



# VOLTAGE STABILISER SINGLE GAP

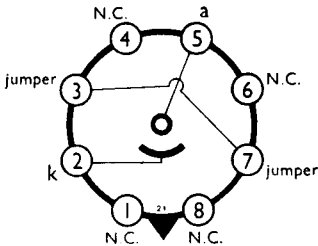
**QS150/40**  
**QS75/40**

**NOVEMBER, 1954**

The QS150/40 is a commercial equivalent of CV216, and a direct equivalent of the American type VR150/30 (OD3).

The QS75/40 is a commercial equivalent of CV1895, and a direct equivalent of the American type VR75/30 (OA3).

## BASE CONNECTIONS AND TUBE DIMENSIONS



View from underside  
of base.

Base : International Octal.  
Bulb : Dome top pear.

Overall length : 105 mm.  
Seated length : 90 mm.  
Max. diameter : 39.5 mm.

## RATING

	QS75/40	QS150/40	
$V_{ign}$ (max.)	105	180	V
$V_{stab}$ (at $I_{tube} = 30$ mA)	$75 \pm 5$	$150 \pm_{-5}^{+10}$	V
$I_{tube}$ (max)	40	40	mA
$I_{tube}$ (min)	5	5	mA
Regulation ( $I_{tube}$ min.-max.)	6.5	5.5	V
Stability			%
	{ (100 hr. period)	$\pm 2$	}
	{ (1000 hr. period)	$\pm 2$	

*The QS75/40 which replaces the obsolete STV70/60 has a slightly higher operating voltage range ( $V_{stab}$ ), and a lower maximum tube current rating ( $I_{tube}$ ), than the latter type. The STV70/60 is no longer available.*

## OPERATION

The stabilisers require an ignition voltage greater than the stabilised voltage, and the supply should be not less than one and a half times the stabilised voltage. The ignition voltage must be applied to the tube through a series resistor to absorb the excess voltage after ignition and prevent a heavy discharge current through the tube. When calculating the value of series resistor, an ignition current of approximately 10 mA should be allowed in addition to the load current.

## CONNECTION

In order to safeguard other apparatus when the stabiliser is removed from circuit with the H.T. applied, pins 3 and 7 are strapped internally, so that they may be wired in series with the H.T. supply.

**QS150/40**

**QS75/40**