

THYRATRON

DESCRIPTION

The GL-3C23 is a negative-control thyatron for use in regulated-rectifier circuits. The mixture of inert-gas and mercury vapor provides constancy

of characteristic within wide temperature limits. The construction, however, enables the tube to withstand higher voltages than many gas-filled types.

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

These data are for reference only. For design information refer to specifications.

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Number of electrodes 3

Electrical

Cathode—Filamentary type

Filament voltage 2.5 volts

Filament current, approx. 7.0 amperes

Filament heating time, typical..... 15 seconds

Peak voltage drop, typical..... 16 volts

Approximate control characteristics

Anode voltage 25 100 500 volts

Grid voltage 0 -2.5 -4.5 volts

Anode-to-grid capacitance, approx. 1.8 micromicrofarad

Ionization time, approx. 10 microseconds

Deionization time, approx. 1000 microseconds

Mechanical

Net weight, approx. 3 ounces

Shipping weight, approx. 3 pounds

Mounting position vertical, base down

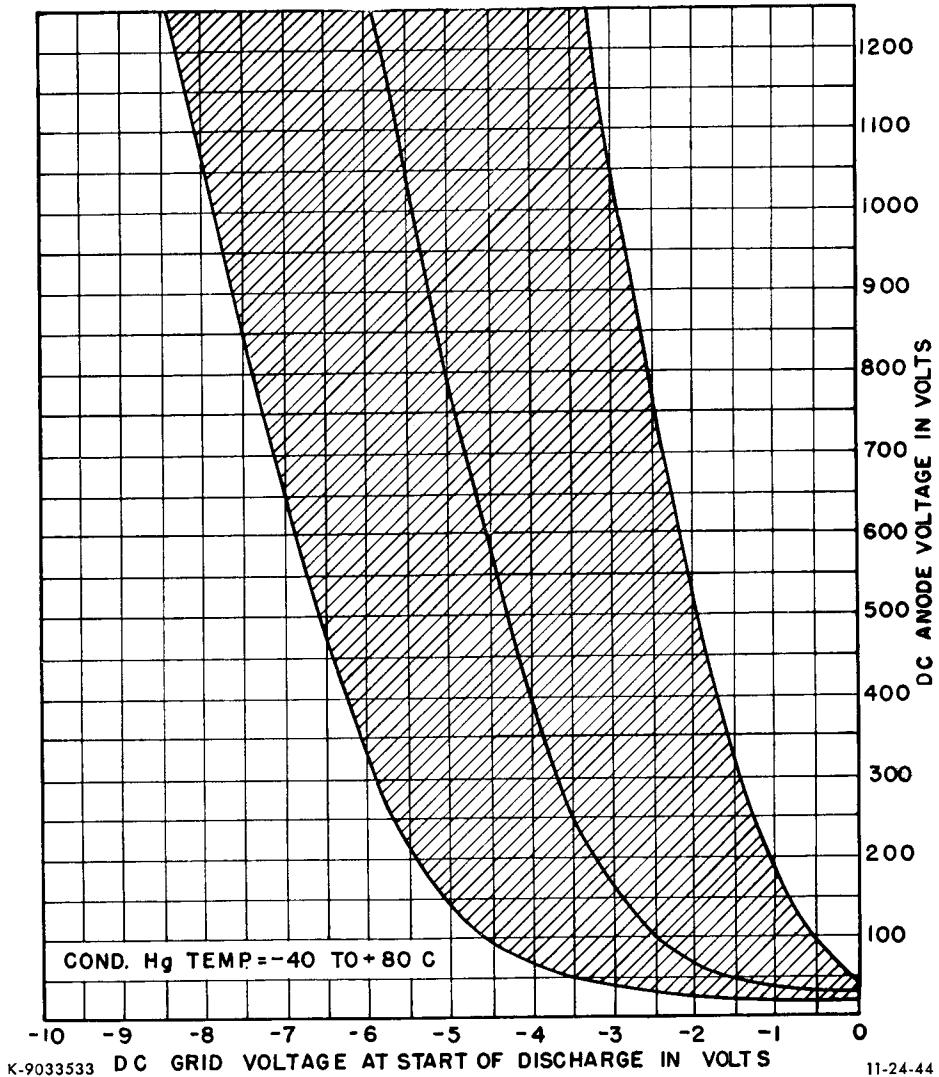


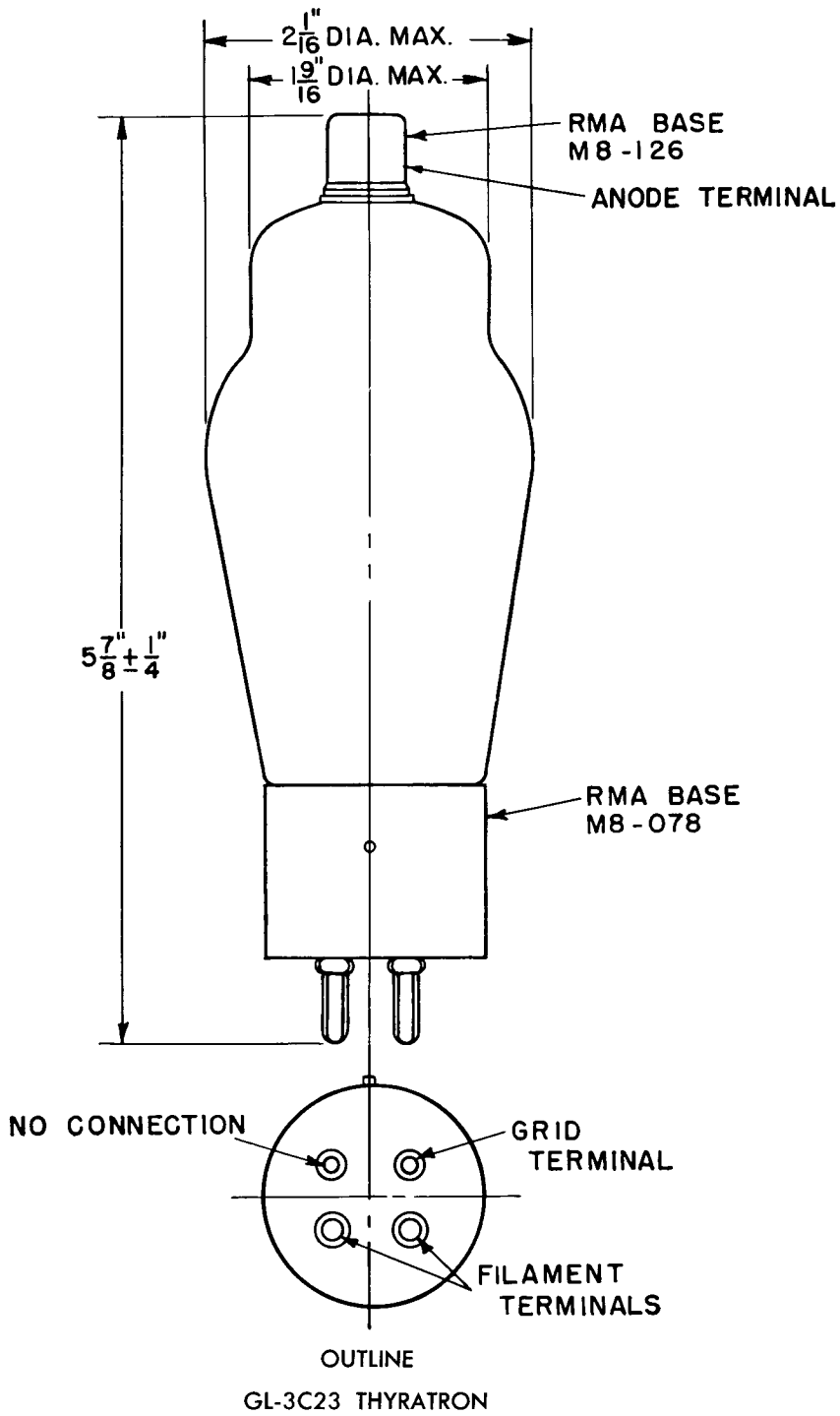
TECHNICAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Maximum peak anode voltage	
Inverse	1250 volts
Forward	1250 volts
Maximum negative grid voltage	
Before conduction	500 volts
During conduction	10 volts
Maximum anode current	
Instantaneous, 25 cycles and above	6.0 amperes
Instantaneous, below 25 cycles	3.0 amperes
Average, 210 to 400 cycles	1.0 ampere
Average, below 210 cycles	1.5 ampere
Surge, for design only	120 amperes
Duration of surge current	0.1 second
Maximum grid current	
Instantaneous	0.050 ampere
Average	0.010 ampere
Maximum time of averaging current	5 seconds
Temperature limits, condensed mercury	-40 to +80 centigrade
Recommended temperature, condensed mercury	+40 centigrade

THYRATRON GL-3C23
TYPICAL CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS
 SHADED AREA SHOWS RANGE OF CHARACTERISTIC





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