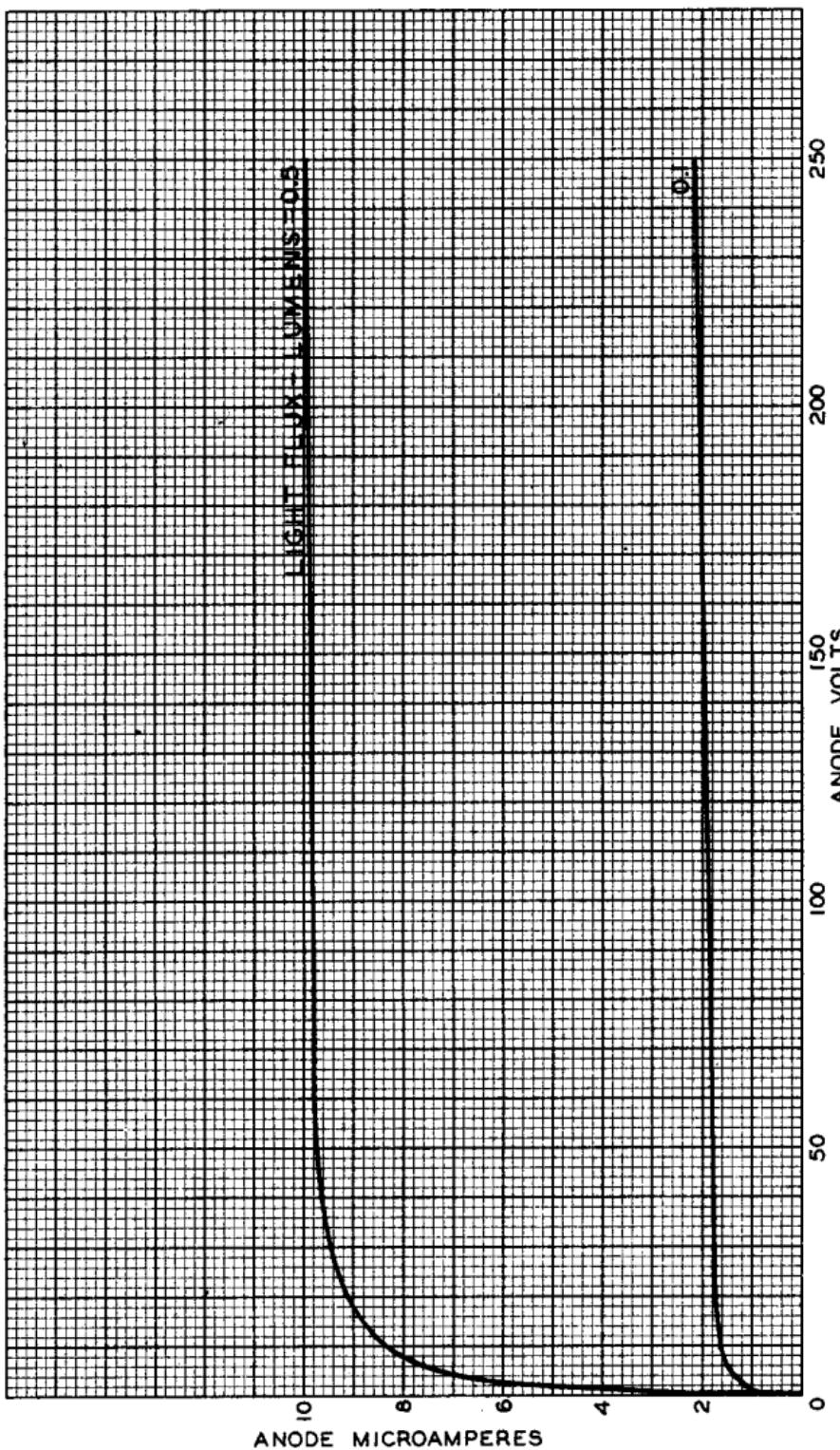
BOTTOM VIEW

92CM-6054R2



925

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



JULY 31, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-6208R1

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE

CARTRIDGE TYPE WITH S-3 RESPONSE

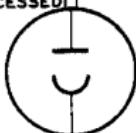
DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-3
Wavelength of Maximum Response.	4200 ± 1000 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*.	7/8"
Minimum Projected Width*.	1/2"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	1 μ uf
Overall Length.	1-21/32" ± 1/16"
Seated Length	1-13/32" ± 1/32"
Length, Cathode Center to plane A-A' (see outline)	11/16" ± 1/16"
Maximum Diameter.	0.890"
Mounting Position	Any
Terminal Caps	See Outline

BOTTOM VIEW

RECESSED □

Recessed } Anode



Protruding } Cathode

DIRECTION OF LIGHT:
INTO CONCAVE SIDE
OF CATHODE**Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:**

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	500 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	15 max.	μ amp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	100 max.	μ amp/sq. in.
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT.	5 max.	μ amp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	100 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	Min.	Av.	Max.	
Dark Current at 250 Volts . . .	-	-	0.005 . . .	μ amp
Sensitivity:				
At 4200 Angstroms	-	0.0016	-	μ amp/ μ watt
Luminous▲	4	6.5	15	μ amp/lumen

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

○ Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

▲ Measured under conditions specified on sheet "PHOTOTUBE SENSITIVITY and SENSITIVITY MEASUREMENTS" at the front of this Section.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS for Type 926
are the same as those for Type 921

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-3 Response
is shown at the front of this Section

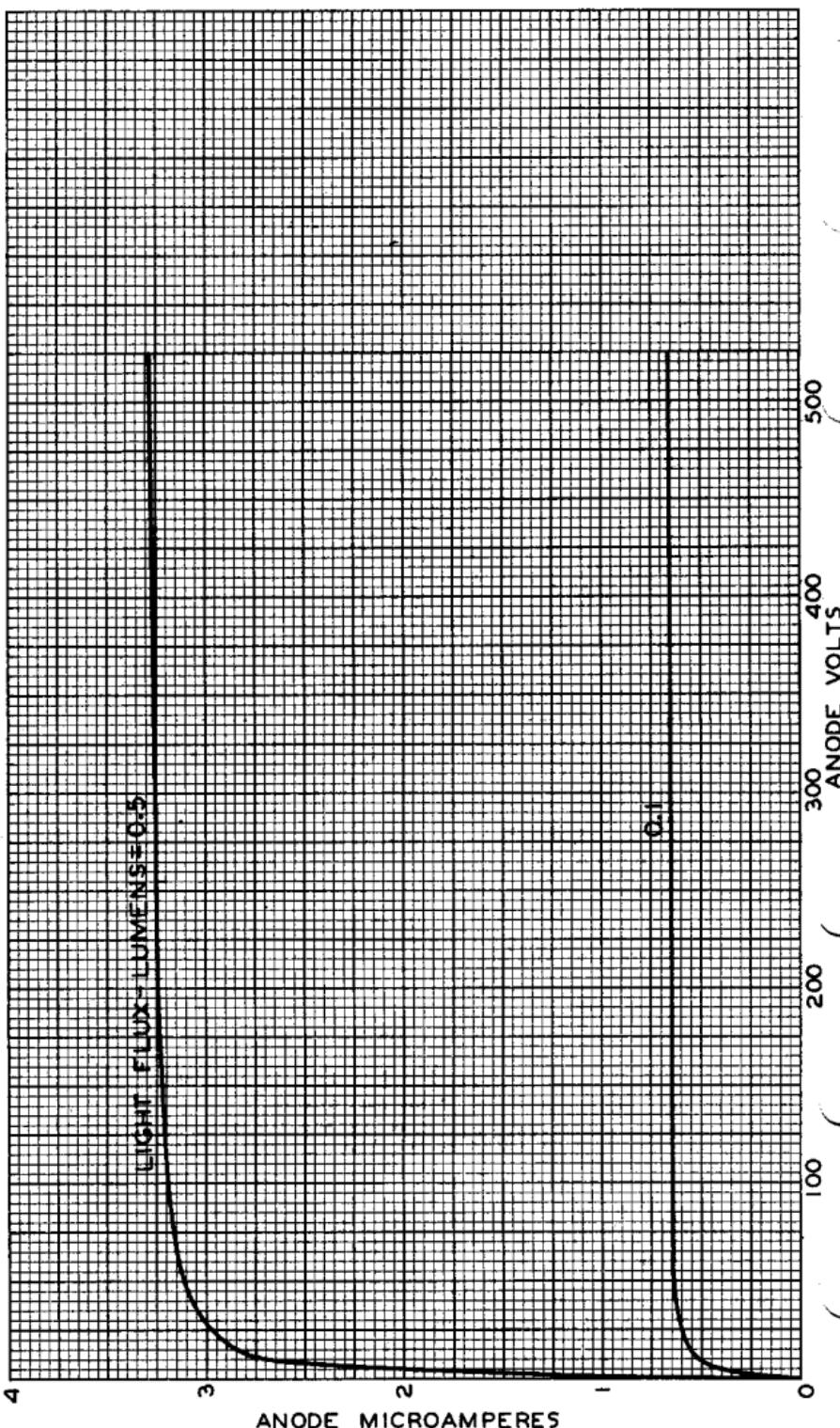
← indicates a change.

926



926

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



AUG. 4, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM - 6209RI



927

927

GAS PHOTOTUBE

WITH S-I RESPONSE

DATA

General:

Spectral Response	S-1
Wavelength of Maximum Response.	8000 ± 1000 angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	11/16"
Minimum Projected Width*.	7/16"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	2 μuf
Maximum Overall Length.	2-13/32" ←
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16" ←
Seated Length to Center of Cathode.	1-1/4" ± 3/32" ←
Maximum Diameter.	0.669" ←
Bulb.	T-5-1/4 ←
Mounting Position	Any
Base.	Small-Shell Peewee 3-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	2F

DIRECTION OF LIGHT

Pin 1 - No
Connection



Pin 2 - Anode
Pin 3 - Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	90 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	6 max.	μamp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	100 max.	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{sq.in.}$
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT [○]	2 max.	μamp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	100 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Av.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
DC Dark Current [■]	-	-	0.1	μamp
Sensitivity:				
At 8000 angstroms	-	0.0125	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous:				
At 0 cps.	75	125	185	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$
At 5000 cps	--	110	-	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$
At 10000 cps.	-	100	-	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$
Gas Amplification Factor.	-	-	10	

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

○ Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum. Average current may be doubled when anode-supply voltage is limited to 70 volts.

■ At 25°C and 90 volts.

← Indicates a change.



927 GAS PHOTOTUBE

Minimum Circuit Values:

DC Load Resistance:

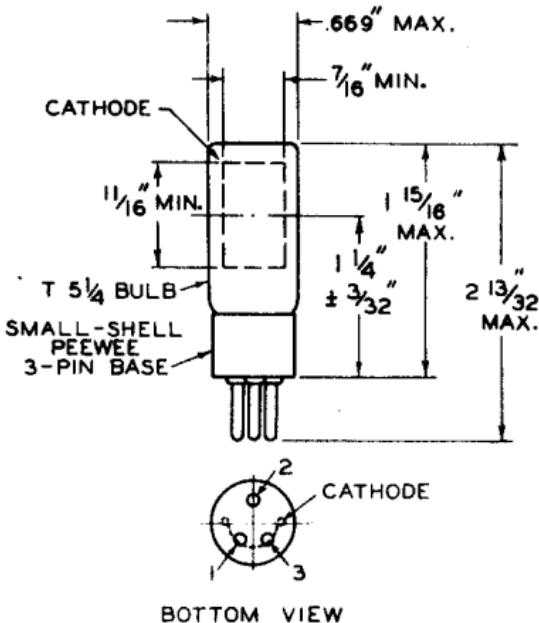
With anode-supply voltage of 70 volts or less:

For dc currents { above 2 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm
below 2 μ amp . . . No Minimum

With anode-supply voltage of 90 volts:

For dc currents { above 1.0 μ amp . . . 2.5 . . . megohms
below 1.0 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-1 Response
and
FREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS
of Gas Phototubes
are shown at the front of this Section



92CM-6053R4

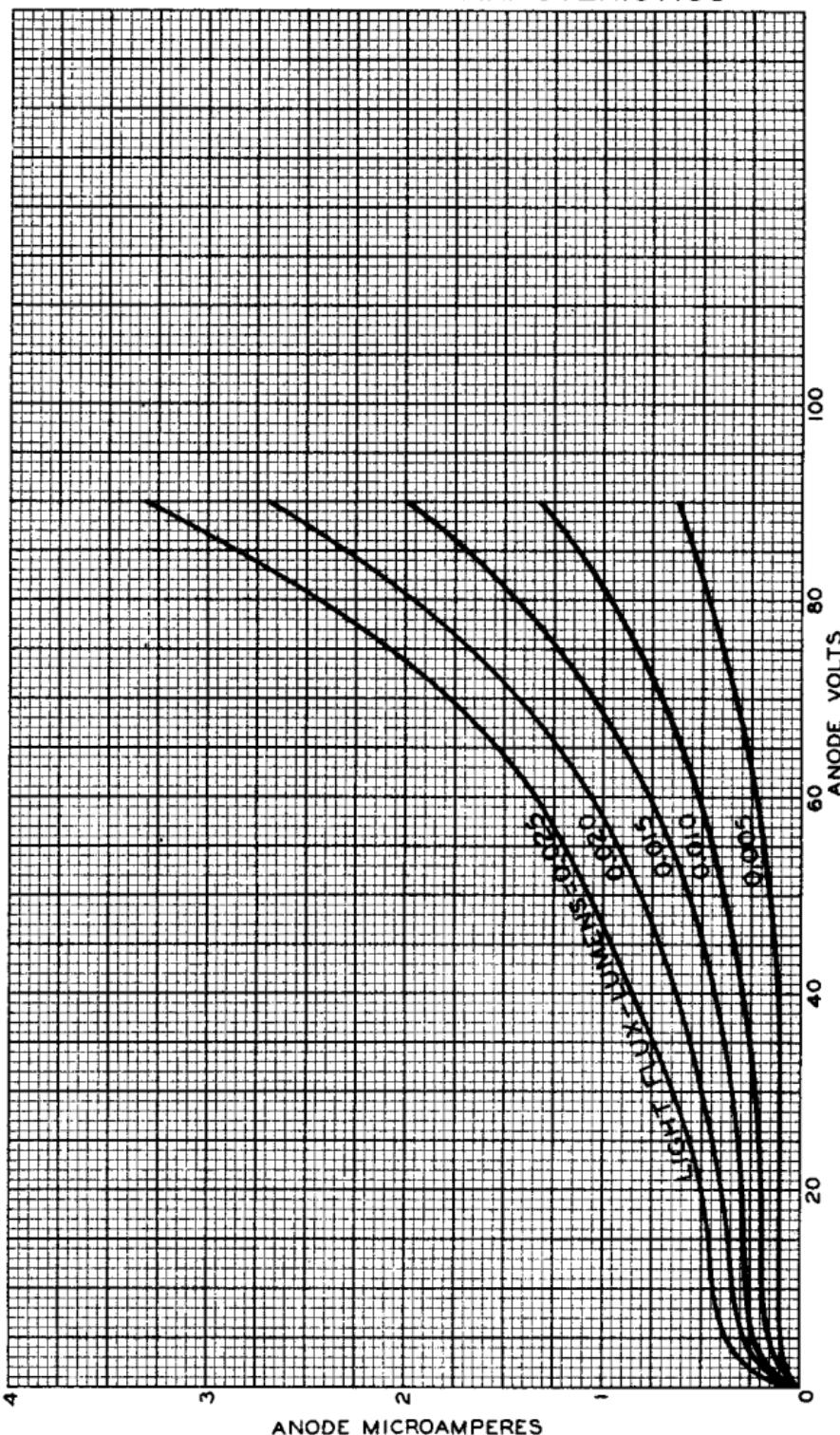
→ Indicates a change.

SEPT. 1, 1950

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



APRIL 5, 1950

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-6258R2



928

928

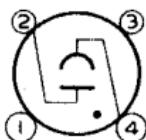
GAS PHOTOTUBE

NON-DIRECTIONAL TYPE WITH S-1 RESPONSE

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-1
Wavelength of Maximum Response.	8000 ± 1000 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Cylindrical Mesh
Minimum Length.	13/16"
Minimum Diameter.	5/8"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	3 $\mu\mu f$
Maximum Overall Length.	3-9/16"
Maximum Seated Length	2-15/16"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode.	1-31/32" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter.	1-3/16"
Bulb.	T-9
Mounting Position	Any
Base.	Small-Shell Small 4-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	2K1

Pin 1 - No
Connection
Pin 2 - Anode



Pin 3 - No
Connection
Pin 4 - Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	90 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	10 max.	$\mu\mu amp$
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	100 max.	$\mu\mu amp/sq.in.$
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^o	3 max.	$\mu\mu amp$
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	100 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Av.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
Dark Current at 90 Volts.	-	-	0.1	$\mu\mu amp$
Sensitivity:				
At 8000 Angstroms	-	0.0065	-	$\mu\mu amp/\mu\mu watt$
Luminous:				
At 0 Cycles	40	65	100	$\mu\mu amp/lumen$
At 5000 Cycles.	-	56	-	$\mu\mu amp/lumen$
At 10000 Cycles	-	50	-	$\mu\mu amp/lumen$
Gas Amplification Factor.	-	-	10	

^o Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum. Average current may be doubled when anode-supply voltage is limited to 70 volts.

<--Indicates a change.

AUGUST 15, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA



928

GAS PHOTOTUBE

Minimum Circuit Values:

DC Load Resistance:

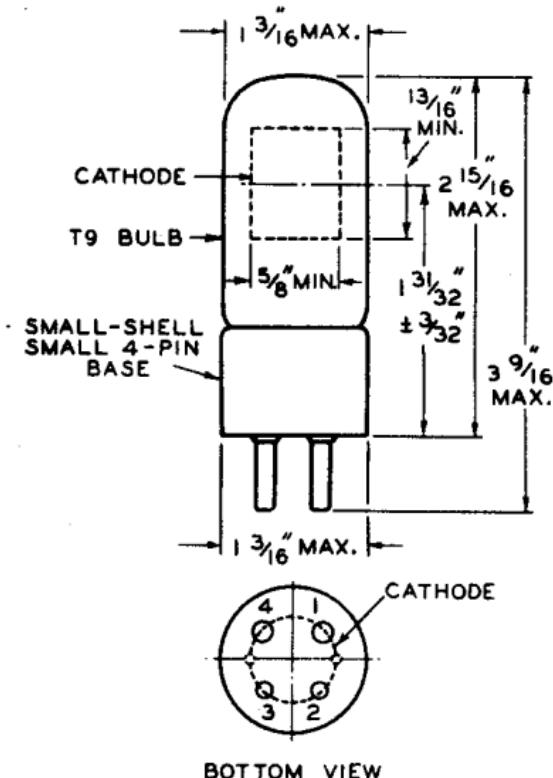
With anode-supply voltage of 70 volts or less:

For dc currents { above 3 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm
below 3 μ amp . . . No Minimum

With anode-supply voltage of 90 volts:

For dc currents { above 2 μ amp . . . 2.5 . . . megohms
below 2 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-1 Response
and
FREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS
of Gas Phototubes
are shown at the beginning of this Section



92CM-6IIIR2

→ Indicates a change.

AUGUST 15, 1947

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RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

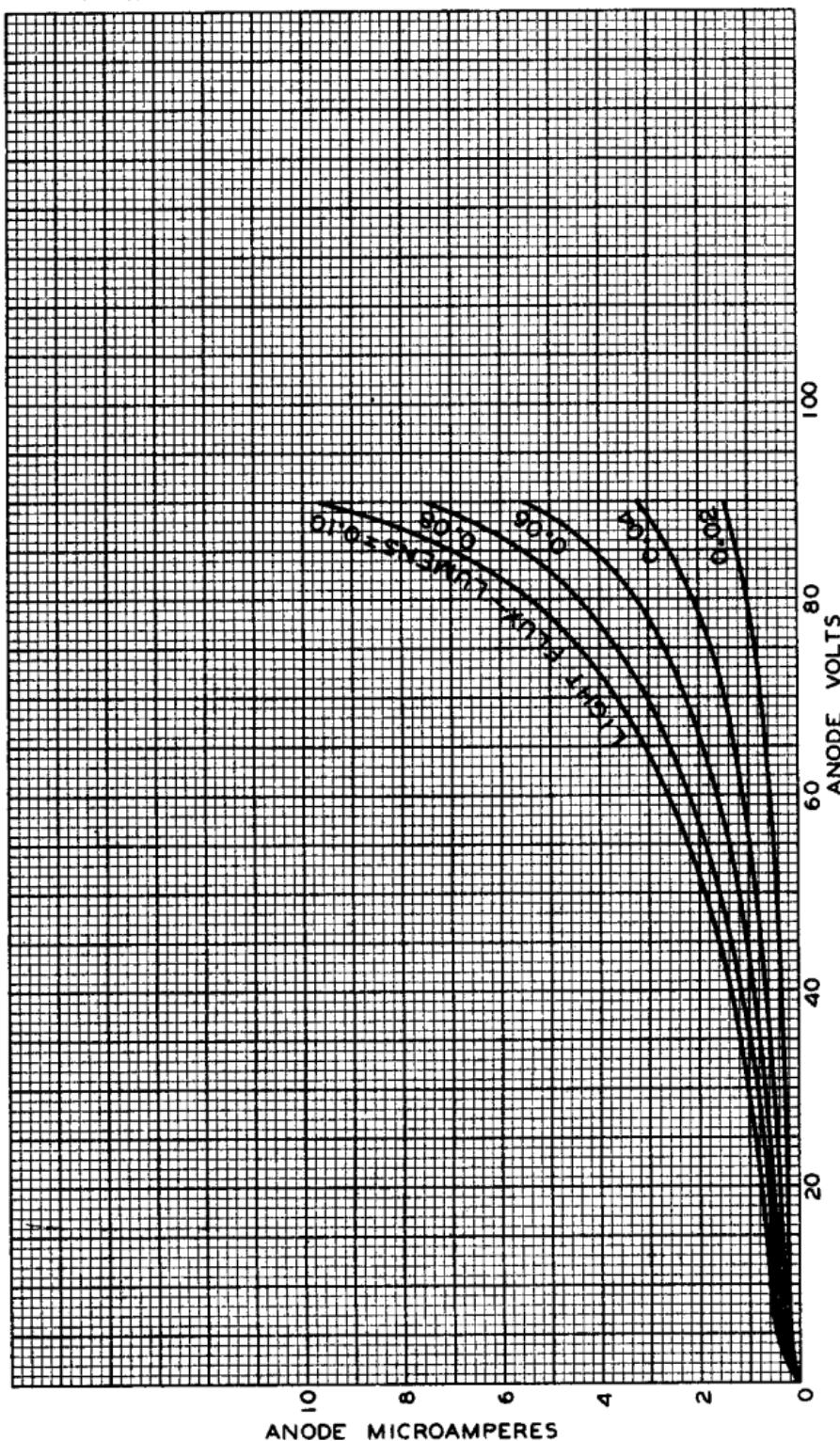
DATA



928

928

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



JAN. 16, 1940

TUBE DEPARTMENT

92CM - 6117



929

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE

WITH S-4 RESPONSE

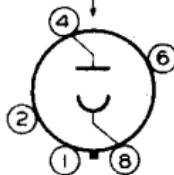
929

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-4
Wavelength of Maximum Response.	4000 \pm 500 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*.	13/16"
Minimum Projected Width*.	5/8"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	2.6 μuf
Maximum Overall Length.	3-1/16"
Maximum Seated Length	2-1/2"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode.	1-5/8" \pm 3/32"
Maximum Diameter.	1-9/32"
Bulb.	T-9
Mounting Position	Any
Base.	Intermediate-Shell Octal 5-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	3J

DIRECTION OF LIGHT

Pin 1 - No Connection
 Pin 2 - No Connection



Pin 4 - Anode
 Pin 6 - No Connection
 Pin 8 - Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	250 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	20 max.	μamp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	100 max. $\mu\text{amp}/\text{sq.in.}$	
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^o	5 max.	μamp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75 max.	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Ave.</u>	<u>Max.</u>
Dark Current at 250 Volts . . .	-	-	0.0125 . . . μamp
Sensitivity:			
At 4000 Angstroms	-	0.042	- $\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous.	25	45	70 $\mu\text{amp/lumen}$

* on plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

o Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS for Type 929
 are the same as those for Type 5581

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
 of Phototube having S-4 Response
 is shown at the beginning of this Section

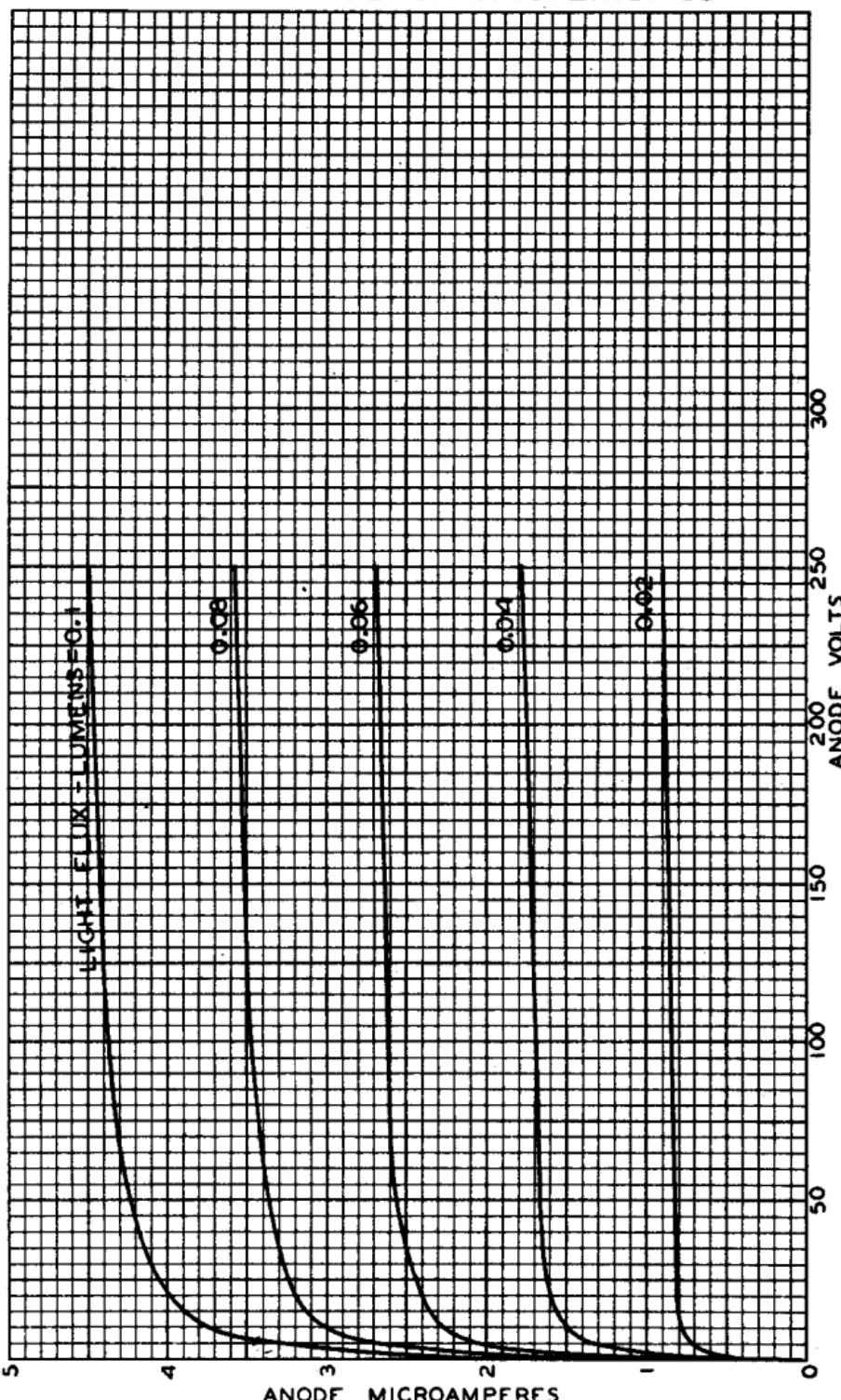
← indicates a change.

929



929

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



AUG. 4, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-615IRI



930

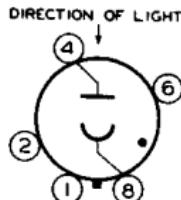
GAS PHOTOTUBE

WITH S-I RESPONSE

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-1
Wavelength of Maximum Response.	8000 ± 1000 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	13/16"
Minimum Projected Width*.	5/8"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	2.4 μ uf
Maximum Overall Length.	3-1/16"
Maximum Seated Length	2-1/2"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode.	1-5/8" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter.	1-9/32"
Bulb.	T-9
Mounting Position	Any
Base.	Intermediate-Shell Octal 5-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	3J1

Pin 1 - No
Connection
Pin 2 - No
Connection



Pin 4 - Anode
Pin 6 - No
Connection
Pin 8 - Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC).	90 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	10 max.	μ amp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	100 max. μ amp/sq.in.	
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^O	3 max.	μ amp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	100 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Av.</u>	<u>Max.</u>
Dark Current at 90 Volts	-	-	0.1 . . μ amp
Sensitivity:			
At 8000 Angstroms	-	0.0135	- μ amp/ μ watt
Luminous:			
At 0 Cycles	75	135	205 μ amp/lumen
At 5000 Cycles	-	111	- μ amp/lumen
At 10000 Cycles	-	101	- μ amp/lumen
Gas Amplification Factor.	-	-	10

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

O Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum. Average current may be doubled when anode-supply voltage is limited to 70 volts.

← Indicates a change.

AUGUST 15, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA

930



930

GAS PHOTOTUBE

Minimum Circuit Values:

DC Load Resistance:

With anode-supply voltage of 70 volts or less:

→ For dc currents { above 3 μ amp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm
below 3 μ amp . . . No Minimum

With anode-supply voltage of 90 volts:

For dc currents { above 2 μ amp . . . 2.5 . . . megohms
below 2 μ amp . . . 1 . . . megohm

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS for Type 930
are the same as those for Type 5581

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-1 Response
and

FREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS
of Gas Phototubes

are shown at the beginning of this Section

→ Indicates a change.

AUGUST 15, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT

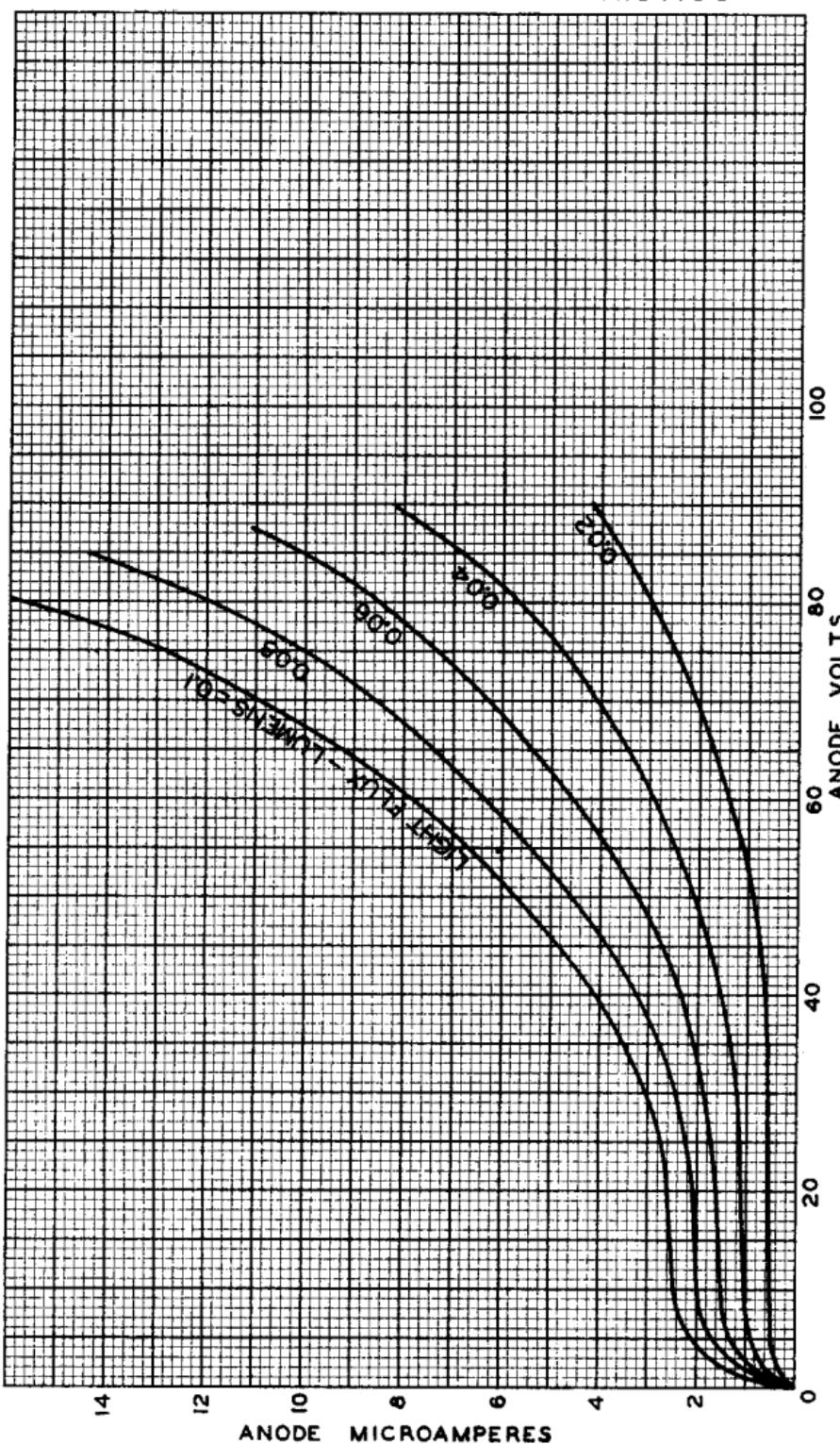
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA



930

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



AUG. 4, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM - 4806RI

931-A

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

9-STAGE TYPE with S-4 RESPONSE

DATA

General:

Spectral Response	S-4
Wavelength of Maximum Response	4000 ± 500 angstroms
Cathode:	
Minimum Projected Length*	15/16"
Minimum Projected Width*	5/16"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:	
Anode to Dynode No.9	4 μf
Anode to All Other Electrodes.	6.5 μf
Maximum Overall Length	3-11/16"
Maximum Seated Length.	3-1/8"
Length, Base Seat to Center of Useful Cathode Area	1-15/16" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	1-5/16"
Bulb	T-9
Mounting Position.	Any
Base	Small-Shell Submagnal 11-Pin, Non-Hygrosopic
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	11K

- Pin 1 - Dynode No.1
- Pin 2 - Dynode No.2
- Pin 3 - Dynode No.3
- Pin 4 - Dynode No.4
- Pin 5 - Dynode No.5
- Pin 6 - Dynode No.6



- Pin 7 - Dynode No.7
- Pin 8 - Dynode No.8
- Pin 9 - Dynode No.9
- Pin 10 - Anode
- Pin 11 - Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)□ . . .	1250	max.	volts
SUPPLY VOLTAGE BETWEEN DYNODE No.9 and ANODE (DC or Peak AC).	250	max.	volts
PEAK ANODE CURRENT	10	max.	ma
AVERAGE ANODE CURRENT□	1	max.	ma
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75	max.	°C

Characteristics:

*With 100 volts per dynode stage and
100 volts between dynode No.9 and anode*

Min. Av. Max.

DC Anode Dark Current*	- - 0.1	μamp
------------------------	-------------------------------------------	------

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

□ Referred to cathode.

○ Average over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

At 25°C. Dark current due to thermionic emission and ion feedback may be reduced by the use of refrigerants.

● For maximum signal-to-noise ratio, operation below 1000 volts is recommended.

← Indicates a change.



MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

Sensitivity:	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Avg.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
At 4000 angstroms.	-	18600	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous:				
Cathode [§]	-	20	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{lumen}$
Anode: [▲]				
At 0 cps	4.5	20	300	amp/lumen
At 100 Mc.	-	19	-	amp/lumen
Current Amplification [■] . . .	-	1×10^6	-	
Equivalent Noise Input [*] . .	-	7×10^{-12}	-	lumen

→ Characteristics:

With 75 volts per dynode stage
and 50 volts between dynode No. 9 and anode

Sensitivity:	<u>Avg.</u>	
At 4000 angstroms.	2800	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous:		
Cathode [§]	20	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{lumen}$
Anode [▲] , 0 cps.	3	amp/lumen
Current Amplification [■]	150000	

[§] For conditions the same as shown under Anode Luminous Sensitivity except that the value of light flux is 0.01 lumen and that 100 volts are applied between cathode and all other electrodes connected together as anode.

[▲] Measured under conditions specified on sheet "PHOTOTUBE SENSITIVITY AND SENSITIVITY MEASUREMENTS" at the front of this section.

[■] Ratio of anode sensitivity to cathode sensitivity.

^{*} Defined as the value where the rms output current is equal to the rms noise current determined under the following conditions: 100 volts per stage, 25°C tube temperature, ac-amplifier bandwidth of 1 cycle per second, tungsten light source at 2870°K interrupted at a low audio frequency to produce incident radiation pulses alternating between zero and the value stated. The "on" period of the pulse is equal to the "off" period. The output current is measured through a filter which passes only the fundamental frequency of the pulses.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-4 Response
is shown at the front of this Section

OPERATING NOTES

The operating stability of the 931-A is dependent on the magnitude of the anode current and its duration. When the 931-A is operated at high values of anode current, a drop in sensitivity (sometimes called fatigue) may be expected. The extent of the drop below the tabulated sensitivity values depends on the severity of the operating conditions. After a period of idleness, the 931-A usually recovers a substantial percentage of such loss in sensitivity.

(continued on next page)

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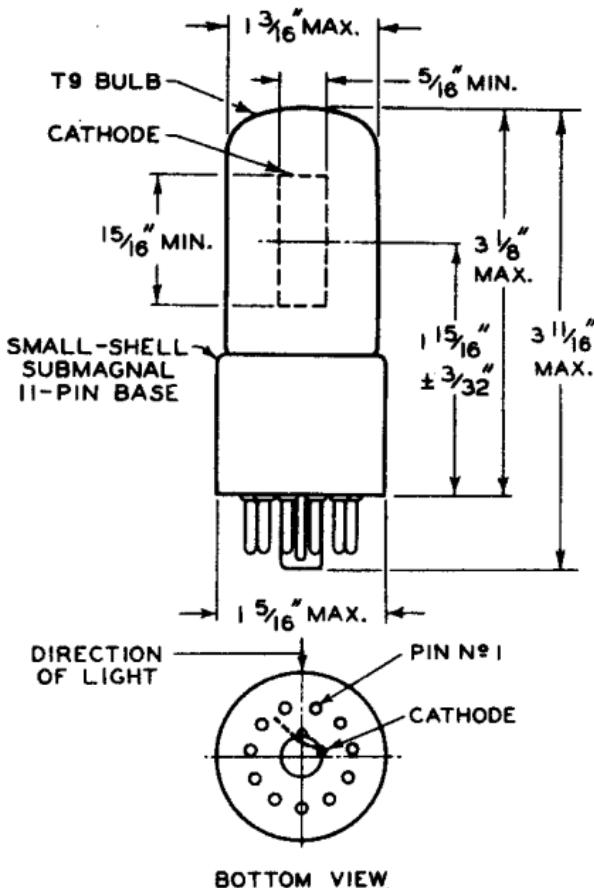


931-A

931-A

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

The use of an average anode current well below the maximum rated value of 1.0 milliamper is recommended when stability of operation is important. When maximum stability is required, the anode current should not exceed 250 microamperes.



∠ OF BULB WILL NOT DEVIATE MORE THAN 2° IN ANY DIRECTION FROM THE PERPENDICULAR ERECTED AT CENTER OF BOTTOM OF BASE.

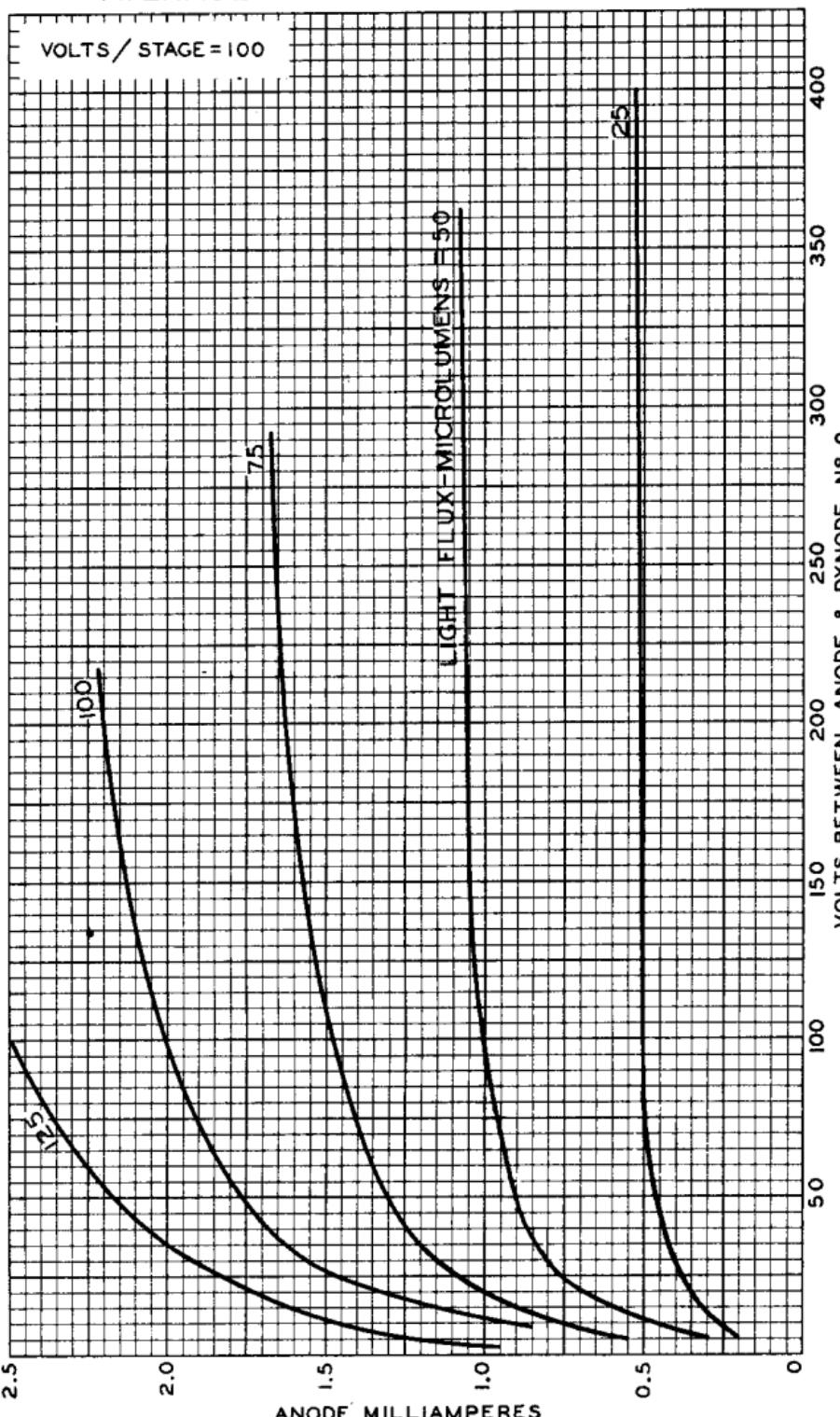
92CM-6264R2

931-A



931-A

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



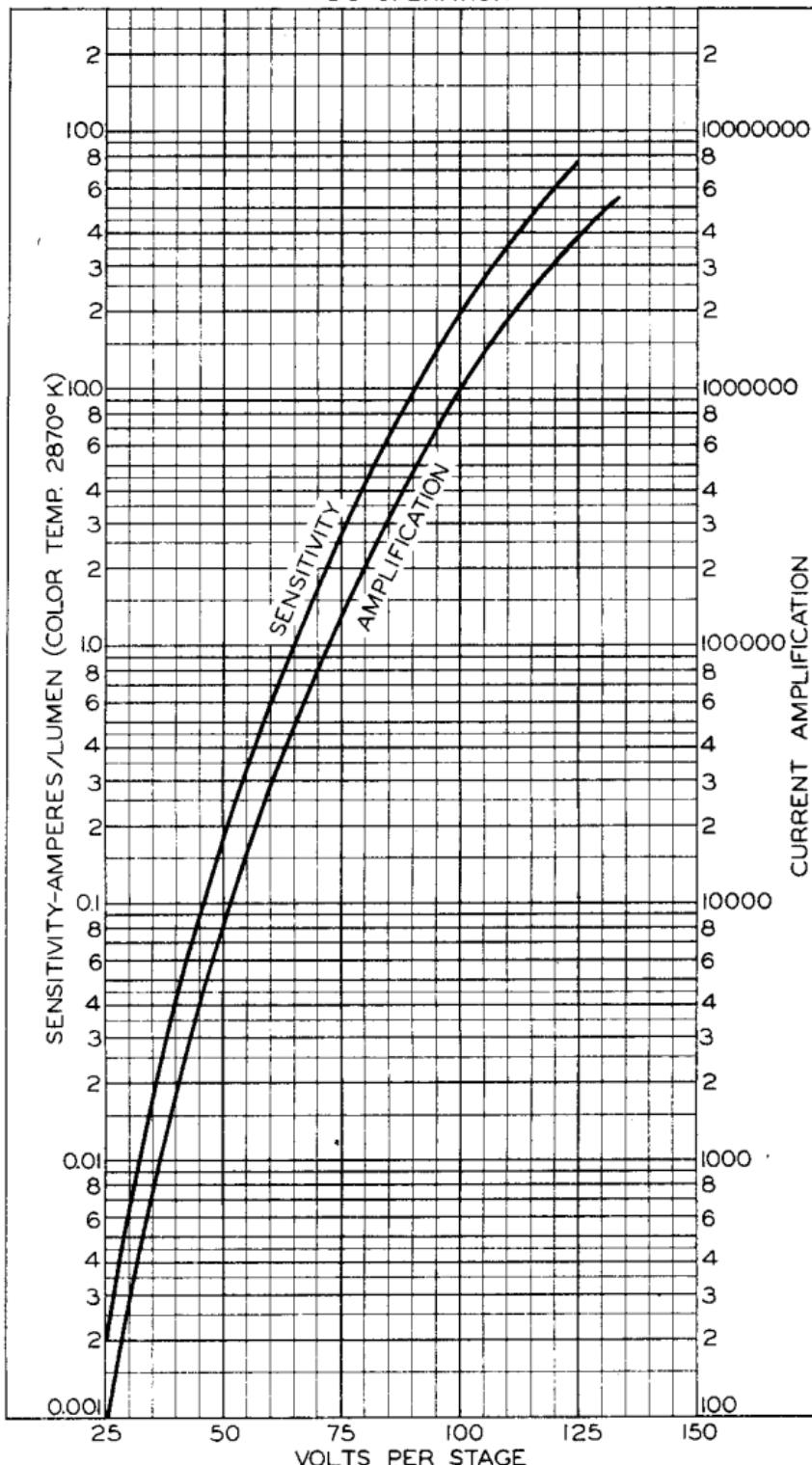
JUNE 30, 1950

TUBE DEPARTMENT
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92CM-6268R4



93I-A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS
DC OPERATION

JULY 21, 1950

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CL-6459R2



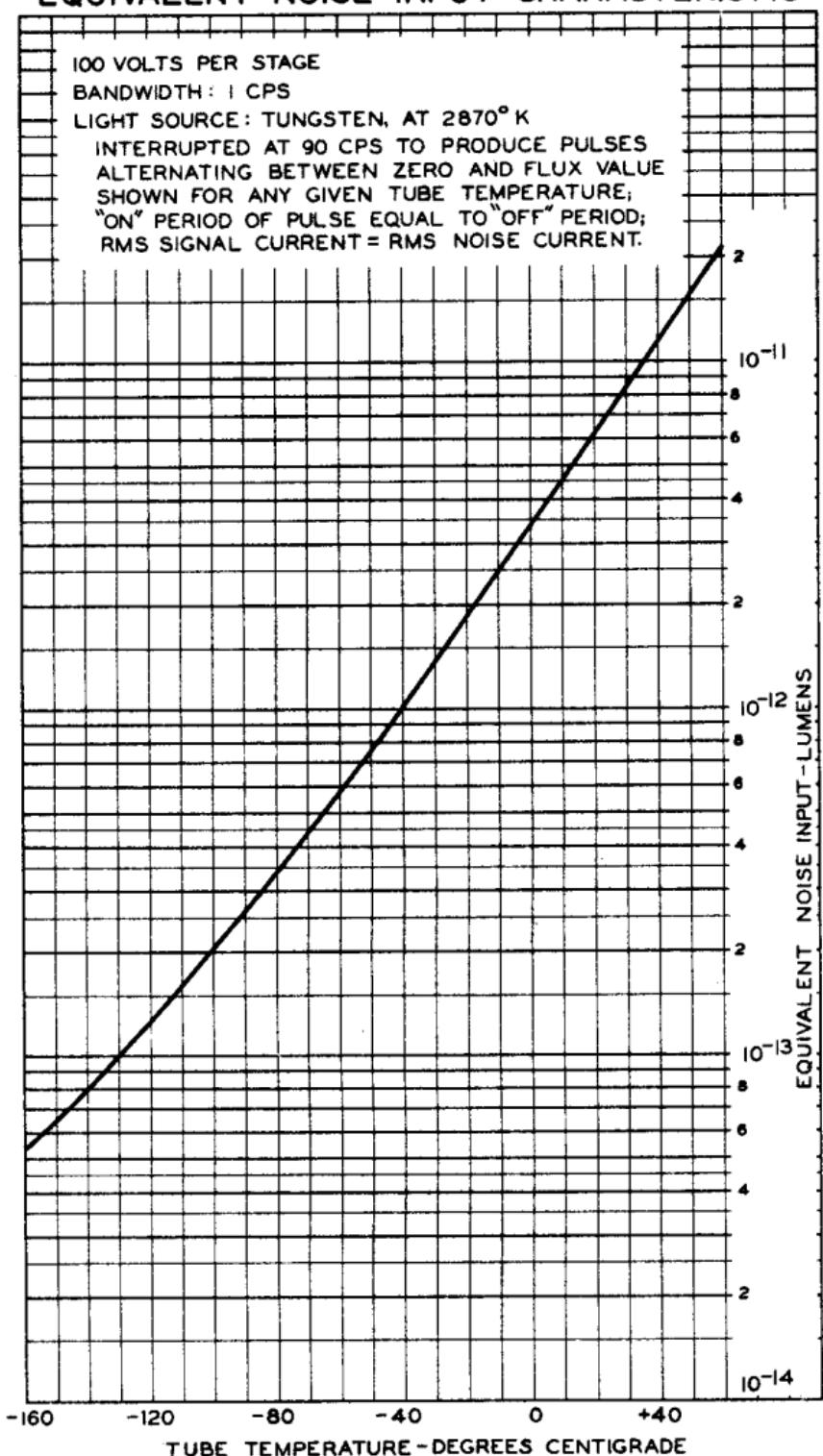
EQUIVALENT-NOISE-INPUT CHARACTERISTIC

100 VOLTS PER STAGE

BANDWIDTH: 1 CPS

LIGHT SOURCE: TUNGSTEN, AT 2870° K

INTERRUPTED AT 90 CPS TO PRODUCE PULSES
 ALTERNATING BETWEEN ZERO AND FLUX VALUE
 SHOWN FOR ANY GIVEN TUBE TEMPERATURE;
 "ON" PERIOD OF PULSE EQUAL TO "OFF" PERIOD;
 RMS SIGNAL CURRENT = RMS NOISE CURRENT.





934

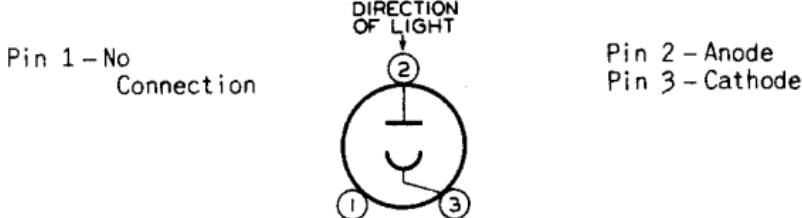
VACUUM PHOTOTUBE

WITH S-4 RESPONSE

DATA

General:

Spectral Response	S-4
Wavelength of Maximum Response	4000 ± 500 angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	11/16"
Minimum Projected Width*	7/16"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	1.5 μ uf
Maximum Overall Length	2-13/32"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode	1-1/4" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	0.669"
Bulb	T-5-1/4
Mounting Position	Any
Base	Small-Shell Peewee 3-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	2F1



Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	250 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT	12 max.	μ amp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY	100 max.	μ amp/sq.in.
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT.	4 max.	μ amp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	Min.	Av.	Max.	
DC Dark Current ^b	-	-	0.005 . . .	μ amp
Sensitivity:				
At 4000 angstroms	-	0.028	-	μ amp/ μ watt
Luminous.	15	30	70	μ amp/lumen

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

• Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

□ At 25°C and 250 volts.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS for Type 934
are the same as those for Type 927

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-4 Response
is shown at the front of this Section

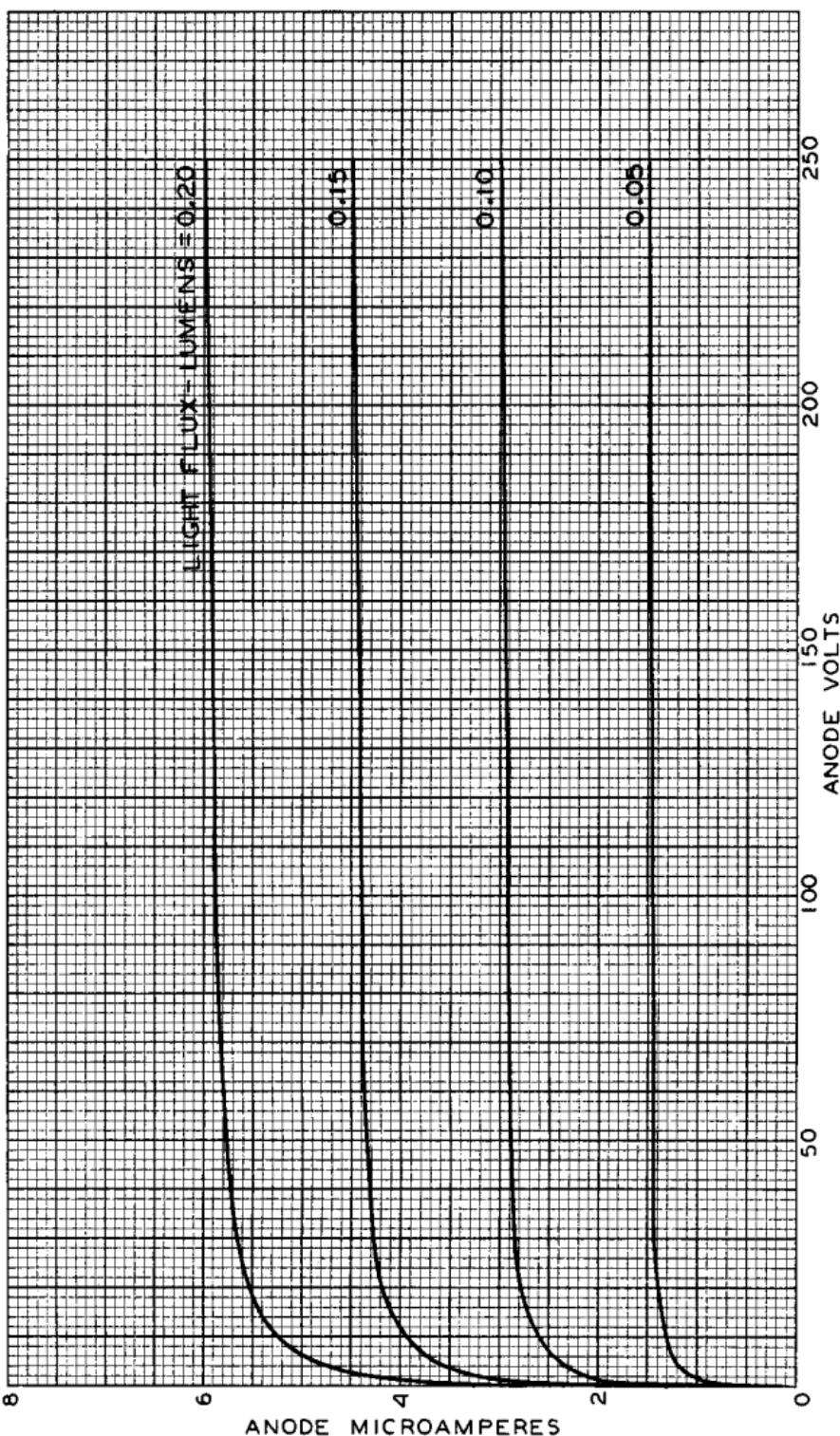
← Indicates a change.

934



934

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



OCT. 16, 1944

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM - 6479



935

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE

WITH S-5 RESPONSE

DATA

General:

Spectral Response S-5
 Wavelength of Maximum Response. 3400 ± 500 Angstroms

Cathode:

Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	1-5/16"
Minimum Projected Width*.	5/8"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	0.6 μf
Overall Length.	4-1/8" \pm 1/8"
Seated Length	3-9/16" \pm 1/8"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode	2" \pm 1/16"
Maximum Diameter.	1-9/32"
Bulb.	T-9
Mounting Position	Any
Cap	Skirted Miniature
Base.	Intermediate-Shell Octal 5-Pin

BOTTOM VIEW



Pin 6 - No	Connection
Pin 8 - Cathode	
Cap	- Anode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	250 max. volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT.	30 max. μamp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY.	100 max. $\mu\text{amp}/\text{sq.in.}$
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^o	10 max. μamp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75 max. $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Characteristics:

	Min.	Av.	Max.	
Dark Current at 250 Volts . . .	-	-	0.0005 . . .	μamp

Sensitivity:

At 3400 Angstroms	-	0.032	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
-----------------------------	---	-------	---	--------------------------------

[▲] Luminous 18 35 70 $\mu\text{amp/lumen}$ ←

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident radiation.

o Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

▲ Measured under conditions specified on sheet "PHOTOTUBE SENSITIVITY AND SENSITIVITY MEASUREMENTS" at the front of this Section.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
 of Phototube having S-5 Response
 is shown at the beginning of this Section

← Indicates a change.

JULY 3, 1950

TUBE DEPARTMENT

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

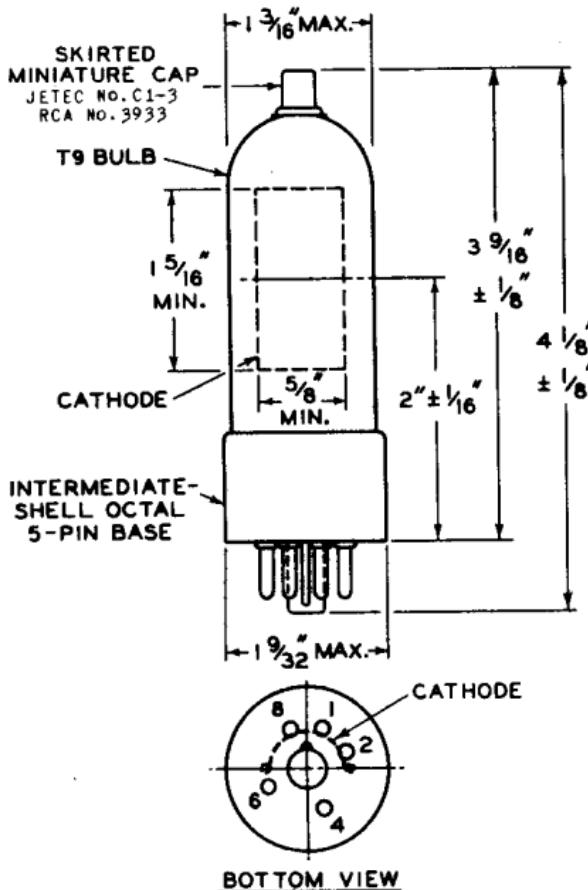
DATA

935



935

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE



92CM-641IR4

JULY 3, 1950

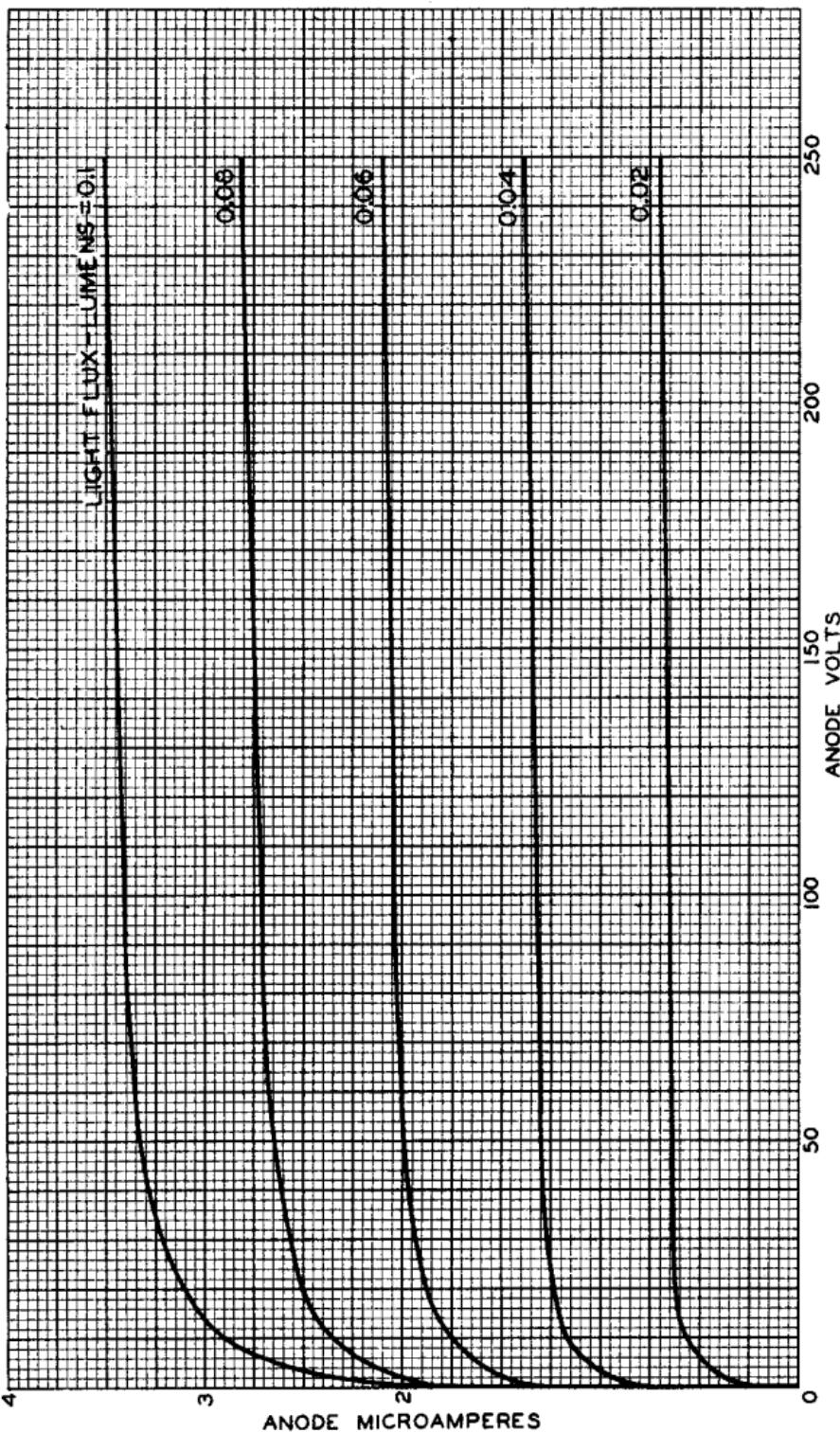
TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

CE-6411R4



935

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



APRIL 20, 1950

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-6478RI



5581

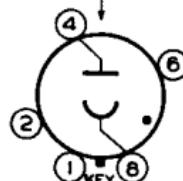
GAS PHOTOTUBE

BLUE-SENSITIVE

5581

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-4
Wavelength of Maximum Response	4000 \pm 500 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	13/16"
Minimum Projected Width*	5/8"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	2.6 $\mu\mu$ f
Maximum Overall Length	3-1/16"
Maximum Seated Length	2-1/2"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode	1-5/8" \pm 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	1-5/16"
Bulb	T-9
Mounting Position	Any
Base	Intermediate-Shell Octal 5-Pin

BOTTOM VIEW
DIRECTION OF LIGHT

Pin 1 - No Connection
 Pin 2 - No Connection
 Pin 4 - Anode

Pin 6 - No Connection
 Pin 8 - Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	100 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT	10 max.	$\mu\mu$ amp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY	100 max.	$\mu\mu$ amp/sq.in.
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^O	3 max.	$\mu\mu$ amp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Avg.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
Dark Current at 90 Volts	-	-	0.050	$\mu\mu$ amp
Sensitivity:				
At 4000 Angstroms	-	0.125	-	$\mu\mu$ amp/ μ watt
Luminous:				
At 0 Cycles	75	135	205	$\mu\mu$ amp/lumen
At 5000 Cycles	-	124	-	$\mu\mu$ amp/lumen
At 10000 Cycles	-	108	-	$\mu\mu$ amp/lumen
Gas Amplification Factor	-	-	5.5	

Minimum Circuit Values:

DC Load Resistance:

With anode-supply voltage of 80 volts or less		
For dc currents { above 3 $\mu\mu$ amp	0.1 megohm
below 3 $\mu\mu$ amp	No Minimum	
With anode-supply voltage of 100 volts		
For dc currents { above 1 $\mu\mu$ amp	2.5 megohms
below 1 $\mu\mu$ amp	0.1 megohm

*: See next page.

APRIL 15, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

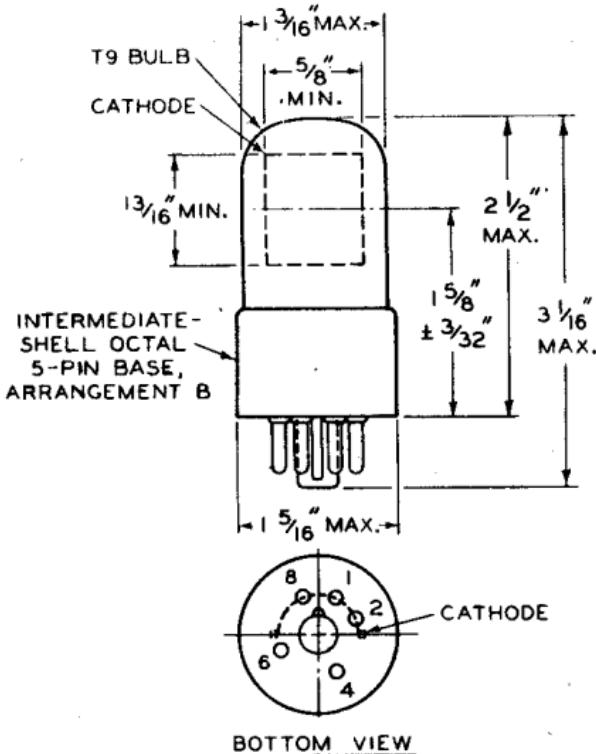
TENTATIVE DATA



5581

GAS PHOTOTUBE

- * On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.
O Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum. Average current may be doubled when anode-supply voltage is limited to 80 volts.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
andFREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHARACTERISTIC
of Gas Phototube having S-4 Response
are shown at beginning of this Section

92CM-6137R2

APRIL 15, 1947

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RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

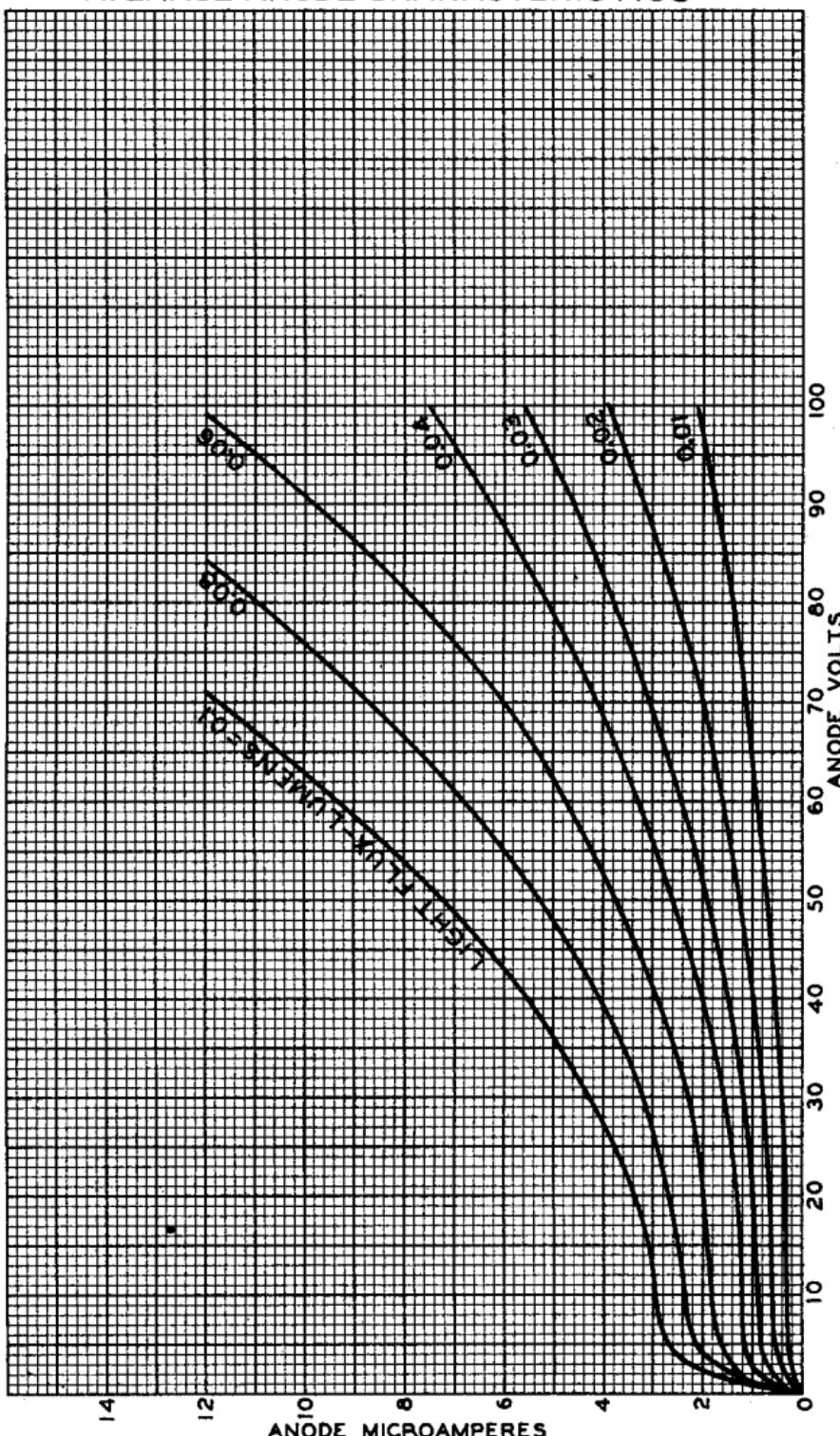
CE-6137R2



5581

5581

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



DEC. 22, 1946

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-6822



5582

GAS PHOTOTUBE

CARTRIDGE TYPE WITH S-4 RESPONSE

5582

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-4
Wavelength of Maximum Response	4000 ± 500 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape.	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*.	5/8"
Minimum Projected Width*.	1/2"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance.	1.0 μuf
Overall Length	1-21/32" ± 1/16"
Length, Cathode Center to plane A-A' (see outline)	11/16" ± 1/16"
Maximum Diameter	0.890"
Mounting Position.	Any
Terminal Caps.	See Outline

BOTTOM VIEW

RECESSED

Recessed } Anode
Terminal }Protruding } Cathode
Terminal }PROTRUDING
DIRECTION OF LIGHT:
INTO CONCAVE SIDE
OF CATHODE**Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:**

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	100 max.	. . .	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT	10 max.	. . .	μamp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY	100 max.	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{sq. in.}$	
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^O	2 max.	. . .	μamp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.	75 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Avg.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
Dark Current at 90 Volts . . .	-	-	0.050	. . . μamp
Sensitivity:				
At 4000 Angstroms.	-	0.11	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous: ^A				
At 0 Cycles.	80	120	175	$\mu\text{amp}/1\text{lumen}$
At 5000 Cycles	-	110	-	$\mu\text{amp}/1\text{lumen}$
At 10000 Cycles.	-	96	-	$\mu\text{amp}/1\text{lumen}$
Gas Amplification Factor . . .	-	-	5.5	

Minimum Circuit Values:

DC Load Resistance:

With anode-supply voltage of 80 volts or less

For dc currents { above 3 μamp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm
 below 3 μamp . . . No Minimum

With anode-supply voltage of 100 volts

For dc currents { above 1 μamp . . . 2.5 . . . megohms
 below 1 μamp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm*^{O,A}: See next page.

← indicates a change.

5582

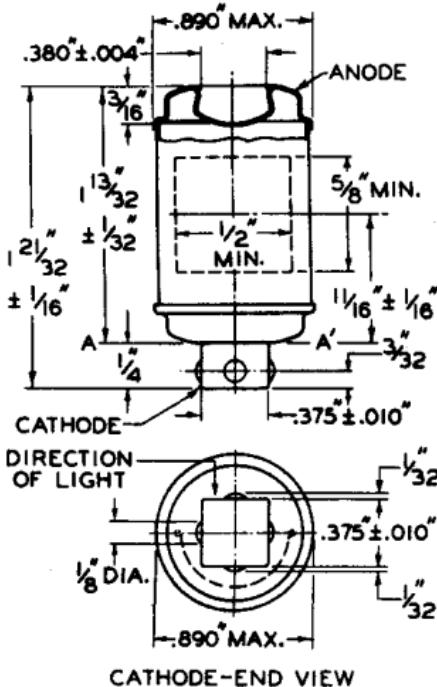


5582

GAS PHOTOTUBE

- * On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.
- Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum. Average current may be doubled when anode-supply voltage is limited to 80 volts.
- ▲ Measured under conditions specified on sheet "PHOTOTUBE SENSITIVITY and SENSITIVITY MEASUREMENTS" at the front of this Section.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-4 Response
and
FREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS
of Gas Phototubes
are shown at the front of this Section



92CM-4818R2

JUNE 15, 1948

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RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

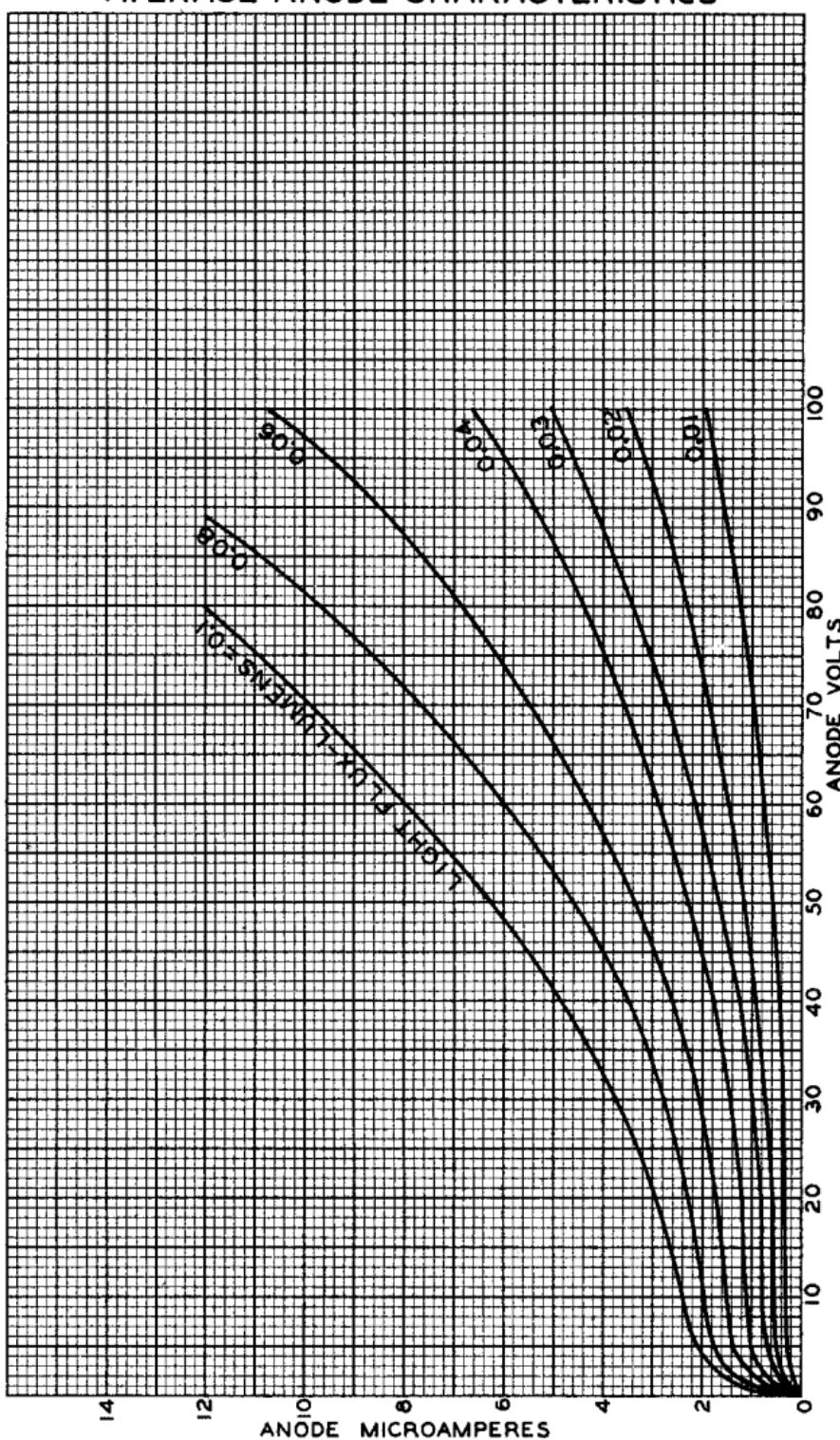
CE-4818R2

RCA

5582

5582

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



DEC. 27, 1946

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-6823



5583

GAS PHOTOTUBE

WITH S-4 RESPONSE

DATA

General:

Spectral Response	S-4
Wavelength of Maximum Response	4000 ± 500 angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*,	11/16"
Minimum Projected Width*	7/16"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	2.0 μ f
Maximum Overall Length	2-13/32"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode	1-1/4" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	0.669"
Bulb	T-5-1/4
Mounting Position	Any
Base	Small-Shell Peewee 3-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	2F

DIRECTION OF LIGHT

Pin 1 - No
ConnectionPin 2 - Anode
Pin 3 - Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	100 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT	10 max.	μ amp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY	100 max. μ amp/sq.in.	
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^o	2 max.	μ amp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.	75 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	Min.	Av.	Max.	
Dark Current at 90 Volts	-	-	0.050	. . . μ amp
Sensitivity:				
At 4000 angstroms.	-	0.125	-	μ amp/ μ watt
Luminous: [▲]				
At 0 cps	75	135	205	μ amp/lumen
At 5000 cps.	-	124	-	μ amp/lumen
At 10000 cps	-	108	-	μ amp/lumen
Gas Amplification Factor	-	-	5.5	

Minimum Circuit Values:

DC Load Resistance:

With anode-supply voltage of 80 volts or less

For dc currents { above 3 μ amp . . . 0.1 megohm
below 3 μ amp . . . No Minimum

With anode-supply voltage of 100 volts

For dc currents { above 1 μ amp . . . 2.5 megohms
below 1 μ amp . . . 0.1 megohm

*, o, ▲: See next page.

← Indicates a change.

MAY 1, 1951

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA

5583



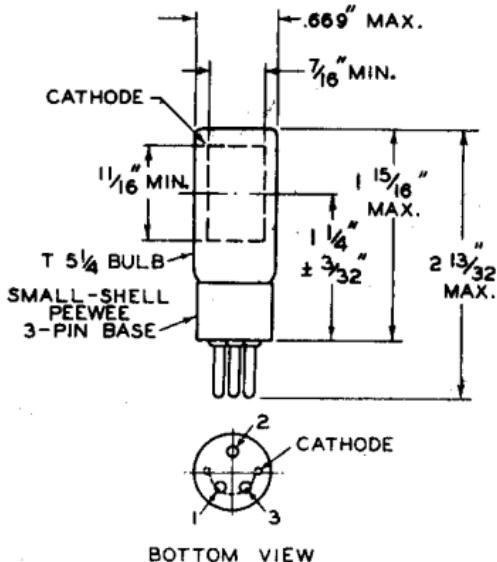
5583

GAS PHOTOTUBE

- * On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.
- Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum. Average current may be doubled when anode-supply voltage is limited to 80 volts.
- ▲ Measured under conditions specified on sheet "PHOTOTUBE SENSITIVITY AND SENSITIVITY MEASUREMENTS" at front of this Section.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
and
FREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHARACTERISTIC
of Gas Phototube having S-4 Response
are shown at front of this Section

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS
of Type 5583 are the same
as those shown under Type 5581



92CM-6053R4

→ Indicates a change.

MAY 1, 1951

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CE-6053R4



5584

5584

GAS PHOTOTUBE

BLUE SENSITIVE, TWIN TYPE

General:
DATA

Spectral Response	S-4
Wavelength of Maximum Response	4000 ± 500 Angstroms
Cathode (Each):	
Shape	Quarter-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	1-3/16"
Minimum Projected Width*	1/4"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:	
Cathode to Anode ♦	1.6 . . . μuf
Cathode to Cathode ■	1.8 . . . μuf
Anode to Anode •	0.44 . . . μuf
Maximum Overall Length	4"
Maximum Seated Length	3-3/8"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode	2-1/8" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	1-3/16"
Bulb	T-9
Mounting Position	Any
Base	Small-Shell Small 4-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	4BG

 Pin 1 - Cathode,
Unit No.2

 Pin 3 - Anode,
Unit No.1

 Pin 2 - Anode,
Unit No.2

 Pin 4 - Cathode,
Unit No.1

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values (Each Unit):

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	100 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT	10 max.	μamp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY	50 max.	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{sq. in.}$
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^O	2 max.	μamp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75 max.	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Characteristics (Each Unit):
Min. Ave. Max.

 Dark Current at 90 Volts - - 0.050 . . . μamp

Sensitivity:

 At 4000 Angstroms - 0.11 - $\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$

Luminous:

 At 0 Cycles 80 120 175 $\mu\text{amp/lumen}$

 At 5000 Cycles - 110 - $\mu\text{amp/lumen}$

 At 10000 Cycles - 96 - $\mu\text{amp/lumen}$

Gas Amplification Factor - - 5.5

Minimum Circuit Values (Each Unit):

DC Load Resistance:

With anode-supply voltage of 80 volts or less

 For dc currents { above 3 μamp . . . 0.1 . . . megohm
 below 3 μamp . . . No Minimum

* ♦ ■ • °: See next page.



5584

GAS PHOTOTUBE

With anode-supply voltage of 100 volts

For dc currents { above 1 μ amp . . . 2.5 megohms
below 1 μ amp . . . 0.1 megohm

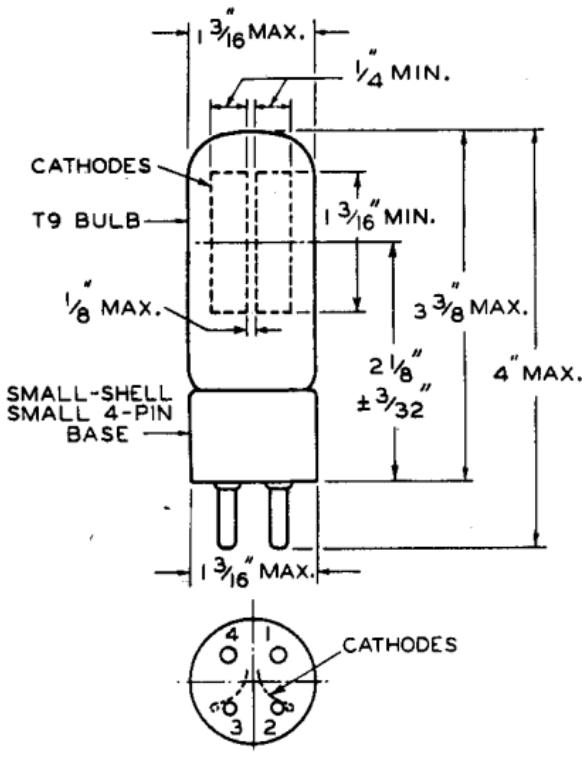
*On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

◆ Each unit, with other unit grounded.

■ Anodes grounded.

● Cathodes grounded.

○ Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum. Average current may be doubled when anode-supply voltage is limited to 80 volts.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
andFREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHARACTERISTIC
of Gas Phototube having S-4 Response
are shown at beginning of this SectionAVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS
of Type 5584 are the same
as those shown under Type 5582

92CM-4561R3



5652

5652

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE

COMPOSITE ANODE-CATHODE TYPE WITH S-4 RESPONSE

DATA

General:

Spectral Response.	S-4
Wavelength of Maximum Response	4000 ± 500 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Flat
Minimum Projected Length*	1/4"
Minimum Projected Width*	19/32"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance (C_1) [▲]	1 μuf
Balancing Capacitance (C_2) [□]	1 μuf
Capacitance Difference Between C_1 and C_2	Not more than 0.3 μuf
Maximum Overall Length	2-7/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-5/16"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode	1-5/8" \pm 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	1-9/32"
Bulb	T-9
Mounting Position	Any
Base	Intermediate-Shell Octal 5-Pin, Non-hygrosopic
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	2AB

Pin 1: No

Connection

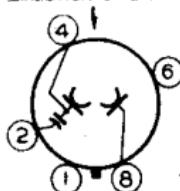
Pin 2: Balancing

Capacitance

Pin 4: Cathode or

Anode

DIRECTION OF LIGHT



Pin 6: No

Connection

Pin 8: Anode or

Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	250 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT (For either electrode)	12 max.	μamp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY	100 max.	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{sq. in.}$
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT (For either electrode) [○]	4 max.	μamp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75 max.	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Characteristics:

	Min.	Ave.	Max.	
Dark Current at 250 Volts.	-	-	0.01	μamp
Sensitivity:				
At 4000 Angstroms	-	0.042	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous	30	45	70	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{lumen}$

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.

▲ Measured between base pins 4 and 8.

□ Measured between base pins 2 and 4.

○ Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

OCTOBER 1, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

TENTATIVE DATA

5652

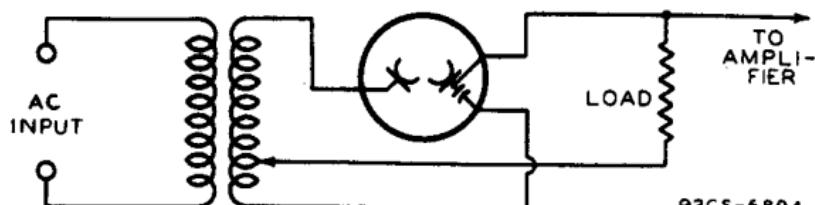


5652 VACUUM PHOTOTUBE

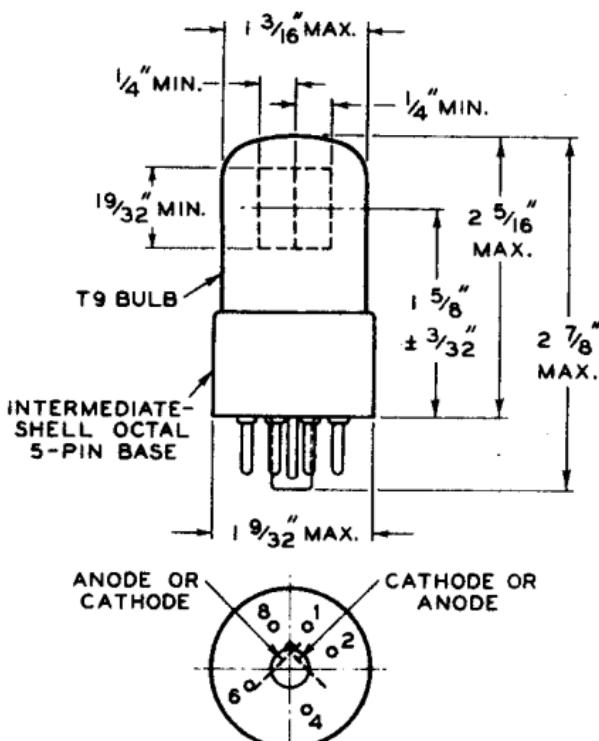
SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-4 Response
is shown at the beginning of this Section

The curve shown under Type 929
is also applicable to the 5652

TYPICAL CIRCUIT



92CS-6894



92CS-6869

OCTOBER 1, 1947

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RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

CE-6894-6869

RCA

5652

5652

AVERAGE OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS WITH AC VOLTAGE APPLIED BETWEEN THE TWO ELECTRODES

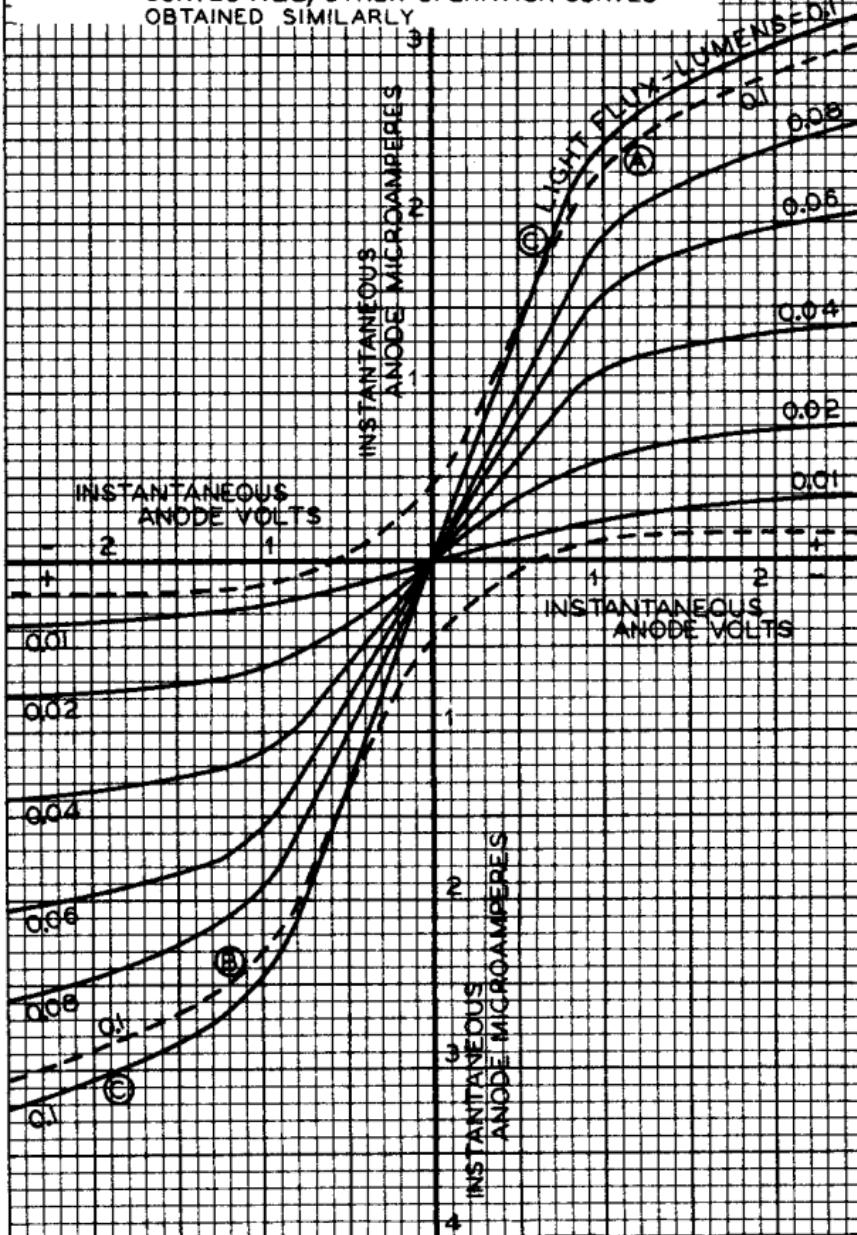
ILLUMINATION: 2870°K TUNGSTEN

LOAD RESISTANCE: ZERO

DASHED CURVE A STATIC CHARACTERISTIC FOR ONE ELECTRODE WITH 0.1 LUMEN

DASHED CURVE B STATIC CHARACTERISTIC FOR OTHER ELECTRODE WITH 0.1 LUMEN

CURVE C OPERATION CURVE OBTAINED FROM STATIC CURVES A&B; OTHER OPERATION CURVES OBTAINED SIMILARLY





5653

5653

VACUUM PHOTOTUBE

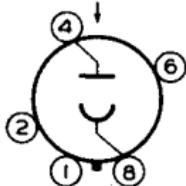
WITH S-4 RESPONSE

DATA**General:**

Spectral Response	S-4
Wavelength of Maximum Response	4000 ± 500 Angstroms
Cathode:	
Shape	Semi-Cylindrical
Minimum Projected Length*	13/16"
Minimum Projected Width*	5/8"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	2.6 μf
Maximum Overall Length	3-1/16"
Maximum Seated Length	2-1/2"
Seated Length to Center of Cathode	1-5/8" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	1-9/32"
Bulb	T-9
Mounting Position	Any
Base	Intermediate-Shell Octal 5-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	3J

DIRECTION OF LIGHT

Pin 1-No Connection
Pin 2-No Connection



Pin 4-Anode
Pin 6-No Connection
Pin 8-Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	250 max.	volts
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT	20 max.	μamp
PEAK CATHODE-CURRENT DENSITY	100 max.	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{sq. in.}$
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT ^o	5 max.	μamp
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75 max.	°C

Characteristics:

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Ave.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
Dark Current at 250 Volts	-	-	0.25	... μamp
Sensitivity:				
At 4000 Angstroms.	-	0.042	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous	20	45	100	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{lumen}$

* On plane perpendicular to indicated direction of incident light.
o Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS for Type 5653
are the same as those for Type 5581

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-4 Response
is shown at beginning of this Section

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS
of Type 5653 are the same
as those shown under Type 929

SEPT. 15, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

TENTATIVE DATA



5819

5819

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

10-STAGE, HEAD-ON TYPE WITH
1-1/2" SEMI-TRANSPARENT CATHODE AND S-4 RESPONSE

DATA

General:

Spectral Response	S-4	
Wavelength of Maximum Response	4000 ± 500 angstroms	
Cathode, Semi-Transparent:		
Shape	Circular	
Window:		
Area	1.8	sq. in.
Minimum diameter	1.5	in.
Index of refraction	1.51	
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx):		
Anode to dynode No.10	4.2	μuf
Anode to all other electrodes	6.5	μuf
Overall Length	5-5/8" ± 3/16"	
Seated Length	4-7/8" ± 3/16"	
Maximum Diameter	2-1/4"	
Mounting Position	Any	
Bulb	T-16	
Base	Medium-Shell Dihental 14-Pin, Non-hygrosopic (JETEC No.B14-38)	

BOTTOM VIEW

Pin 1 - Dynode No.1
 Pin 2 - Dynode No.2
 Pin 3 - Dynode No.3
 Pin 4 - Dynode No.4
 Pin 5 - Dynode No.5
 Pin 6 - Dynode No.6
 Pin 7 - Dynode No.7
 Pin 8 - Dynode No.8



Pin 9 - Dynode No.9
 Pin 10 - Dynode No.10
 Pin 11 - Anode
 Pin 12 - No Connection
 Pin 13 - Internal Con.
 Do Not Use
 Pin 14 - Cathode

DIRECTION OF LIGHT:
INTO END OF BULB

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC) [□] . . .	1250 max. volts
SUPPLY VOLTAGE BETWEEN DYNODE No.10 AND ANODE (DC or Peak AC) . . .	150 max. volts
SUPPLY VOLTAGE BETWEEN CATHODE AND DYNODE No.1 (DC or Peak AC) . . .	300 max. volts
ANODE CURRENT:	
Peak	7.5 max. ma
Average [○]	0.75 max. ma
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75 max. °C

[□] Referred to cathode.[○] Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

← Indicates a change



MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

→ Characteristics Range Values for Equipment Design:

Under conditions with supply voltage (E) across voltage divider providing 1/6 of E between cathode and dynode No.1; 1/12 of E for each succeeding dynode stage; and 1/12 of E between dynode No.10 and anode.

	Min.	Median	Max.
--	------	--------	------

With E = 1000 volts (except as noted)

Sensitivity:

Radiant, at 4000 angstroms	-	23200	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous: At 0 cps	10	25	-	amp/lumen
At 100 Mc	-	22	-	amp/lumen
Cathode radiant, at 4000 angstroms	-	0.0464	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Cathode luminous: With tungsten light source [▲]	40	50	-	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$
With blue light source [◆]	0.04	-	-	μamp
Current Amplification . .	-	500000	-	
Equivalent Anode-Dark- Current Input [●]	-	8.5×10^{-10}	2×10^{-9}	lumen
Equivalent Noise Input [*] .	-	2×10^{-11}	-	lumen

With E = 750 volts (except as noted)

Sensitivity:

Radiant, at 4000 angstroms	-	2320	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous: At 0 cps	-	2.5	-	amp/lumen
Cathode radiant at 4000 angstroms	-	0.0464	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Cathode luminous: With tungsten light source [▲]	40	50	-	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$
With blue light source [◆]	0.04	-	-	μamp
Current Amplification . .	-	50000	-	

● For conditions where the light source is a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 28700K. A light input of 10 microlumens is used. The load resistor has a value of 0.01 megohm.

▲ For conditions the same as shown under (●) except that the value of light flux is 0.01 lumen and that 150 volts are applied between cathode and all other electrodes connected together as anode.

◆ Under the following conditions: Light incident on the cathode is transmitted through a blue filter (Corning, Glass Code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness) from a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 28700K. The value of light flux on the filter is 0.01 lumen. The load resistor has a value of 0.01 megohm, and 150 volts are applied between cathode and all other electrodes connected together as anode.

●,▲,*: See next page

→ Indicates a change



5819

5819

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

- ◆ For Spectral Characteristic of this source, see sheet SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF 2870°K LIGHT SOURCE AND SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF LIGHT FROM 2870°K SOURCE AFTER PASSING THROUGH INDICATED BLUE FILTER at front of this section.
- Measured at a tube temperature of 25°C and with the supply voltage (E) adjusted to give luminous sensitivity of 20 amperes per lumen. Dark current caused by thermionic emission and ion feedback may be reduced by the use of a refrigerant.
- For maximum signal-to-noise ratio, operation below 1000 volts is recommended.
- ▲ Under the following conditions: Supply voltage (E) is 1000 volts, 25°C tube temperature, ac-amplifier bandwidth of 1 cycle per second, tungsten light source of 2870°K interrupted at a low audio frequency to produce incident radiation pulses alternating between zero and the value stated. The "on" period of the pulse is equal to the "off" period. The output current is measured through a filter which passes only the fundamental frequency of the pulses.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

The operating stability of the 5819 is dependent on the magnitude of the anode current and its duration. When the 5819 is operated at high values of anode current, a drop in sensitivity (sometimes called fatigue) may be expected. The extent of the drop below the tabulated sensitivity values depends on the severity of the operating conditions. After a period of idleness, the 5819 usually recovers a substantial percentage of such loss in sensitivity.

The use of an average anode current well below the maximum rated value of 0.75 milliampere is recommended when stability of operation is important. When maximum stability is required, the anode current should not exceed 100 microamperes.

Electrostatic and/or magnetic shielding of the 5819 may be necessary.

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS
are the same as those shown for Type 6199

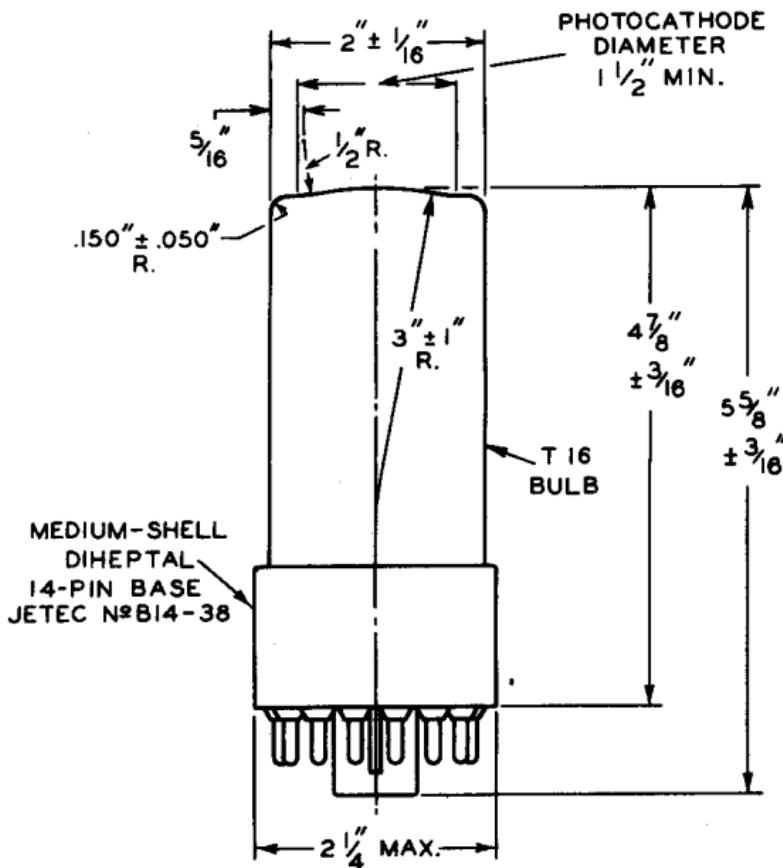
SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-4 Response
is shown at the front of this Section

5819



5819

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE



LINE OF BULB WILL NOT DEVIATE MORE THAN 2° IN ANY DIRECTION FROM THE PERPENDICULAR ERECTED AT THE CENTER OF BOTTOM OF THE BASE.

92CM-7232R3

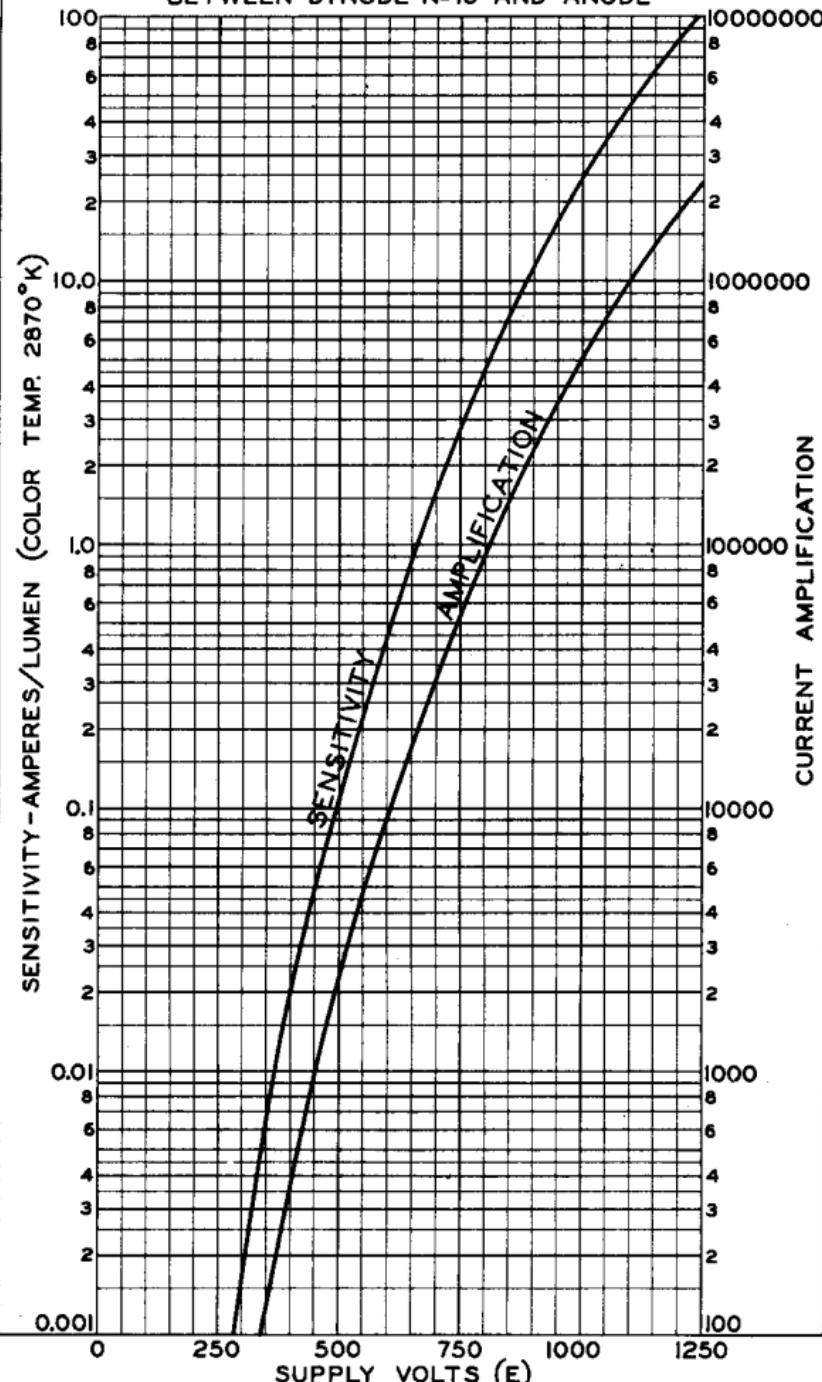
MAY 3, 1954

TUBE DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

CE-7232R3

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

SUPPLY VOLTAGE (E) ACROSS VOLTAGE DIVIDER PROVIDING $\frac{1}{6}$ OF E BETWEEN CATHODE AND DYNODE No1; $\frac{1}{12}$ OF E FOR EACH SUCCEEDING DYNODE STAGE; AND $\frac{1}{12}$ OF E BETWEEN DYNODE No10 AND ANODE



JUNE 30, 1953

TUBE DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CL-7258R3

5819



5819

TYPICAL ANODE DARK-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC

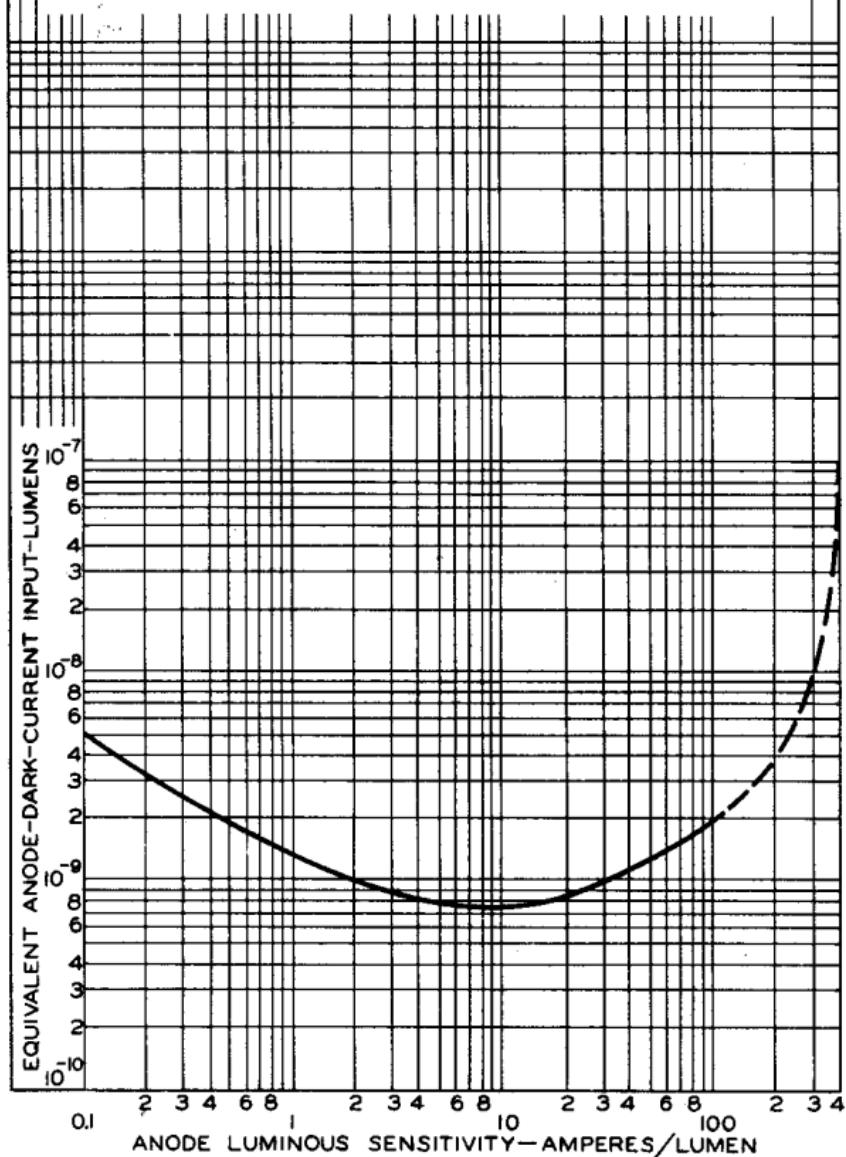
ANODE LUMINOUS SENSITIVITY IS VARIED BY ADJUSTING THE SUPPLY VOLTAGE (E) ACROSS VOLTAGE DIVIDER WHICH PROVIDES $\frac{1}{8}$ OF E BETWEEN CATHODE AND DYNODE NO 1; $\frac{1}{2}$ OF E FOR EACH SUCCEEDING STAGE; AND $\frac{1}{12}$ OF E BETWEEN DYNODE NO 10 AND ANODE.

TUBE TEMPERATURE = 25°C

DASHED PORTION INDICATES INSTABILITY

LIGHT SOURCE IS A TUNGSTEN-FILAMENT LAMP OPERATED AT A COLOR TEMPERATURE OF 2870°K .

TUBE TEMPERATURE = 25°C



FEB. 6, 1953

TUBE DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-7920RI



6199

6/99

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

10-STAGE, HEAD-ON TYPE WITH
1-1/4" SEMI-TRANSPARENT CATHODE AND S-4 RESPONSE

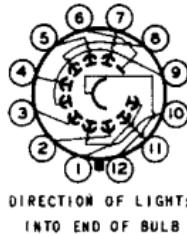
DATA

General:

Spectral Response	S-4
Wavelength of Maximum Response	4000 ± 500 angstroms
Cathode, Semi-transparent:	
Shape	Circular
Window:	
Area	1.2 sq. in.
Minimum Diameter	1.24 in.
Minimum Diameter of Flat Surface	1 in.
Index of Refraction	1.51
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances	
(Approx.):	
Anode to Dynode No.10	4 μf
Anode to All Other Electrodes	7 μf
Overall Length	4-3/8" ± 3/16"
Seated Length	3-7/8" ± 3/16"
Maximum Diameter	1-9/16"
Bulb	T-12
Mounting Position	Any
Base	Small-Shell Duodecal 12-Pin, Non-hygrosopic (JETEC No.B12-43)

BOTTOM VIEW

- Pin 1 - Dynode No.1
- Pin 2 - Dynode No.3
- Pin 3 - Dynode No.5
- Pin 4 - Dynode No.7
- Pin 5 - Dynode No.9
- Pin 6 - Anode



- Pin 7 - Dynode No.10
- Pin 8 - Dynode No.8
- Pin 9 - Dynode No.6
- Pin 10 - Dynode No.4
- Pin 11 - Dynode No.2
- Pin 12 - Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC) ^a . . .	1250 max. volts
SUPPLY VOLTAGE BETWEEN DYNODE No.10 AND ANODE (DC or Peak AC) . . .	150 max. volts
ANODE CURRENT:	
Peak	7.5 max. ma
Average ^b	0.75 max. ma
Average for Minimum Fatigue ^b	0.1 max. ma
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75 max. °C

^a Referred to cathode.^b Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

NOV. 1, 1952

TUBE DEPARTMENT

TENTATIVE DATA 1

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

6199



6199

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

CHARACTERISTICS RANGE VALUES FOR EQUIPMENT DESIGN

Under conditions with supply voltage (E) across voltage divider providing 1/6 of E between cathode and dynode No.1; 1/12 of E for each succeeding dynode stage; and 1/12 of E between dynode No.10 and anode

With E = 1000 volts (except as noted)

	Min.	Ave.	Max.	
Sensitivity:				
Anode, at 4000 angstroms	-	22300	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous:				
Anode: [†]				
At 0 cps	10	24	-	amp/lumen
At 100 Mc	-	22	-	amp/lumen
Cathode:				
With Tungsten				
Light Source [▲]	20	40	-	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$
With Blue				
Light Source [◆]	0.028	-	-	μamp
Current Amplification [■]	-	600000	-	
Equivalent Anode-Dark-				
Current Input ^{**} .	-	8×10^{-10}	2.5×10^{-9}	lumen
Equivalent Noise Input [*]	-	4×10^{-12}	-	lumen

With E = 750 volts (except as noted)

	Min.	Ave.	Max.	
Sensitivity:				
Anode, at 4000 angstroms	-	2230	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous:				
Anode: [†]				
At 0 cps	-	2.4	-	amp/lumen
Cathode:				
With Tungsten				
Light Source [▲]	20	40	-	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$
With Blue				
Light Source [◆]	0.028	-	-	μamp
Current Amplification [■]	-	60000	-	

[†] For conditions where the light source is a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 2870°K. A light input of 10 microlumens is used. The load resistor has a value of 0.01 megohm.

[▲] For conditions the same as shown under ([†]) except that the value of light flux is 0.01 lumen and that 150 volts are applied between cathode and all other electrodes connected together as anode.

[◆] Under the following conditions: Light incident on the cathode is transmitted through a blue filter (Corning Glass Code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness) from a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 2870°K. The value of light flux on the filter is 0.01 lumen. The load resistor has a value of 0.01 megohm, and 150 volts are applied between cathode and all other electrodes connected together as anode.

◆, ▲, *, ◆, ▲, *: See next page.

NOV. 1, 1952

TENTATIVE DATA 1

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY



6199

6199

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

- ◆ For Spectral Characteristic of this source, see sheet SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF 2870°K LIGHT SOURCE AND SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF LIGHT FROM 2870°K SOURCE AFTER PASSING THROUGH INDICATED BLUE FILTER at front of this section.
- Ratio of anode sensitivity to cathode sensitivity under conditions of 2870°K tungsten light input.
- * Defined as the quotient of the dc anode dark current by the anode luminous sensitivity. It is measured at a tube temperature of 25°C and with the supply voltage (E) adjusted to give an anode luminous sensitivity of 20 amperes per lumen. Dark current caused by thermionic emission and ion feedback may be reduced by the use of a refrigerant.
- For maximum signal-to-noise ratio, operation below 1000 volts is recommended.
- * Defined as the value where the rms output current is equal to the rms noise current determined under the following conditions: Supply voltage (E) is 1000 volts, 25°C tube temperature, ac-amplifier bandwidth of 1 cycle per second, tungsten light source of 2870°K interrupted at a low audio frequency to produce incident radiation pulses alternating between zero and the value stated. The "on" period of the pulse is equal to the "off" period. The output current is measured through a filter which passes only the fundamental frequency of the pulse.

OPERATING NOTES

Performance of the 6199 is affected by magnetic fields. It will be observed with certain orientations of the 6199 that the earth's magnetic field is sufficient to cause a noticeable decrease in the response of the tube. Therefore, it may be desirable to provide magnetic shielding for the 6199 particularly when it is to be used in a strong magnetic field.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-4 Response
is shown at the front of this Section

NOV. 1, 1952

TUBE DEPARTMENT

TENTATIVE DATA 2

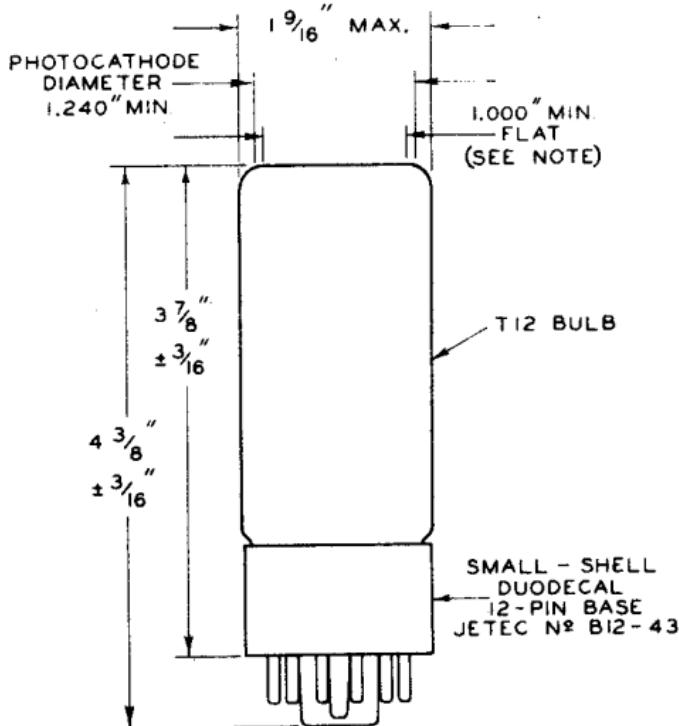
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

6199



6199

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE



NOTE: DEVIATION FROM FLATNESS WILL
NOT EXCEED 0.015" FROM PEAK TO VALLEY.

FLANGE OF BULB WILL NOT DEVIATE MORE THAN 2°
IN ANY DIRECTION FROM THE PERPENDICULAR
ERECTED AT THE CENTER OF BOTTOM OF THE BASE.

92CS-7770

NOV. 1, 1952

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

CE-7770

The RCA logo, which consists of the letters "RCA" in a bold, sans-serif font, all contained within a circular border.

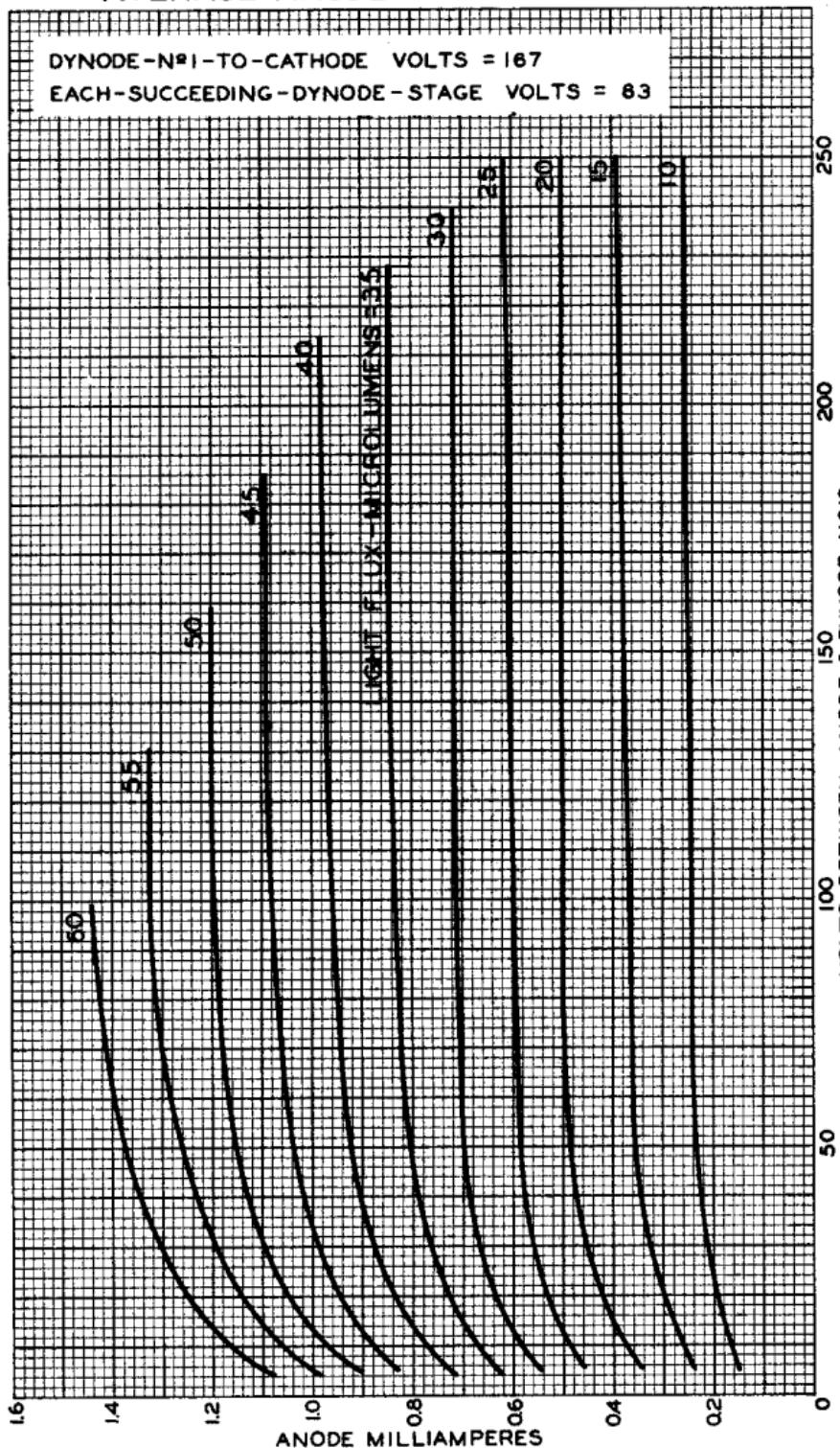
6199

6/99

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS

DYNODE - N° 1 - TO - CATHODE VOLTS = 167

EACH-SUCCEEDING-DYNODE-STAGE VOLTS = 83



JUNE 10, 1952

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-7255R3

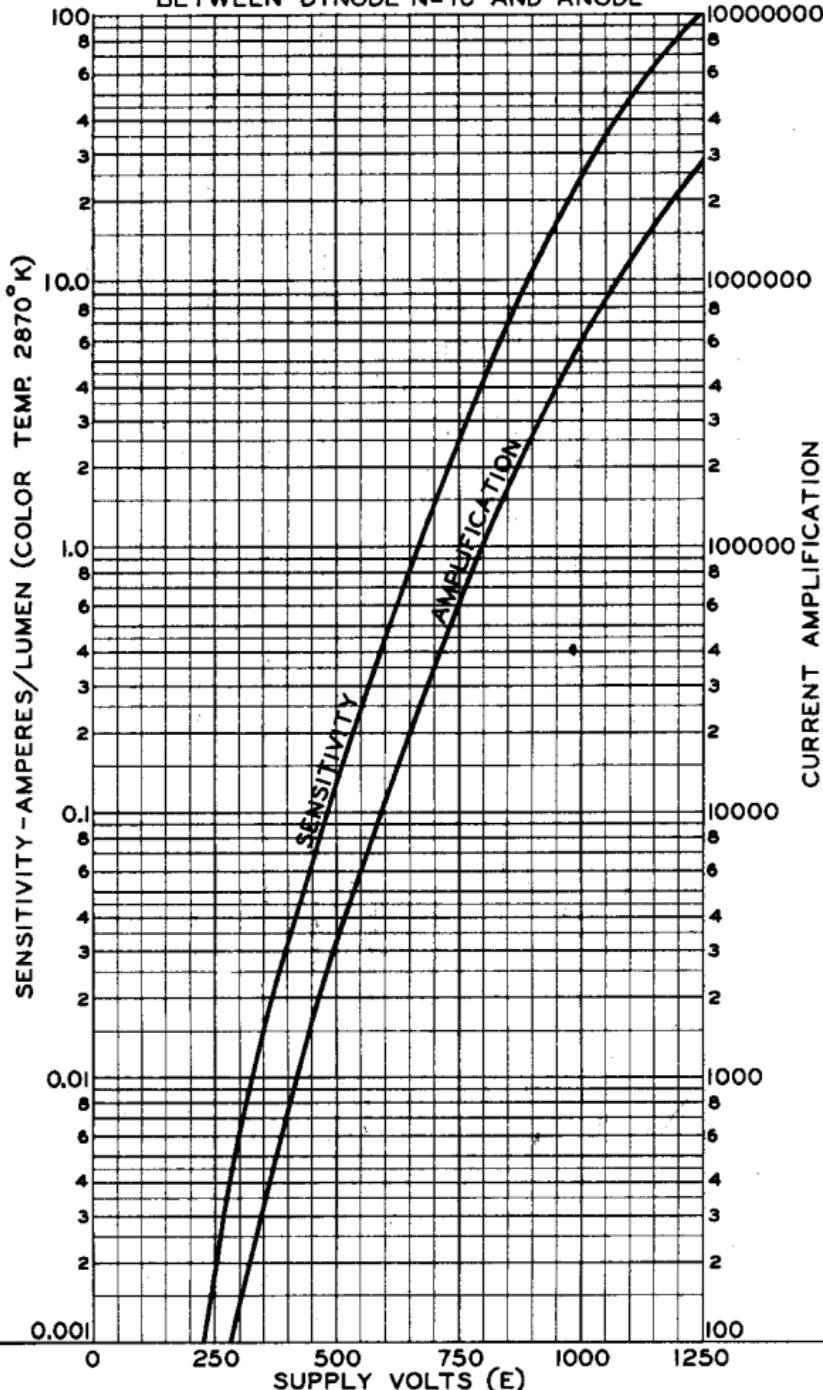
6/99

RCA

6199

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

SUPPLY VOLTAGE (E) ACROSS VOLTAGE DIVIDER PROVIDING
 $\frac{1}{6}$ OF E BETWEEN CATHODE AND DYNODE N°1; $\frac{1}{12}$ OF E
 FOR EACH SUCCEEDING DYNODE STAGE; AND $\frac{1}{12}$ OF E
 BETWEEN DYNODE N°10 AND ANODE



JUNE 4, 1952

TUBE DEPARTMENT
 RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CL-7812



6199

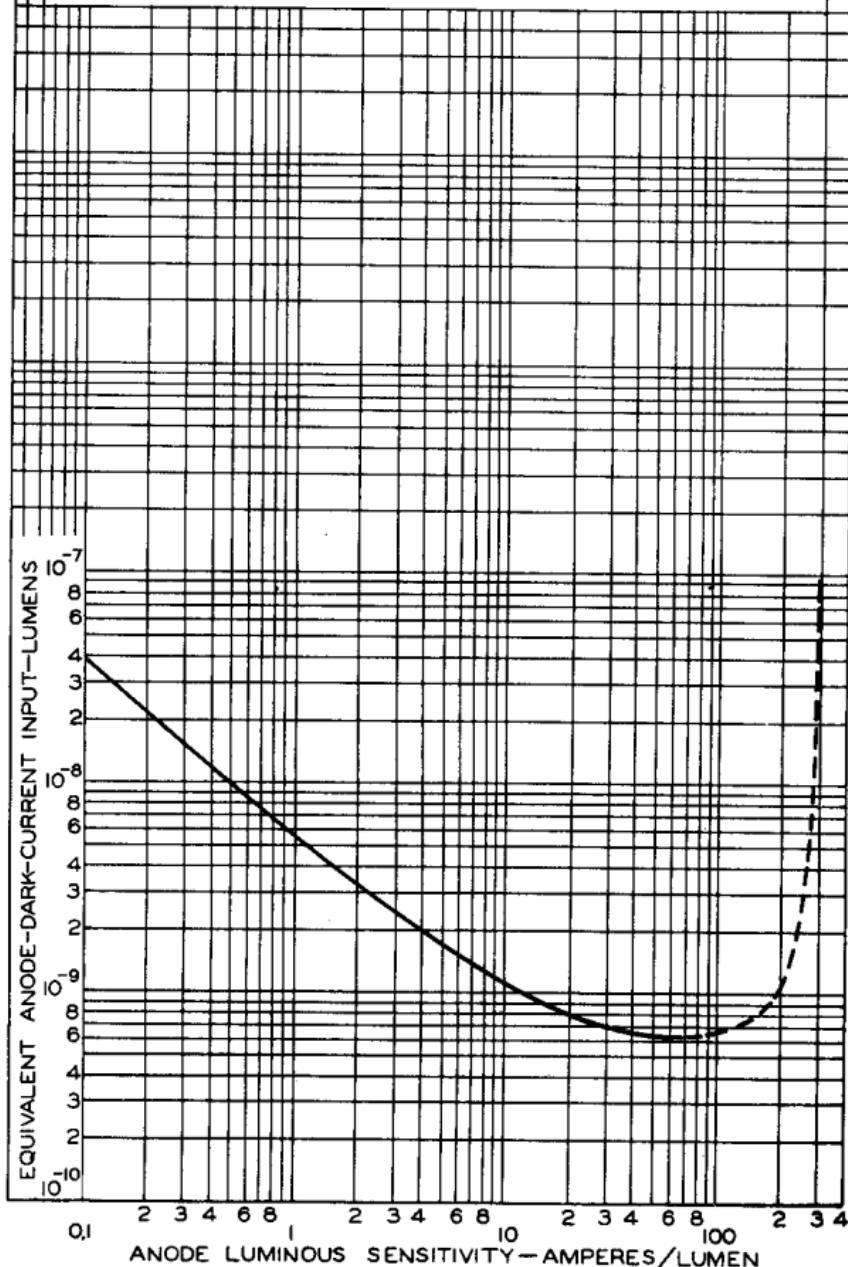
6199

TYPICAL ANODE-DARK-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC

ANODE LUMINOUS SENSITIVITY IS VARIED BY ADJUSTING THE SUPPLY VOLTAGE (E) ACROSS VOLTAGE DIVIDER WHICH PROVIDES $\frac{1}{6}$ OF E BETWEEN CATHODE AND DYNODE N^o 1; $\frac{1}{12}$ OF E FOR EACH SUCCEEDING STAGE; AND $\frac{1}{12}$ OF E BETWEEN DYNODE N^o 10 AND ANODE.

TUBE TEMPERATURE = 25°C

DASHED PORTION INDICATES INSTABILITY



JUNE 18, 1952

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-7814

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

10-STAGE, HEAD-ON TYPE WITH
1-1/2" SEMI-TRANSPARENT CATHODE AND S-10 RESPONSE

DATA

General:

Spectral Response	S-10
Wavelength Range of Highest-Response Region . . .	3700 to 5600 angstroms
Cathode, Semi-transparent:	
Shape	Circular
Window:	
Area	1.8 sq. in.
Minimum Diameter	1.5 in.
Index of Refraction	1.51
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:	
Anode to Dynode No.10	4.2 $\mu\mu f$
Anode to All Other Electrodes	6.5 $\mu\mu f$
Overall Length	5-5/8" \pm 3/16"
Seated Length	4-7/8" \pm 3/16"
Maximum Diameter	2-1/4"
Mounting Position	Any
Bulb	T-16
Base	Medium-Shell Diheptal 14-Pin, Non-hygrosopic (JETEC No.814-38)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 14M1

Pin 1 - Dynode No.1
 Pin 2 - Dynode No.2
 Pin 3 - Dynode No.3
 Pin 4 - Dynode No.4
 Pin 5 - Dynode No.5
 Pin 6 - Dynode No.6
 Pin 7 - Dynode No.7
 Pin 8 - Dynode No.8

DIRECTION OF LIGHT:
INTO END OF BULB

Pin 9 - Dynode No.9
 Pin 10 - Dynode No.10
 Pin 11 - Anode
 Pin 12 - No Connection
 Pin 13 - Internal Con.
 Do Not Use
 Pin 14 - Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC) ^a . . .	1250 max. volts
SUPPLY VOLTAGE BETWEEN DYNODE No.10 AND ANODE (DC or Peak AC) . . .	150 max. volts
ANODE CURRENT:	
Peak	7.5 max. ma
Average ^b	0.75 max. ma
Average for Minimum Fatigue ^b	0.1 max. ma
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75 max. °C

^a Referred to cathode.^b Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.



6217

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

CHARACTERISTICS RANGE VALUES FOR EQUIPMENT DESIGN

Under conditions with supply voltage (E) across voltage divider providing $1/6$ of E between cathode and dynode No. 1; $1/12$ of E for each succeeding dynode stage; and $1/12$ of E between dynode No. 10 and anode

With $E = 1000$ volts (except as noted)

	Min.	Ave.	Max.	
Sensitivity:				
Anode, at 5400 angstroms	-	8500	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous:				
Anode: At 0 cps	10	24	-	amp/lumen
At 100 Mc	-	21	-	amp/lumen
Cathode:				
With Tungsten Light Source● .	20	40	-	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$
With Red-Infrared Light Source#◆ .	0.05	-	-	μamp
Current Amplification■ .	-	600000	-	
Equivalent Anode-Dark- Current Input** .	-	1×10^{-8}	2.5×10^{-8}	lumen/lumen
Equivalent Noise Input## .	-	4×10^{-11}	-	lumen/lumen

With $E = 750$ volts (except as noted)

	Min.	Ave.	Max.	
Sensitivity:				
Anode, at 5400 angstroms	-	850	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous:				
Anode: At 0 cps	-	2.4	-	amp/lumen
Cathode:				
With Tungsten . . Light Source● .	20	40	-	$\mu\text{amp/lumen}$
With Red-Infrared Light Source#◆ .	0.05	-	-	μamp
Current Amplification■ .	-	60000	-	

* For conditions where the light source is a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 2870°K . A light input of 10 microlumens is used. The load resistor has a value of 0.01 meghm.

● For conditions the same as shown under (*) except that the value of light flux is 0.01 lumen and that 150 volts are applied between cathode and all other electrodes connected together as anode.

Under the following conditions: Light incident on the cathode is transmitted through a red-infrared filter (combination of Corning, Glass Code Nos. 3482 and 5850 filters) from a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 2870°K . The value of light-flux on the filter is 0.1 lumen. The load resistor has a value of 0.01 meghm, and 150 volts are applied between cathode and all other electrodes connected together as anode. This test evaluates the magnitude of the infrared response in the tail of the response characteristic and provides a critical criterion for the response in the red band.

●, ■, #, #: See next page.

NOV. 1, 1952

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

TENTATIVE DATA 1



6217

6217

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

- ◆ For Spectral Characteristic of this source, see sheet SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF 2870°K LIGHT SOURCE AND SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF LIGHT FROM 2870°K SOURCE AFTER PASSING THROUGH INDICATED RED-INFRARED FILTER at front of this section.
- Ratio of anode sensitivity to cathode sensitivity under conditions of 2870°K tungsten light input.
- ** Defined as the quotient of the dc anode dark current by the anode luminous sensitivity. After tube has been in the dark for 30 minutes, the equivalent dark-current input is measured at a tube temperature of 25°C and with the supply voltage (E) adjusted to give an anode luminous sensitivity of 20 amperes per lumen. Dark current caused by thermionic emission and ion feedback may be reduced by the use of a refrigerant.
- ## Defined as the value where the rms output current is equal to the rms noise current determined under the following conditions: Supply voltage (E) is 1000 volts, 25°C tube temperature, ac-amplifier bandwidth of 1 cycle per second, tungsten light source of 2870°K interrupted at a low audio frequency to produce incident radiation pulses alternating between zero and the value stated. The "on" period of the pulse is equal to the "off" period. The output current is measured through a filter which passes only the fundamental frequency of the pulses.

OPERATING NOTES

Performance of the 6217 is affected by magnetic fields. It will be observed with certain orientations of the 6217 that the earth's magnetic field is sufficient to cause a noticeable decrease in the response of the tube. Therefore, it may be desirable to provide magnetic shielding for the 6217 particularly when it is to be used in a strong magnetic field.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-10 Response
is shown at the front of this Section

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS,
SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC,
and

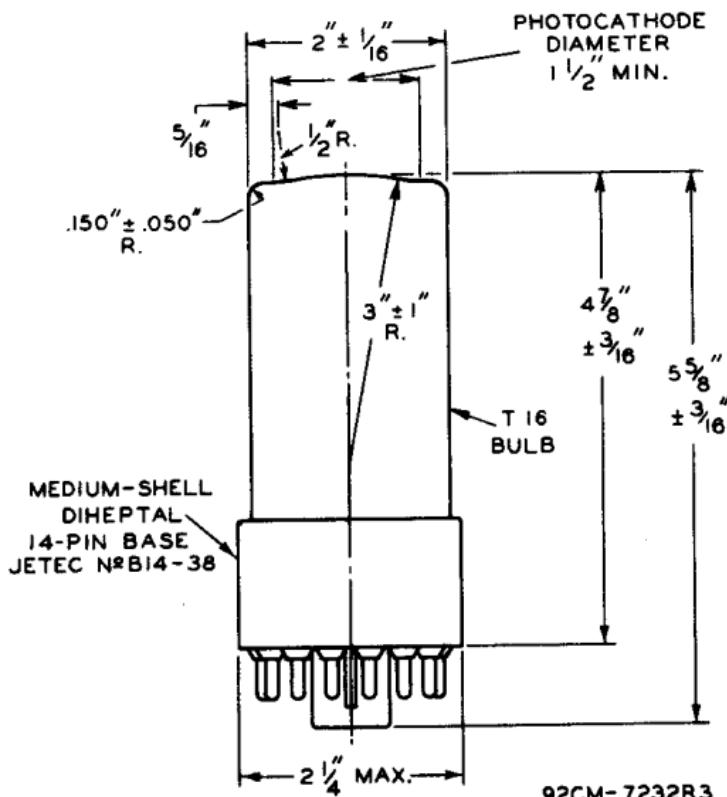
CURRENT AMPLIFICATION CHARACTERISTIC
are the same as those shown for Type 6199

6217



6217

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE



AXIS OF BULB WILL NOT DEVIATE MORE THAN 2°
IN ANY DIRECTION FROM THE PERPENDICULAR
ERECTED AT THE CENTER OF BOTTOM OF THE BASE.

NOV. 1, 1952

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

CE-7232R3



6328

6328

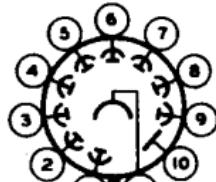
MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

9-STAGE TYPE WITH S-4 RESPONSE
FOR HEADLIGHT-CONTROL SERVICE

DATA

General:

Spectral Response	S-4
Wavelength of Maximum Response	4000 \pm 500 angstroms
Cathode:	
Minimum Projected Length*	15/16"
Minimum Projected Width*	5/16"
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:	
Anode to Dynode No.9	4.2 $\mu\mu f$
Anode to All Other Electrodes	5.5 $\mu\mu f$
Maximum Overall Length	3-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-11/16"
Length from Base Seat to Center of Useful Cathode Area	1-9/16" \pm 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	1-5/16"
Bulb	T-9
Mounting Position	Any
Base	Small-Shell Neosubmagnal 11-Pin, Non-hygrosopic (JETEC No.B11-104)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	11K
Pin 1: Dynode No.1	Pin 7: Dynode No.7
Pin 2: Dynode No.2	Pin 8: Dynode No.8
Pin 3: Dynode No.3	Pin 9: Dynode No.9
Pin 4: Dynode No.4	Pin 10: Anode
Pin 5: Dynode No.5	Pin 11: Cathode
Pin 6: Dynode No.6	



DIRECTION OF LIGHT

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC)	1250 max. volts
SUPPLY VOLTAGE BETWEEN DYNODE No.9 AND ANODE (DC or Peak AC)	250 max. volts
AVERAGE ANODE CURRENT ^o	0.1 max. ma
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75 max. °C

* On plane perpendicular to the indicated direction of light (see Dimensional Outline).

^o Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

MARCH 1, 1954

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

TENTATIVE DATA

6328



6328

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

Characteristics Range Values for Equipment Design:

Under conditions with supply voltage (E) across voltage divider providing $1/10$ of E between cathode and dynode No. 1; $1/10$ of E for each succeeding dynode stage; and $1/10$ of E between dynode No. 9 and anode.

With $E = 1000$ volts

	Min.	Ave.	Max.	
Sensitivity:				
Radiant, at 4000 angstroms	-	32500	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous: [▲]				
At 0 cps	5	35	250	amp/lumen
At 100 Mc	-	33	-	amp/lumen
Electrode Dark Current (At 25°C):				
Anode	-	-	0.1	μamp
Any other electrode . . .	-	-	0.75	μamp

▲ For conditions where the light source is a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 2870°K. A light input of 10 microlumens is used. The load resistor has a value of 0.01 megohm.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

The operating stability of the 6328 is dependent on the magnitude of the anode current and its duration. When the 6328 is operated at high values of anode current, a drop in sensitivity (sometimes called fatigue) may be expected. The extent of the drop below the tabulated sensitivity values depends on the severity of the operating conditions. After a period of idleness, the 6328 usually recovers a substantial percentage of such loss in sensitivity.

The use of an average anode current well below the maximum rated value of 0.1 millampere is recommended when stability of operation is important. When maximum stability is required, the anode current should not exceed 10 microamperes.

A recommended design of voltage-divider network for use with the 6328 to provide stable operation and long tube life is shown in the accompanying circuit. This design provides linear operation within the range normally required for dimming. At higher light levels, the network redesign limits the tube output to a safe value. The indicated design values provide dimming operation for an anode current in the range between 5 and 10 microamperes.

MARCH 1, 1954

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

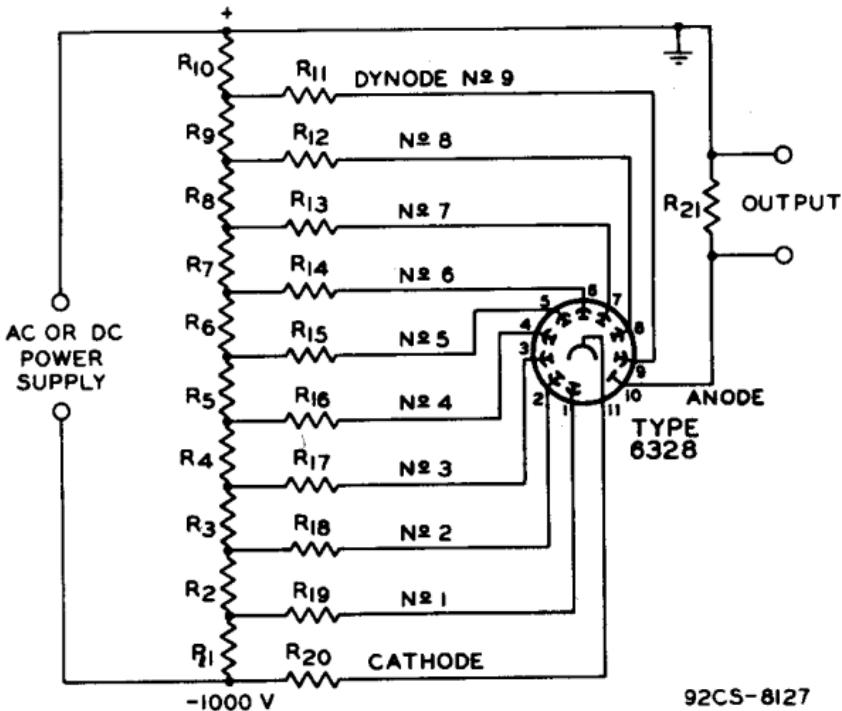
TENTATIVE DATA



6328

6328

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

RECOMMENDED VOLTAGE-DIVIDER NETWORK FOR USE
WITH TYPE 6328 IN HEADLIGHT DIMMING SERVICE

92CS-8127

R1 R2 R3 R4 R5

R6 R7 R8 R9 R10: 1 megohm, 1/2 watt

R11: 2 megohms, 1/2 watt

R12: 5.1 megohms, 1/2 watt

R13 R14 R15 R16

R17 R18 R19 R20: 8.2 megohms, 1/2 watt

R21: 820,000 ohms, 1/2 watt

Devices and arrangements shown or described herein may use patents of RCA or others. Information contained herein is furnished without responsibility by RCA for its use and without prejudice to RCA's patent rights.

MARCH 1, 1954

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

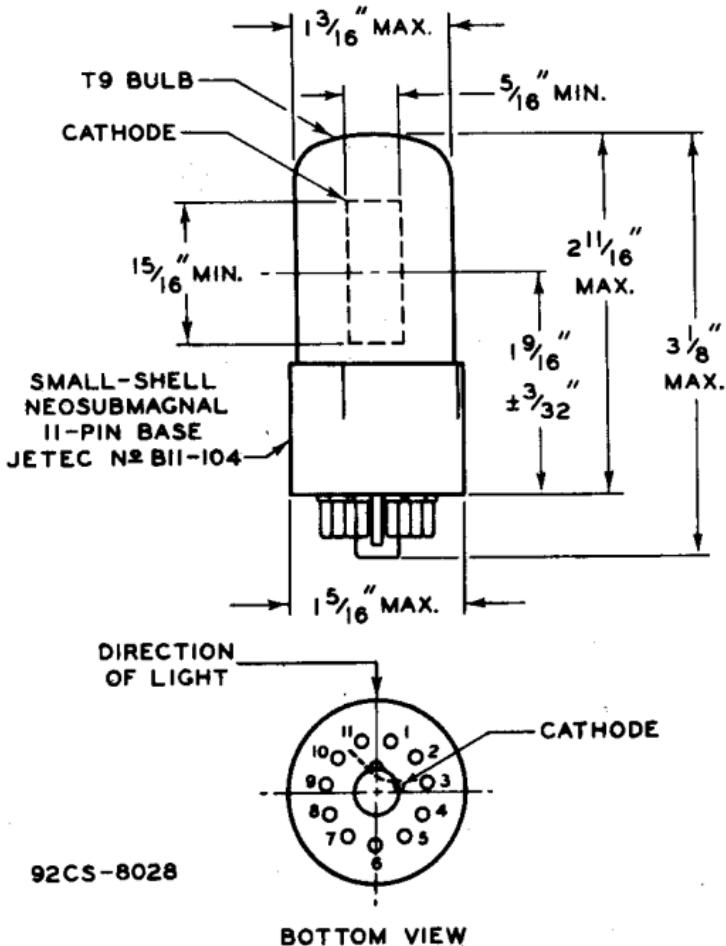
CE-8127

6328



6328

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE



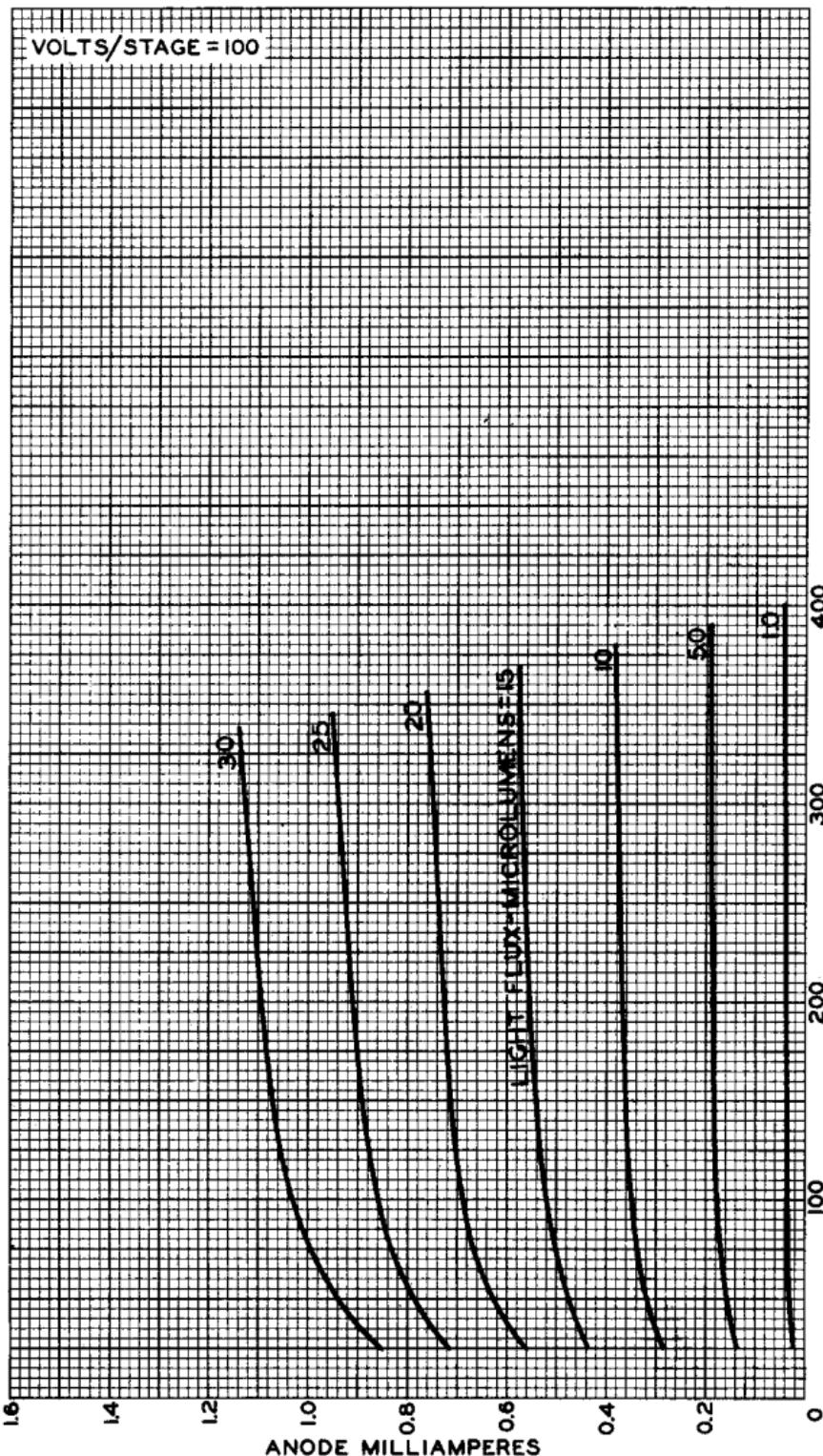
OF BULB WILL NOT DEVIATE MORE THAN 2° IN ANY DIRECTION FROM THE PERPENDICULAR ERECTED AT THE CENTER OF BOTTOM OF THE BASE.

NOTE: THE MAXIMUM ANGULAR VARIATION BETWEEN THE PLANE THROUGH PINS No. I AND No. II AND THE PLANE OF THE GRILL WILL NOT EXCEED 6° .



6328

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



JULY 1, 1953

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-8029

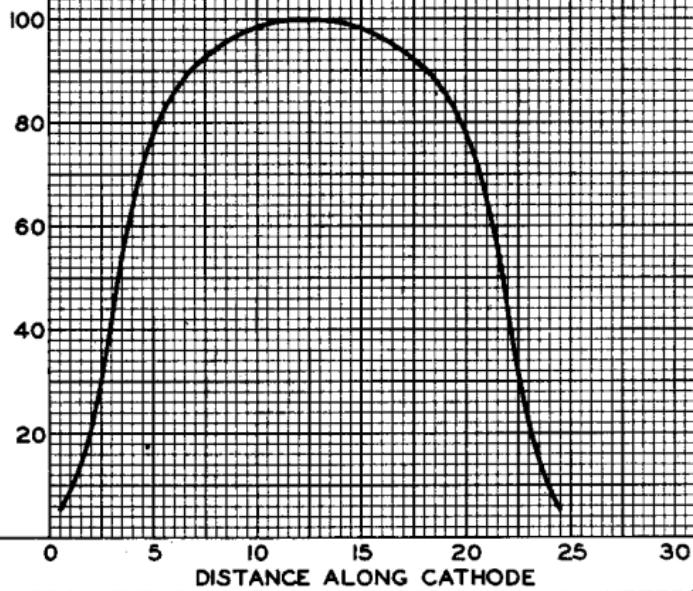
6328



6328

VARIATION IN SENSITIVITY OF
PHOTOCATHODE ALONG ITS LENGTH

SPOT SIZE: 1 MM APPROX.

VARIATIONS CAUSED BY INTERCEPTION
OF LIGHT BY GRILL AS WELL AS
SURFACE IRREGULARITIES HAVE BEEN
IGNORED

MAR.18,1954 TUBE DEPARTMENT 92CM-7663RI
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

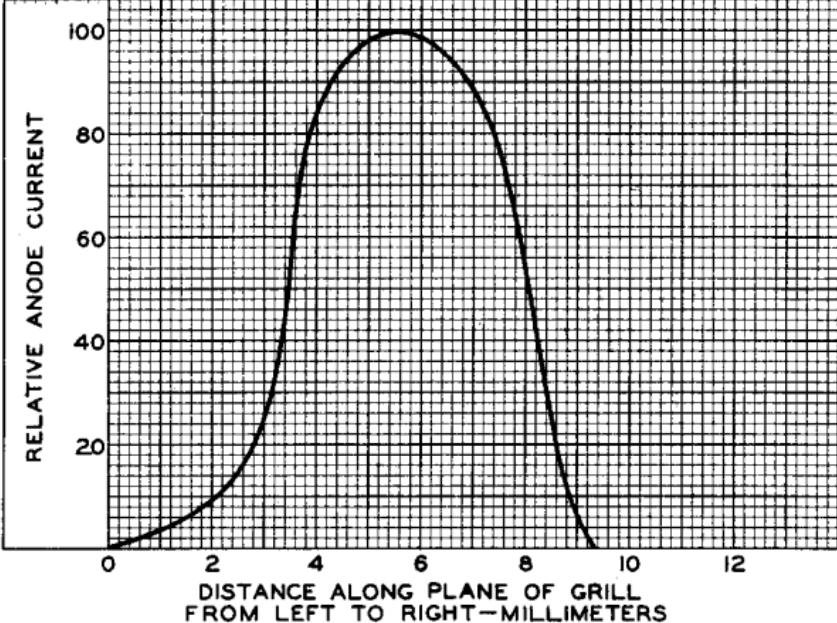
RCA

6328

6328

VARIATION IN SENSITIVITY OF PHOTOCATHODE ACROSS ITS PROJECTED WIDTH IN PLANE OF GRILL

SPOT SIZE: 1 MM APPROX.
GRILL TOWARD OBSERVER, BASE DOWN
CATHODE WIDTH PROJECTED NORMAL
TO PLANE OF GRILL
VARIATIONS CAUSED BY INTERCEPTION
OF LIGHT BY GRILL AS WELL AS
SURFACE IRREGULARITIES HAVE BEEN
IGNORED



MAR. 18, 1954

DISTANCE ALONG PLANE OF GRILL
FROM LEFT TO RIGHT-MILLIMETERS

TUBE DEPARTMENT

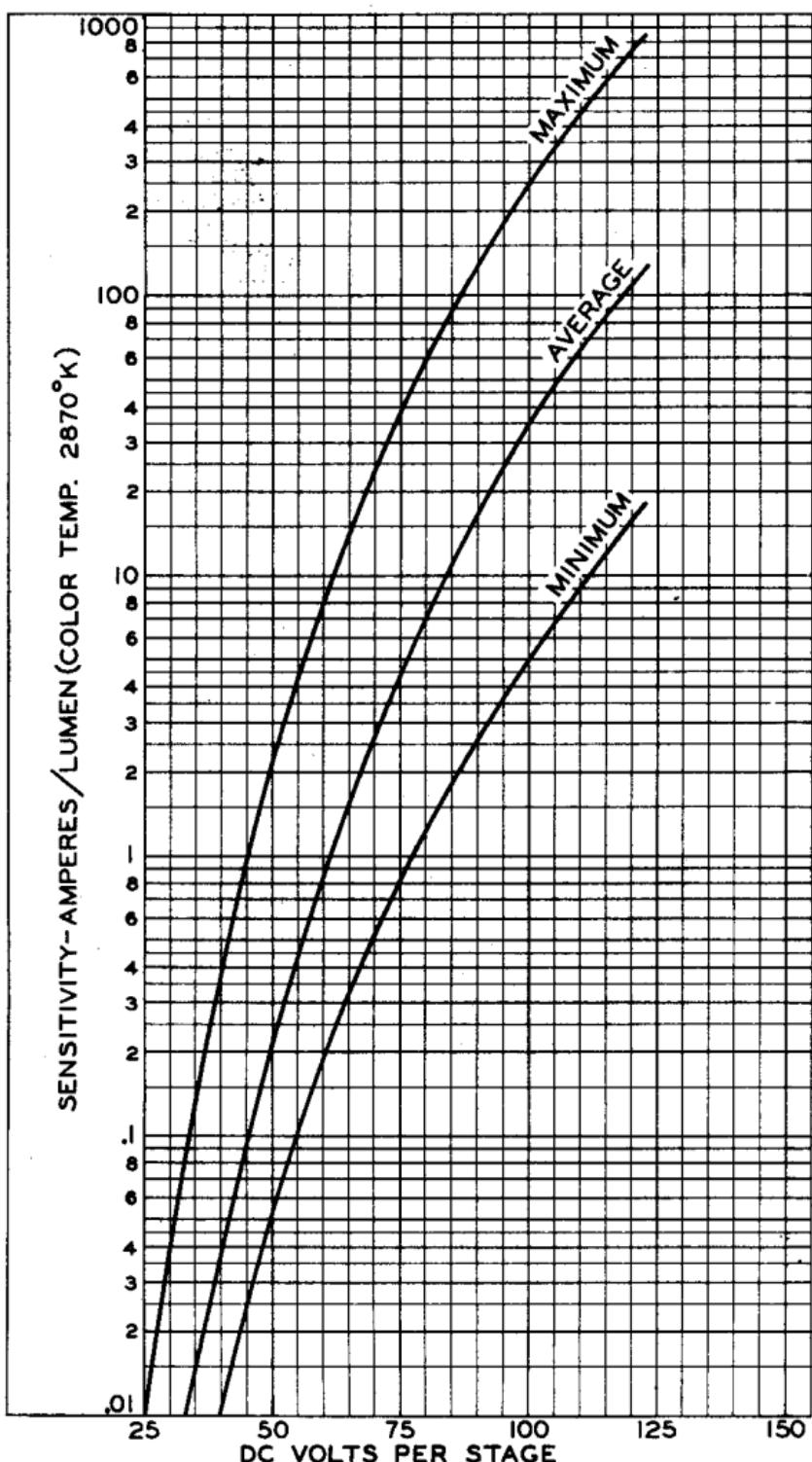
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-7667RI

6328

RCA
6328

RANGE OF LUMINOUS SENSITIVITY



JUNE 29, 1953

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CL-8027



6342

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

10-STAGE, HEAD-ON TYPE WITH
1-1/2" SEMITRSPARENT CATHODE AND S-4 RESPONSE

DATA

General:

Spectral Response	S-4			
Wavelength of Maximum Response	4000±500 angstroms			
Cathode, Semitransparent:				
Shape				
Window:		Circular		
Area	1.8	sq. in.		
Minimum Diameter	1.5	in.		
Index of Refraction	1.51			
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):				
Anode to Dynode No.10	4.4	μf		
Anode to All Other Electrodes	7.0	μf		
Overall Length	5-5/8"	\pm 3-16"		
Seated Length	4-7/8"	\pm 3/16"		
Maximum Diameter	2-1/4"			
Bulb	T-16			
Mounting Position	Any			
Base	Medium-Shell Diheptal 14-Pin, Non-hygrosopic (JETEC No. B14-38)			

BOTTOM VIEW

Pin 1: Dynode No.1
 Pin 2: Dynode No.2
 Pin 3: Dynode No.3
 Pin 4: Dynode No.4
 Pin 5: Dynode No.5
 Pin 6: Dynode No.6
 Pin 7: Dynode No.7
 Pin 8: Dynode No.8



Pin 9: Dynode No.9
 Pin 10: Dynode No.10
 Pin 11: Anode
 Pin 12: Internal Con.-
 Do Not Use
 Pin 13: Focusing
 Electrode
 Pin 14: Cathode

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC) . . .	1500	max. volts
SUPPLY VOLTAGE BETWEEN DYNODE No.10 AND ANODE (DC or Peak AC)	150	max. volts
SUPPLY VOLTAGE BETWEEN CATHODE AND DYNODE No.1 (DC or Peak AC)	400	max. volts
FOCUSING-ELECTRODE VOLTAGE (DC or Peak AC) .	400	max. volts
AVERAGE ANODE CURRENT*	2	max. ma
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75	max. °C

Characteristics Range Values for Equipment Design:

Under conditions with supply voltage (E) across voltage divider providing 1/6 of E between cathode and dynode No.1; 1/12 of E for each succeeding dynode stage; and 1/12 of E between dynode No.10 and anode.

(continued on next page)

* Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

MARCH 1, 1954

TUBE DEPARTMENT

TENTATIVE DATA 1

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY



6342

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

With $E = 1250$ volts (except as noted) and
Focusing Electrode* connected to Dynode No. 1 at socket

	Min.	Ave.	Max.	
Sensitivity:				
Radiant, at				
4000 angstroms	-	7000	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Cathode Radiant,				
at 4000 angstroms	-	0.056	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous: [†]				
At 0 cps	3	7.5	-	amp/lumen
Cathode Luminous:				
With tungsten				
light source [▲]	40	60	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{lumen}$
With blue light				
source [●]	0.04	-	-	μamp
Current Amplification .	-	125000	-	
Equivalent Anode-Dark-				
Current Input [■]	-	2×10^{-10}	2×10^{-9}	lumen
Equivalent Noise Input [★]		7×10^{-12}	-	lumen

With $E = 1500$ volts (except as noted) and
Focusing Electrode* connected to Dynode No. 1 at socket

	Min.	Ave.	Max.	
Sensitivity:				
Radiant, at				
4000 angstroms	-	33600	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Cathode Radiant,				
at 4000 angstroms	-	0.056	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\mu\text{watt}$
Luminous: [†]				
At 0 cps	-	35	-	amp/lumen
Cathode Luminous:				
With tungsten				
light source [▲]	40	60	-	$\mu\text{amp}/\text{lumen}$
With blue light				
source [●]	0.04	-	-	μamp
Current Amplification .	-	600000	-	

* In general, the focusing electrode is connected to dynode No. 1 at the socket and operated at the same fixed potential as dynode No. 1. However, in applications critical as to magnitude, uniformity, or speed of the response, the focusing electrode may be connected to the adjustable arm of a potentiometer between cathode and dynode No. 1 in the voltage divider, and operated at an optimum potential within a range of 10 to 60 per cent of the dynode-No. 1 potential.

† For conditions where the light source is a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 2870°K. A light input of 10 microlumens is used. The load resistor has a value of 0.01 megohm.

▲ For conditions the same as shown under (†) except that the value of light flux is 0.01 lumen and 200 volts are applied between cathode and all other electrodes connected together as anode.

◆ For spectral characteristic of this source, see sheet SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF 2870°K LIGHT SOURCE AND SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF LIGHT FROM 2870°K SOURCE AFTER PASSING THROUGH INDICATED BLUE FILTER at front of this section.

●, ■, ▲, ★: See next page.

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TENTATIVE DATA 1



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MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

6342

- Under the following conditions: Light incident on the cathode is transmitted through a blue filter (Corning, Glass Code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness) from a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 2870K. The value of light flux on the filter is 0.01 lumen. The load resistor has a value of 0.01 megohm, and 200 volts are applied between cathode and all other electrodes connected together as anode.
- Measured at a tube temperature of 25°C and with the supply voltage (E) adjusted to give a luminous sensitivity of 20 amperes per lumen. Dark current caused by thermionic emission and ion feedback may be reduced by the use of a refrigerant.
- For maximum signal-to-noise ratio, operation with a supply voltage (E) below 1250 volts is recommended.
- * Under the following conditions: Supply voltage (E) is 1250 volts, 25°C tube temperature, ac-amplifier bandwidth of 1 cycle per second, tungsten light source of 2870K interrupted at a low audio frequency to produce incident radiation pulses alternating between zero and the value stated. The "on" period of the pulse is equal to the "off" period. The output current is measured through a filter which passes only the fundamental frequency of the pulses.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

The operating stability of the 6342 is dependent on the magnitude of the anode current and its duration. When the 6342 is operated at high values of anode current, a drop in sensitivity (sometimes called fatigue) may be expected. The extent of the drop below the tabulated sensitivity values depends on the severity of the operating conditions. After a period of idleness, the 6342 usually recovers a substantial percentage of such loss in sensitivity.

The use of an average anode current well below the maximum rated value of 2 milliamperes is recommended when stability of operation is important. When maximum stability is required, the anode current should not exceed 250 microamperes.

Electrostatic and/or magnetic shielding of the 6342 may be necessary.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
of Phototube having S-4 Response
is shown at the front of this Section

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TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

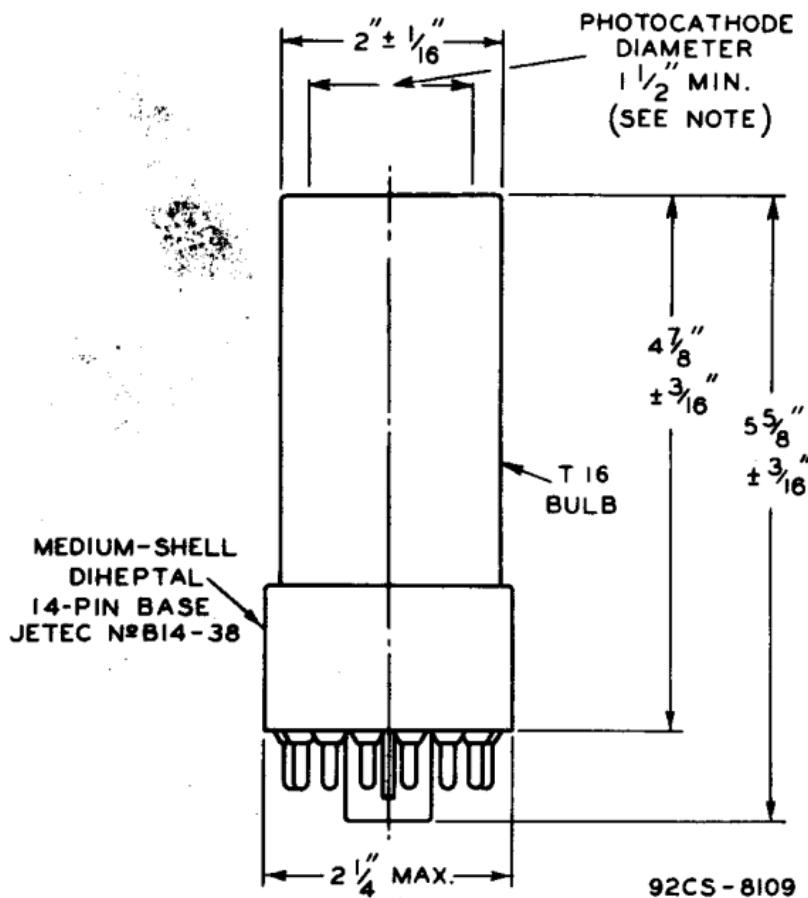
TENTATIVE DATA 2

6342



6342

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE



∠ OF BULB WILL NOT DEVIATE MORE THAN 2°
IN ANY DIRECTION FROM THE PERPENDICULAR
ERECTED AT THE CENTER OF BOTTOM OF THE BASE.

NOTE: WITHIN MINIMUM DIAMETER, DEVIATION FROM FLATNESS WILL NOT EXCEED 0.010" FROM PEAK TO VALLEY.

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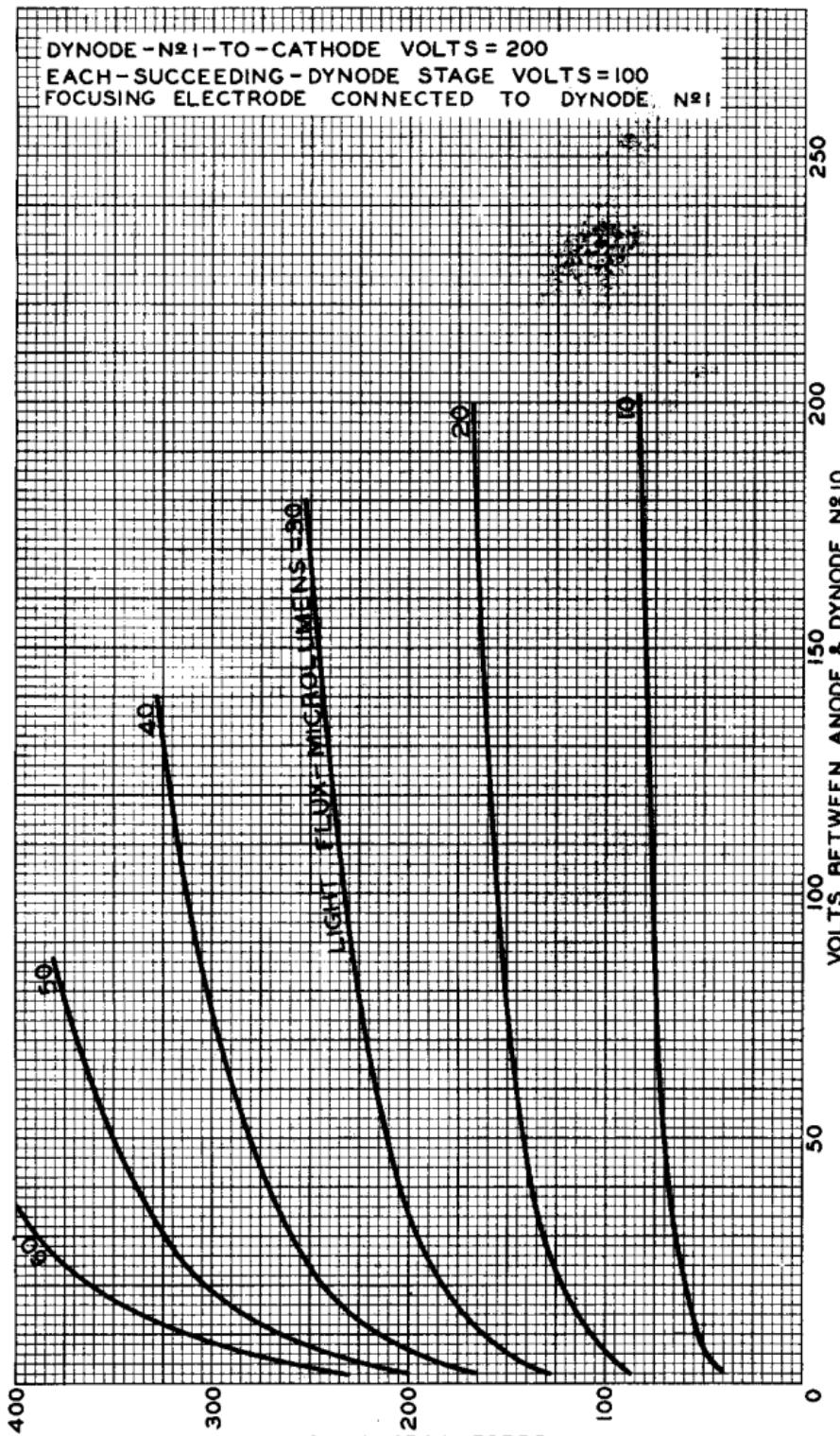
CE-8109

RCA

6342

AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS

DYNODE - N^o1 - TO - CATHODE VOLTS = 200
EACH - SUCCEEDING - DYNODE STAGE VOLTS = 100
FOCUSING ELECTRODE CONNECTED TO DYNODE, N^o1



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92CM-8125

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6342

TYPICAL ANODE-DARK-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC

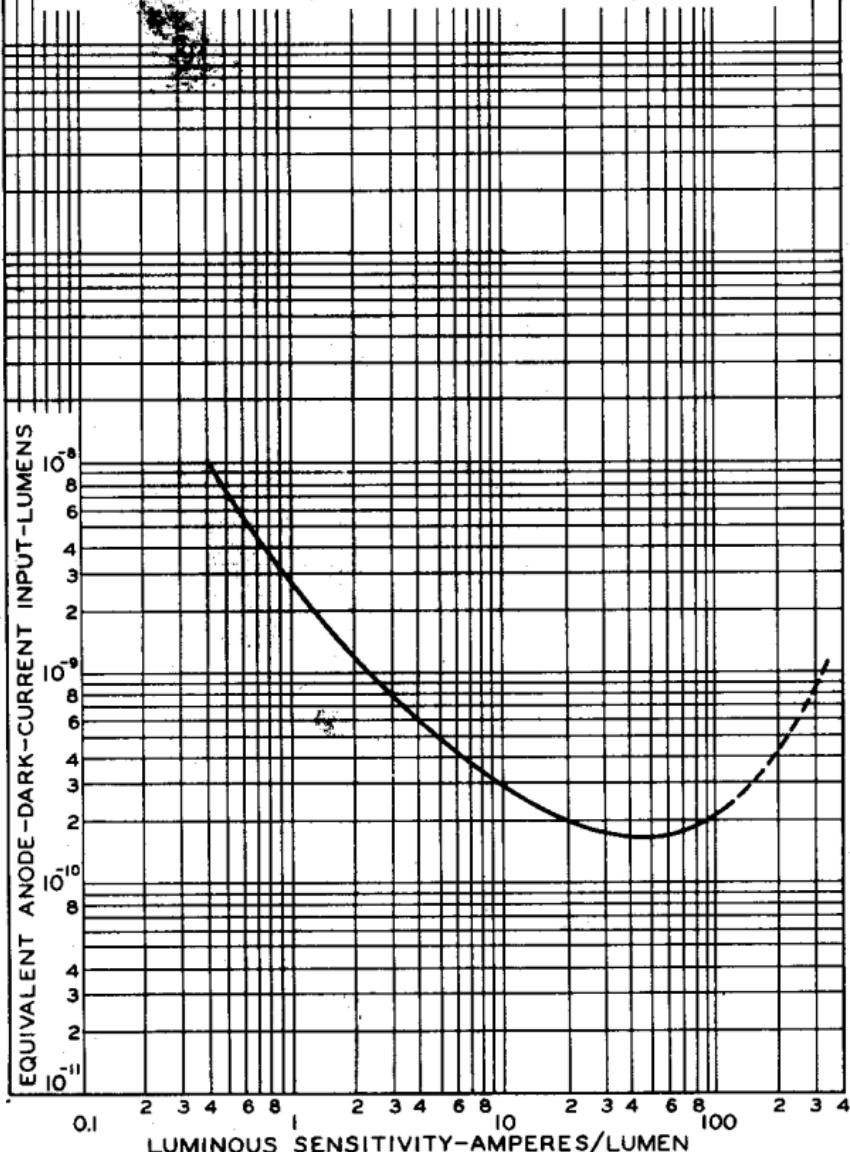
ANODE LUMINOUS SENSITIVITY IS VARIED BY ADJUSTING THE SUPPLY VOLTAGE (E) ACROSS VOLTAGE DIVIDER WHICH PROVIDES $\frac{1}{2}$ OF E BETWEEN CATHODE AND DYNODE No1; $\frac{1}{2}$ OF E FOR EACH SUCCEEDING STAGE; AND $\frac{1}{2}$ OF E BETWEEN DYNODE No10 AND ANODE.

FOCUSING ELECTRODE IS CONNECTED TO DYNODE No1

DASHED POSITION INDICATES INSTABILITY

LIGHT SOURCE IS A TUNGSTEN-FILAMENT LAMP OPERATED AT A COLOR TEMPERATURE OF 2870°K.

TUBE TEMPERATURE = 25°C



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92CM-8124

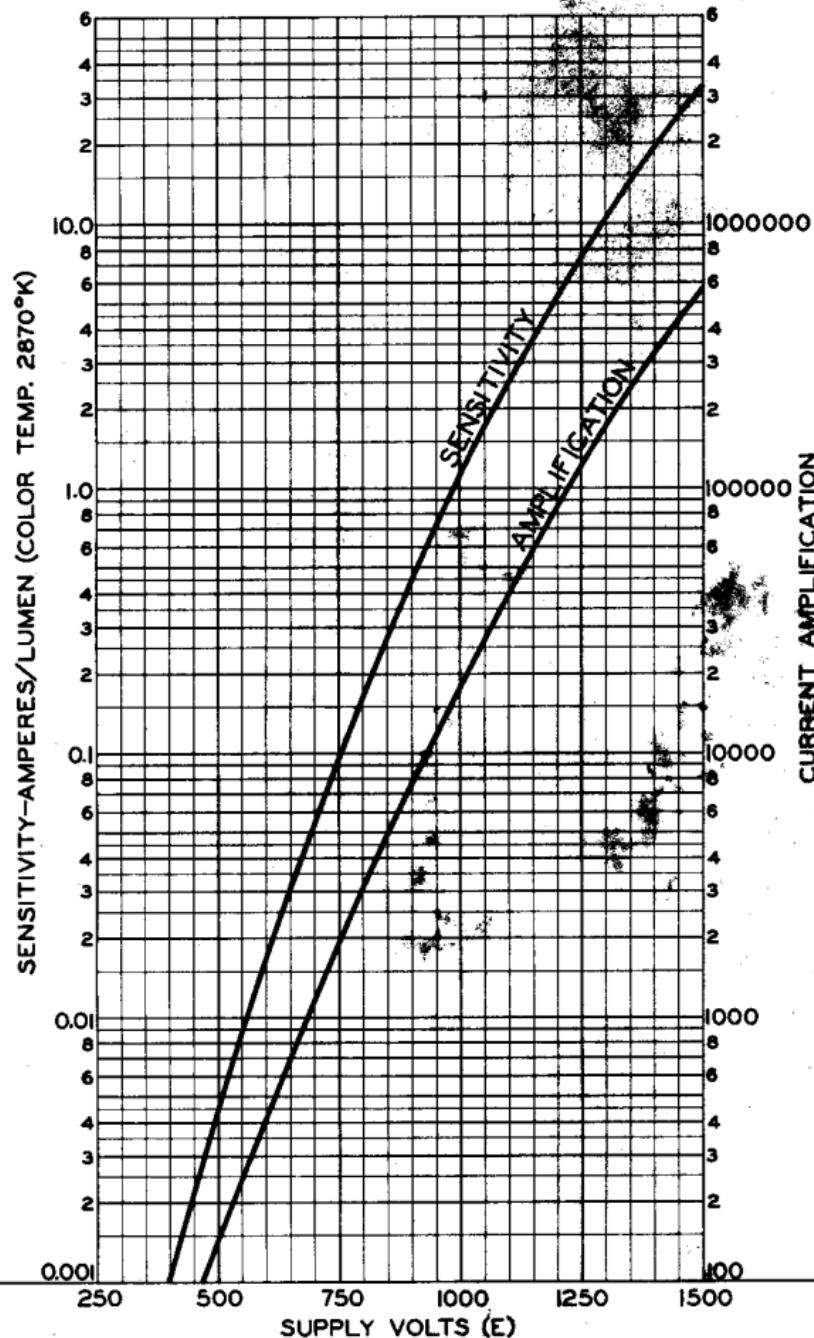
RCA

6342

6342

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

SUPPLY VOLTAGE (E) ACROSS VOLTAGE DIVIDER PROVIDING $\frac{1}{6}$ OF E BETWEEN CATHODE AND DYNODE N^o1, $\frac{1}{6}$ OF E FOR EACH SUCCEEDING DYNODE STAGE; AND $\frac{1}{6}$ OF E BETWEEN DYNODE N^o10 AND ANODE.
FOCUSING ELECTRODE IS CONNECTED TO DYNODE N^o1



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92CL-8123